B.TECH. CIVIL ENGINEERING SYLLABUS

CREDIT BASED CURRICULUM

CENTRE FOR RURAL TECHNOLOGY THE GANDHIGRAM RURAL INSTITUTE (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY) GANDHIGRAM (2018 onwards)

THE GANDHIGRAM RURAL INSTITUTE – (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY) CENTRE FOR RURAL TECHNOLOGY 4 year Curriculum Structure Undergraduate Degree in Engineering & Technology Course: B.Tech Civil Engineering

I. INDUCTION PROGRAM (Mandatory- 3 weeks)

Induction program for students to be offered right at the start of the first year.

- Physical activity
 - Creative Arts
 - o Universal Human Values
 - o Literary
 - Proficiency Modules
 - Lectures by Eminent People
 - Visits to local Areas
- Familiarization to Dept./Branch & Innovation

II. SEMESTER WISE STRUCTURE OF CURRICULUM

(L- Lecture, T- Tutorials, P- Practicals & C- Credits)

- **CFA** Continuous Formative Assessment
- **ESE** End Semester Examination
- HSMC- Humanities & Social Sciences including Management
- BSC Basic Science Courses
- **ESC** Engineering Science Courses
- MC Mandatory Course

*Note: Passing minimum -50% in CFA and ESE

THE GANDHIGRAM RURAL INSTITUTE- DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY GANDHIGRAM -624302

TEMPLATE FOR OBE ELEMENTS

Name

: Dr.K.Mahendran

Designation & Department/ Centre: Professor & Director, Centre for Rural Technology

Academic Programme offered : B.Tech Civil Engineering

OBE Elements for B.Tech Civil Engineering programme

Programme Educational Objectives (PEO)

PEO 1: Students will gain the ability to identify, analyze, formulate, and solve different challenging of civil engineering problems.

PEO 2: Students will develop professional skills that prepare them for immediate employment or postgraduate study in Civil Engineering disciplines.

PEO 3: Students will develop abilities in the application of the necessary mathematical tools, scientific basics, and fundamental knowledge of civil Engineering.

PEO 4: To produce graduates who are prepared for life-long learning and successful careers as civil engineers.

PEO 5: Students will develop an understanding of the multidisciplinary approach and an ability to relate engineering issues to broader social and human context, in which their engineering contributions will be utilized.

PEO 6: Students will learn to communicate their ideas to be effective in collaboration with other members of civil engineering teams.

Program Outcome (PO)

PO1: Become knowledgeable in the subject of Civil Engineering and apply the principles of

the same to the needs of the Employer / Institution /Enterprise/ Society.

- PO2: Gain Analytical skills in the field/area of Civil Engineering
- **PO3:** Understand and appreciate professional ethics, community living and Nation Building initiatives
- **PO4:** Graduates of Civil Engineering Programme will be able to design and conduct experiments as well as to analyze and interpret data.
- **PO5:** Graduates of Civil Engineering will be able to use the techniques, skills, and modern civil engineering tools, necessary for engineering practice.
- **PO6:** Graduates of Civil Engineering Programme will be able to incorporate specific contemporary issues into the identification, formulation and solution of a specific Civil Engineering Problems.
- **PO7:** Graduates of Civil Engineering program will be able to work on the basis of broad education necessary to understand the impact of engineering solutions in a global, economic, environmental, and societal context.
- **PO8:** Graduates of Civil Engineering Programme will be able to understand the role of civil engineers and ethical responsibility.
- **PO9:** Graduates of Civil Engineering Programme will be able to function on multidisciplinary teams

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME (PSO)

- **PSO 1:** Apply the knowledge of Civil Engineering in the domain of Civil Engineering
- **PSO 2:** Solve the complex problems in the field of Civil Engineering with an understanding of the societal, legal and cultural impacts of the solution.
- **PSO3:** Plan, analyze, design, prepare cost estimates and execute all kinds of Civil Engineering Projects.
- **PSO4:** Apply modern construction techniques, equipment and management tools so as to complete the project within specified time and funds.
- **PSO 5:** Provide suitable solution to the Civil Engineering Problems.

Distribution of Credits

S.No	Category	Credits As Per AICTE	Allotted Credits in GRI
1	Humanities and Social Sciences including Management courses	12	12
2	Basic Science courses	26	26
3	Engineering science courses including workshop, drawing, basics electrical/mechanical/computer etc	29	32
4	Professional Core Courses	47	50
5	Professional Elective Courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch	23	23
6	Open Subjects – Electives from other technical and/or emerging subjects	11	11
7	Project work, seminar and internship in industry or appropriate work place/academic and research institutions in India/Abroad	12	12
8	Mandatory courses	-	-
	Total	160	166

		Humanit	ies and Social Sciences including	ng Ma	nagem	ent co	ourses			
				Hour	rs per V	Veek		Ma	rks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	HSMC	18ENGU01F1	English	2	-	2	2+1	40+30	60+20	150
2.	HSMC	18ENGU03F2	Effective Technical Communication	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
3.	HSMC	18BCEU0315	Civil Engineering – Societal and Global Impacts	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
4.	HSMC	18BCEU0524	Professional practice, Law and Ethics	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
5.	HSMC	18BCEU0203	Introduction to Civil Engineering	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
			Total	11	-	2	12			

			Basic Science con	ırses						
~ ~ ~ ~	~			Hour	s per V	Veek	~	Mar	·ks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	BSC	18BCEU01C1	Physics	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150
2.	BSC	18MATU01C1	Mathematics I	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
3.	BSC	18CHEU01C1	Chemistry	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150
4.	BSC	18MATU02C2	Mathematics-II	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
5.	BSC	18MATU03C3	Engineering Mathematics – III	2	1	-	3	40	60	100
6.	BSC	18BCEU0308	Biology for Engineers	2	1	-	3	40	60	100
7.	BSC	18BCEU0416	Life Science	1	-	2	1+1	20+30	30+20	100
			Total	17	6	6	26			

	Engineerin	ig science course	s including workshop, drawing,	basic	s elect	trical	/mechani	ical/comp	uter etc	
S NO	Category	Course Code	e Code Course Title Hours per Week		C	Marks		Total		
5.10	Category	Course Cour	Course Thie	L	Т	Р	C	CFA	ESE	Totai
1.	ESC	18BCEU0102	Engineering Graphics & Design	1	-	4	3	60	40	100
2.	ESC	18BCEU0204	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150
3.	ESC	18BCEU0205	Workshop Manufacturing Practices	1	-	4	1+2	60	40	100
4.	ESC	18CSAU02B1	Programming for Problem Solving	3	-	4	3+2	40+60	60+40	200
5.	ESC	18BCEU0206	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	1	-	2	2	60	40	100
6.	ESC	18BCEU0204	Basic Electronics	1	-	2	1 + 1	20+30	30+20	100
7.	ESC	18BCEU0308	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	-	4	40	60	100
8.	ESC	18BCEU0312	Energy Science and Engineering	1	1	-	2	40	60	100
9.	ESC	18BCEU0311	Mechanical Engineering	2	1	-	3	60	40	100
10.	ESC	18BCEU0423	Software Skill Development – I (Drafting Software)	-	-	-	1	50		50
11.	ESC	18BCEU0531	Software Skill Development – II (RS and GIS Software)	-	-	-	1	50		50
12.	ESC	18BCEU0636	Software Skill Development – III (Structural Analysis & Design Software and Management software)	-	-	-	1	50		50
	Total						32			

			Professional Core C	ourse	8					
				Hour	s per V	Veek		Ma	rks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	РСС	18BCEU0313	Engineering Geology	1	-	2	1+1	20+30	30+20	100
2.	РСС	18BCEU0530	Instrumentation and sensor Technologies for Civil Engineering applications	1	1	2	2+1	40+30	60+20	150
3.	РСС	18BCEU0314	Disaster Preparedness and Planning	1	1	-	2	40	60	100
4.	PCC	18BCEU0417	Introduction to Solid Mechanics	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
5.	PCC	18BCEU0418	Introduction to Fluid Mechanics	2	I	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
6.	PCC	18BCEU0419	Surveying and Geomatics	1	1	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
7.	РСС	18BCEU0420	Material Testing and Evaluation	1	1	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
8.	PCC	18BCEU0421	Survey Camp	-	-	-	1	50	-	50
9.	PCC	18BCEU0525	Geotechnical Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
10.	PCC	18BCEU0526	Structural Engineering	2	1	-	3	40	60	100
11.	PCC	18BCEU0527	Hydraulic Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
12.	PCC	18BCEU0528	Environmental Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
13.	PCC	18BCEU0529	Transportation Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150
14.	РСС	18BCEU0632	Hydrology and Water Resource Engineering	2	1	-	3	40	60	100
15.	PCC	18BCEU0633	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150
16.	РСС	18BCEU0634	Construction Engineering and Management	2	1	-	3	40	60	100
			Total	26	8	30	50			

	Professional Elective Courses relevant to chosen specialization/branch									
	~			Hours per Week			~	Ma	rks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	PEC-CE	18BCEU05EX	Professional Elective –I	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
2.	PEC-CE	18BCEU06EX	Professional Elective-II	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
3.	PEC-CE	18BCEU06EX	Professional Elective –III	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
4.	PEC-CE	18BCEU07EX	Professional Elective-IV	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
5.	PEC-CE	18bCEU07EX	Professional Elective –V	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
6.	PEC-CE	18BCEU07EX	Professional Elective-VI	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
7.	PEC-CE	18BCEU08EX	Professional Elective-VII	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
8.	PEC-CE	18BCEU08EX	Professional Elective-VIII	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
			Total	23			23			

		Open Subjects	– Electives from other techr	ical an	d/or er	nergiı	ng subj	ects		
	~			Hou	rs per V	Veek	~	Ma	rks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	OEC	-	Open Elective- I	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
2.	OEC	-	Open Elective- II	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
3.	OEC	18BCEU06OX	Open Elective- III	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
4.	OEC	18BCEU08OX	Open Elective- IV	2	-	-	2	40	60	100
			Total	11			11			

Proj	ect work, semi	nar and internshi	p in industry or appropriate India/Abroad	e work	place/a	acade	mic and	d research	institutio	ons in
<i>a</i>		~ ~ ~	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	Hour	s per V	Veek	7	Ma	rks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	PROJ	18BCEU0422	Internship-I*	-	-	-	1	50	-	50
2.	PROJ	18BCEU0635	Internship-II*	-	-	-	1	50	-	50
3.	PROJ	18BCEU0737	Project-I	-	-	8	4	60	40	100
4.	PROJ	18BCEU0838	Project-II	-	-	12	6	125	75	200
			Total			20	12			

			Mandatory cours	es						
				Hou	rs per V	Veek		Mai	rks	
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total
1.	МС	18GTPU0001	Gandhi's Life, Thought and work	2	-	-	-	50	0	50
2.	MC	18YOGU0001	Yoga Education	-	-	1	-	50	0	50
3.	MC	18BCEU0207	Summer Internship-I*	-	-	-	-	100	0	100
4.	МС	18NSSU0001/ 18SPOU0001/ 18FATU0001	NSS/Sports & Games/ Fine Arts	-	-	1	-	50	0	50
5.	МС		Village Placement Program (VPP)	-	-	-	-	50	-	50
6.	MC		Indian constitution/Traditional knowledge	2	-	-	-	50	-	50
			Total	4		2	-			
				•	-	•				

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (18BCEU0XEX)

I. (Construction Enginee	ring and Management
1.	18BCEU0XE1	Building Construction Practice
2.	18BCEU0XE2	Sustainable Construction Methods
3.	18BCEU0XE3	Infrastructure Planning and Management
4.	18BCEU0XE4	Repairs and Rehabilitation of Structures
5.	18BCEU0XE5	Materials Management
6.	18BCEU0XE6	Construction Technology
II.	Transportation Engi	neering
1.	18BCEU0XE7	Intelligent Transport System
2.	18BCEU0XE8	Airport Planning and Design
3.	18BCEU0XE9	Traffic Engineering Design and Management
4.	18BCEU0XE10	Railway Engineering
5.	18BCEU0XE11	Urban and Regional Planning
6.	18BCEU0XE12	Port and Harbour Engineering
7.	18BCEU0XE13	Pavement Materials
8.	18BCEU0XE14	Transportation Systems Planning
III.	. Environmental Engi	ineering
1.	18BCEU0XE15	Ecological Engineering
2.	18BCEU0XE16	Transport of water and Waste Water
3.	18BCEU0XE17	Environmental Laws and Policies
4.	18BCEU0XE18	Physico-Chemical Processes for Water and Waste Water Treatment
5.	18BCEU0XE19	Rural Water Supply and Onsite Sanitation Systems
6.	18BCEU0XE20	Air and Noise Pollution and Control
7.	18BCEU0XE21	Solid and Hazardous Waste Management
8.	18BCEU0XE22	Water and Air Quality Modelling
9.	18BCEU0XE23	Environmental Impact Assessment and Life Cycle Analyses
IV.	Hydraulics	
1.	18BCEU0XE24	Irrigation Engineering
2.	18BCEU0XE25	Pipeline Engineering
3.	18BCEU0XE26	Open Channel flow
4.	18BCEU0XE27	River Engineering
5.	18BCEU0XE28	Urban water Resource Management
6.	18BCEU0XE29	Ground water hydrology
V.	Hydrology & Water	Resources Engineering
1.	18BCEU0XE30	Water Resources systems Analysis
2.	18BCEU0XE31	Surface water Hydrology
3.	18BCEU0XE32	Remote sensing and GIS in water Resources
4.	18BCEU0XE33	Watershed conservation & Management
5.	18BCEU0XE34	Environmental Hydraulics
<u>VI.</u>	Structural Engineer	
1.	18BCEU0XE35	Finite Element analysis
2.	18BCEU0XE36	Fire Resistance of structures
3.	18BCEU0XE37	Safety of Structures
4.	18BCEU0XE38	Analysis and Design of Sub-Structures
5.	18BCEU0XE39	Industrial Structures
6.	18BCEU0XE40	Design of Storage Structures
7.	18BCEU0XE41	Structural Analysis by Matrix Method
8	18BCEU0XE42	Structural Analysis of Mathematical
Q.	18BCFU0YF/3	Structural Analysis-1
10		Di la Daiania
10.	10DUEUUAE44	Bridge Engineering
11.	18BCEU0XE45	Design of Concrete structures – I
12.	18BCEU0XE46	Design of Concrete structures – II

13.	18BCEU0XE47	Prestressed concrete
14.	18BCEU0XE48	Construction Engineering Materials
15.	18BCEU0XE49	Masonry Structures
16.	18BCEU0XE50	Basics of dynamics and aseismic design
17.	18BCEU0XE51	Reliability of Structures
18.	18BCEU0XE52	Smart Materials and smart structures
VII	. Geotechnical Engin	eering
1.	18BCEU0XE53	Ground Improvement Techniques
2.	18BCEU0XE54	Earthquake Resistant Design of foundation
3.	18BCEU0XE55	Foundation Engineering
4.	18BCEU0XE56	Geo-environmental engineering
5.	18BCEU0XE57	Rock Mechanics and Applications
6.	18BCEU0XE58	Soil Structures Interaction

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES

Open Elective III & IV

S.No	Course Code	OEC
1.	18BCEU0XO1	Architecture
2.	18BCEU0XO2	Building Services
3.	18BCEU0XO3	Contract law and Regulations
4.	18BCEU0XO4	Town and Country planning
5.	18BCEU0XO5	Cost Effective Construction Technology

	SEMESTER I (I Year) B.Tech Civil Engineering											
				Hours per Week				Ma				
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	C	CFA	ESE	Total		
1.	HSMC	18ENGU01F1	English	2	-	2	2+1	40+30	60+20	150		
2.	BSC	18BCEU01C1	Physics	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150		
3.	BSC	18MATU01C1	Mathematics I	3	1	-	4	40	60	100		
4.	BSC	18CHEU01C1	Chemistry	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150		
5.	МС	18GTPU0001	Gandhi's Life, Thought and work	2	-	-	-	50	-	50		
6.	ESC	18BCEU0102	Engineering Graphics & Design	1	-	4	3	60	40	100		
7. MC 18YOGU0001 Yoga Education				-	-	1	-	50	-	50		
	Total					11	20					

	SEMESTER II(I Year)												
			B.Tech Civil Engine	ering									
				Hours per Week				Ma	ırks				
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	C	CFA	ESE	Total			
1.	BSC	18MATU02C2	Mathematics-II	3	1	-	4	40	60	100			
2.	ESC	18BCEU0203	Introduction to Civil Engineering	2	-	-	2	40	60	100			
3.	ESC	18BCEU0204	Basic Electrical Engineering	3	1	2	4+1	40+30	60+20	150			
4.	ESC	18BCEU0205	Workshop Manufacturing Practices	1	-	4	1+2	60	40	100			
5.	ESC	18CSAU02B1	Programming for Problem Solving	3	-	4	3+2	40+60	60+40	200			
6.	ESC	18BCEU0206	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	1	-	2	2	60	40	100			
7.	MC	18BCEU0207	Summer Internship-I*	-	-	-	-	100	-	100			
8.	МС	18NSSU0001/ 18SPOU0001/ 18FATU0001	NSS/Sports & Games/ Fine Arts	-	-	1	-	50	-	50			
			Total	13	2	13	21						

	SEMESTER III (II Year) B.Tech Civil Engineering											
		Course		Hou	rs per '	Week		Ma	ırks	Tota		
S.NO	Category	Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Credit	CFA	ESE	1		
1.	BSC	18MATU03C 3	Engineering Mathematics – III (Transform & Discrete Mathematics)	2	1	-	3	40	60	100		
2.	BSC	18BCEU0308	Biology for Engineers	2	1	-	3	40	60	100		
3.	ESC	18BCEU0309	Basic Electronics	1	-	2	1 + 1	20+30	30+20	100		
4.	ESC	18BCEU0310	Engineering Mechanics	3	1	-	4	40	60	100		
5.	ESC	18BCEU0311	Mechanical Engineering	2	1	-	3	40	60	100		
6.	ESC	18BCEU0312	Energy Science and Engineering	1	1	-	2	40	60	100		
7.	PCC	18BCEU0313	Engineering Geology	1	-	2	1 + 1	20+30	30+20	100		
8.	PCC	18BCEU0314	Disaster Preparedness and Planning	1	1	-	2	40	60	100		
9.	HSMC	18ENGU03F 2	Effective Technical Communication	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
10.	HSMC	18BCEU0315	Civil Engineering – Societal and Global Impacts	2	-	-	2	40	60	100		
11.	MC 18EXNU03V Village Placement Program I (VPP)			-	-	-	-	50	-	50		
	Total				6	4	26					

	SEMESTER IV (II Year) B.Tech Civil Engineering												
~ ~ ~ ~ ~				Hour	s per `	Week		Ma					
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total			
1.	BSC	18BCEU0416	Life Science	1	-	2	1+1	20+30	30+20	100			
2.	РСС	18BCEU0417	Introduction to Solid Mechanics	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150			
3.	PCC	18BCEU0418	Introduction to Fluid Mechanics	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150			
4.	РСС	18BCEU0419	Surveying and Geomatics	1	1	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150			
5.	PCC	18BCEU0420	Material Testing and Evaluation	1	1	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150			
6.	PCC	18BCEU0421	Survey Camp	-	-	-	1	50	-	50			
7.	OEC	-	Open Elective- I	3	-	-	3	40	60	100			
8.	PROJ	18BCEU0422	Internship – I	-	-	-	1	100	-	100			
9.	ESC	ESC 18BCEU0423 Software Skill Development-I		-	-	-	1	50	-	50			
	Total 10 2 14 22												

	SEMESTER V (III Year)											
	•		B.Tech Civil Engin	neering	5							
G NO	G (Hou	rs per V	Week	G	Ma	rks	.		
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	C	CFA	ESE	Total		
1.	HSMC	18BCEU0524	Professional practice, Law and Ethics	2	-	-	2	40	60	100		
2.	PCC	18BCEU0525	Geotechnical Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150		
3.	PCC	18BCEU0526	Structural Engineering	2	1	-	3	40	60	100		
4.	PCC	18BCEU0527	Hydraulic Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150		
5.	PCC	18BCEU0528	Environmental Engineering	2	-	3	2+1.5	40+30	60+20	150		
6.	PCC	18BCEU0529	Transportation Engineering	2	1		3	40	60	100		
7.	РСС	18BCEU0530	Instrumentation and sensor Technologies for Civil Engineering applications	1	1	2	2+1	40+30	60+20	150		
8.	ESC	18BCEU0530	Software Skill Development-II	-	-	-	1	50	-	50		
9.	MC	18PSDU0501	Constitution of India	2	-	-	-	50	-	50		
	Total 15 3 11 22.5											

	SEMESTER VI (III Year) B.Tech Civil Engineering											
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per Week			С	Ma	Total			
Surve	oursery			L	Т	Р		CFA	ESE			
1	РСС	18BCEU0632	Hydrology and Water Resource Engineering	2	1	-	3	40	60	100		
2	PCC	18BCEU0633	Engineering Economics, Estimation & Costing	3	1	3	4+1.5	40+30	60+20	150		
3	PCC	18BCEU0634	Construction Engineering and Management	2	1	-	3	40	60	100		
4	OEC	-	Open Elective- II	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
5	OEC	18BCEU06OX	Open Elective- III	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
6	PEC-CE	18BCEU06EX	Professional Elective –I	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
7	PEC-CE	18BCEU06EX	Professional Elective-II	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
8	PROJ	18BCEU0635	Internship – II	-	-	-	1	100	-	100		
9	9 ESC 18BCEU0636 Software Skill Development- III		-	-	-	1	50	-	50			
			19	3	3	25.5						

	SEMESTER VII (IV Year) B.Tech Civil Engineering												
				Hours per Week				Ma					
S.NO	Category	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total			
1	PEC-CE	18BCEU07EX	Professional Elective- III	3	-	-	3	40	60	100			
2	PEC-CE	18BCEU07EX	Professional Elective- IV	3	-	-	3	40	60	100			
3	PEC-CE	18BCEU07EX	Professional Elective- V	3	-	-	3	40	60	100			
4	PEC-CE	18BCEU07EX	Professional Elective –VI	3	-	-	3	40	60	100			
5	PROJ	18BCEU0737	Project-I	-	-	8	4	60	40	100			
		12		8	16								

	SEMESTER VIII (IV Year) B.Tech Civil Engineering												
<i>a</i>	<i></i>		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	Hours per Week			~	Marks		.			
S.NO	Category Course Co		Course Title		Т	Р	С	CFA	ESE	Total			
1	PEC-CE	18BCEU08EX	Professional Elective – VII	3	-	-	3	40	60	100			
2	PEC-CE	18BCEU08EX	Professional Elective- VIII	2	-	-	2	40	60	100			
3	OEC	18BCEU08EX	Open Elective- IV	2	-	-	2	40	60	100			
4	PROJ	18BCEU0838	Project-II	-	-	12	6	125	75	200			
			Total	7	-	12	13						

I SEMESTER

Course Code & Title		18ENGU01F1 English	n
Class	I Year	Semester	Ι
	K-1:		
Cognitive Level	K-2: K-3:		
Course objectives	The Course aims To enable the st To help them comprehension, 	udents to acquire basic p to improve their skil writing and speaking.	proficiency in English and lls in reading, listening,

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
	Vocabulary Building	
	1.1 The concept of Word Formation	
	1.2 Root words from foreign languages and their use in	
Ι	English	
	1.3 Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign	
	Languages in English to form derivatives.	
	1.4 Synonyms, antonyms, and standard abbreviations.	
	Basic Writing Skills	
	2.1 Sentence Structures	
II	2.2 Use of phrases and clauses in sentences	
	2.3 Importance of proper punctuation	
	2.4 Creating coherence	
	Identifying Common Errors in Writing	
	3.1 Subject-verb agreement	
III	3.2 Noun-pronoun agreement	
	3.3 Misplaced modifiers	
	3.4 Articles and Prepositions	

	Nature and Style of sensible Writing	
	4.1 Describing	
IV	4.2 Defining and Classifying	
	4.3 Providing examples or evidence	
	4.4 Writing introduction and conclusion	
	Writing Practices	
	5.1 Comprehension	
	5.2 Précis Writing	
	5.3 Essay Writing	
	Oral Communication	
V	(This unit involves interactive practice sessions in Language Lab)	
	 Listening Comprehension Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues Communication at Workplace Interviews Formal Presentations 	
References	Text Books & Reference Books:	
	 Practical English Usage. Michael Swan. OUP. 1995. Remedial English Grammar. F.T. Wood. Macmillan.2007 On Writing Well. William Zinsser. Harper Resource Book. 2001 Study Writing. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasly. Cambridge University Press. 2006. Communication Skills. Sanjay Kumar and PushpLata. Oxford University Press. 2011. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO-1 Proficient in vocabulary building CO-2 Create strong sentence structure CO-3 Identifying the common errors in writing CO-4 Proficient in oral communication by pronunciation, listening comprehension, CO-5 The confident conversation by improving their speaking skills. 	

		РО								PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	
CO1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	
CO2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
CO3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CO4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	
CO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	

Mapping of Cos with PSOs & POs:

Course Code & Title	18BCEU01C1 Physics							
Class	I Year	Semester	Ι					
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:							
Course objectives	 The Course aims To develop cap the course of ca To study about and trusses. 	pacity to predict the effe arrying out the design fur the stresses and strains	ect of force and motion in actions of engineering. and their action on beams					

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Vector mechanics of particles Transformation of scalars and vectors under Rotation transformation; Forces in Nature; Newton's laws and its completeness in describing particle motion; Form invariance of Newton's Second Law; Solving Newton's equations of motion in polar coordinates; Problems including constraints and friction; Extension to cylindrical and spherical coordinates; Potential energy function; F = - Grad V; Conservative and non- conservative forces; Central forces; Conservation of Angular Momentum; Energy equation and energy diagrams; Elliptical, parabolic and hyperbolic orbits; Application: Satellite man oeuvres; No inertial frames of reference; Rotating coordinate system: Five-term acceleration formula — Centripetal and Coriolis accelerations; Applications: Weather systems, Foucault pendulum; Harmonic oscillator; Damped harmonic motion; Forced oscillations and resonance;	10
Π	Planar rigid body mechanics Definition and motion of a rigid body in the plane; Rotation in the plane; Kinematics in a coordinate system rotating and translating	5

	in the plane; Angular momentum about a point of a rigid body in planar motion; Euler's laws of motion, their independence from Newton's laws, and their necessity in describing rigid body motion; Examples; Introduction to three-dimensional rigid body motion — only need to highlight the distinction from two- dimensional motion in terms of (a) Angular velocity vector, and its rate of change and (b) Moment of inertia tensor; Three- dimensional motion of a rigid body wherein all points move in a coplanar manner: e.g. Rod executing conical motion with center of mass fixed — only need to show that this motion looks two- dimensional but is three-dimensional, and two-dimensional formulation fails.	
III	Statics: Free body diagrams with examples on modeling of typical supports and joints; Condition for equilibrium in three- and two- dimensions; Friction: limiting and non-limiting cases; Force displacement relationship; Geometric compatibility for small deformations; Illustrations through simple problems on axially loaded members like trusses.	5
IV	Mechanics of solids : Concept of stress at a point; Planet stress: transformation of stresses at a point, principal stresses and Mohr's circle; Displacement field; Concept of strain at a point; Plane strain: transformation of strain at a point, principal strains and Mohr's circle; Strain RoseOe; Discussion of experimental results on one- dimensional material behaviour; Concepts of elasticity, plasticity, strain hardening, failure (fracture / yielding); Idealization of one dimensional stress-strain curve; Generalized Hooke's law with and without thermal strains for isotropic materials; Complete equations of elasticity; Force analysis — axial force, shearforce, bending moment and twisting moment diagrams of slender members (without usingsingularity functions);	10
V	Torsion Torsion of circular shafts and thin-walled tubes (plastic analysis and rectangular shafts not to be discussed); Moment curvature relationship for pure bending of beams with symmetric cross-	10
	section; Bending stress; Shear stress; Cases of combined stresses; Concept of strain energy; Yield criteria; Deflection due to	30

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bo si us st lc	ending; Integration of the moment-curvature relationship for imple boundary conditions; Method of superposition(without sing singularity functions); Strain energy and complementary train energy for simple structural elements (i.e. those under axial bad, shear force, bending moment and torsion); Castigliano's	
tr	neorems for deflection analysis and indeterminate problems.	
Р	hysics: Mechanics of Solids	
L	ist of Exercise	
	1. Young's modulus of the materials of the beam by cantilever depression.	
	2. Thickness of any thin plates using single optical lever.	
	 Determinates of acceleration due to gravity & radius of gyration using compound pendulum. 	
	4. Spring constant	
	5. Test involving axial compression to obtain the stress – strain curve	
	6. Test involving axial tension to obtain the stress – strain curve and the strength	
	 Test involving torsion to obtain the torque vs. angle of twist and hence the stiffness 	
	8. Test involving flexure to obtain the load deflection curve and hence the stiffness	
	9. Tests on springs	
	10. Hardness tests (Brinell, Rokwell and Vicker)	
	11. Shear test (Single and Double)	
	12. Impact test (Charpy and Izod)	
	13. Verification of Maxwell's law of reciprocal theorem	

References	 Text Books & Reference Books: 1. Engineering Mechanics, 2nd ed. — MK Harbola 2. Introduction to Mechanics — MK Verma 3. An Introduction to Mechanics — D Kleppner & R Kolenkow 4. Principles of Mechanics — JL Synge & BA Gri_ths 5. Mechanics — JP Den Hartog 6. Engineering Mechanics - Dynamics, 7th ed JL Meriam 7. Mechanical Vibrations — JP Den Hartog 8. Theory of Vibrations with Applications — WT Thomson 9. An Introduction to the Mechanics of Solids, 2nd ed. with SI Units — SH Crandall, NCDahl & TJ Lardner 10. Engineering Mechanics: Statics, 7th ed. — JL Meriam Engineering Mechanics of Solids — EP Popov. 						
Course Out Comes	 On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to CO 1 illustrate the vectorial and scalar representation of forces and moments CO 2 analyze the rigid body in equilibrium CO 3 evaluate the properties of surfaces and solids CO 4 calculate dynamic forces exerted in rigid body CO 5 determine the friction and the effects by the laws of friction CO 6 Understand the concepts of stress and strain, principal stresses and principal planes. CO 7 Determine Shear force and bending moment in beams and understand concept of theory of simple bending. CO 8 Calculate the deflection of beams by different methods and selection of method for determining slope or deflection. CO 9 Apply basic equation of torsion in design of circular shafts and helical springs, . 						

Mapping of Cos with PSOs & POs

CO/DO	РО									PSO				
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
CO2	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
CO3	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
CO4	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
CO5	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
CO6	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0
CO7	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0
CO8	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0
CO9	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1
CO10	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1

Course Code & Title	18MATU01C1 Mathematics-I (Calculus, Multivariable calculus & Linear algebra						
Class	I Year	Semester	I				
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:						
Course objectives	The Cou	To apply advanced matrix knowled, To apply advanced matrix knowled, To equip themselves familiar with t variables. To familiarize with the applications To improve their ability in solving g differential calculus problems To expose to the concept of three di geometry.	ge to Engineering problems. the functions of several s of differential equations. geometrical applications of imensional analytical				

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Calculus Evolutes and involutes; Evaluation of definite and improper integrals; Beta and Gamma functions and their properties; Applications of definite integrals to evaluate surface areas and volumes of revolutions. Rolle's Theorem, Mean value theorems, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders; indeterminate forms and L'Hospital's rule; Maxima and minima.	12
Π	Sequences and series Convergence of sequence and series, tests for convergence, power series, Taylor's series. Series for exponential, trigonometric and logarithmic functions; Fourier series: Half rangesine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem.	10
III	Multivariable Calculus (Differentiation)	20

	Limit, continuity and partial derivatives, directional derivatives, total derivative; Tangent plane and normal line; Maxima, minima and saddle points; Method of Lagrange multipliers; Gradient, curl and divergence; Multivariable Calculus (Integration); Multiple Integration: double and triple integrals (Cartesian and polar), change of order of integration in double integrals, Change of variables (Cartesian to polar), Applications: areas and volumes by (double integration).	
IV	Matrices (in case vector spaces is not to be taught) Algebra of matrices, Inverse and rank of a matrix, rank-nullity theorem; System of linear equations; Symmetric, skew-symmetric and orthogonal matrices; Determinants; Eigen values and eigenvectors; Diagonalization of matrices; Cayley-Hamilton Theorem, Orthogonal transformation and quadratic to canonical forms.	22
V	Vector spaces Vector Space, linear dependence of vectors, basis, dimension; Linear transformations (maps), range and kernel of a linear map, rank and nullity, Inverse of a linear transformation, rank nullity theorem, composition of linear maps, Matrix associated with a linear map.	10
References	 Text Books & Reference Books: 1. T. Veerarajan, Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008. 2. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint, 2010. 3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010. 	

	5. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic								
	geometry, 9th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.								
	6. D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd								
	Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.								
	7. V. Krishnamurthy, V.P. Mainra and J.L. Arora, An								
	introduction to Linear Algebra, Affiliated East-West press,								
	Reprint 2005.								
	Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9 th								
	Edition John Wiley & Sons 2006								
	After completing this course, students should demonstrate								
	competency to:								
	CO 1 Use both the limit definition and rules of differentiation to								
	differentiate functions.								
	CO 2 Apply differentiation to solve maxima and minima								
	problems.								
	CO 3 Evaluate integrals both by using Riemann sums and by using								
Course Out	the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.								
Comes	CO 4 Apply integration to compute multiple integrals, area,								
	volume, integrals in polar coordinates, in addition to								
	change of order and change of variables.								
	CO 5 Evaluate integrals using techniques of integration, such as								
	substitution, partial fractions and integration by parts.								
	CO 6 Determine convergence/divergence of improper integrals								
	and evaluate convergent improper integrals.								
	CO 7 Apply various techniques in solving differential equations.								

	РО								PSO					
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1
CO2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1
CO3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
CO4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
CO5	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
CO6	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
CO7	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1

Mapping of Cos with PSOs & POs:

Course Code & Title	18CHEU01C1 Chemi	stry	
Class	I Year	Semester	Ι
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2:		
	K-3:		
Course objectives	 The Course aims To emphasized methods for in To give an overefining method To stress the inneeded to prote To make the seand other engine 	e the importance of idustrial applications, erview of various type ods, mportance of corrosio ect the metallic materi students understand th neering materials.	water and its treatment s of fuels including their n of metals and methods als, e need of high polymers

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Atomic and molecular structure Schrodinger equation. Particle in a box solutions and their applications for conjugated molecules and nanoparticles. Forms of the hydrogen atom wave functions and the plots of these functions to explore their spatial variations. Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules and plots of the multicentre orbitals. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomics. Pi-molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.	12
П	Spectroscopic techniques and applicationsPrinciples of spectroscopy and selection rules. Electronicspectroscopy. Fluorescence and its applications in medicine.	12

	 Vibrational and rotational spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. Applications. Nuclear magnetic resonance and magnetic resonance imaging, surface characterisation techniques. Diffraction and scattering. Intermolecular forces and potential energy surfaces Ionic, dipolar and van Der Waals interactions. Equations of state of real gases and critical phenomena. Potential energy surfaces of H₃, H₂F and HCN and trajectories on these surfaces. 	
Ш	Use of free energy in chemical equilibria Thermodynamic functions: energy, entropy and free energy. Estimations of entropy and free energies. Free energy and emf. Cell potentials, the Nernst equation and applications. Acid base, oxidation reduction and solubility equilibria. Water chemistry. Corrosion. Use of free energy considerations in metallurgy through Ellingham diagrams.	6
IV	Periodic properties Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies of atoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron affinity and electronegativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries, hard soft acids and bases, molecular geometries	4
V	StereochemistryRepresentations of 3 dimensional structures, structural isomers and stereoisomers, configurations and symmetry and chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity, absolute configurations and conformational analysis. Isomerism in transitional metal compoundsOrganic reactions and synthesis of a drug molecule Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings. Synthesis of a commonly used drug molecule.	38

	Choice of 1-10 experiments from the following:								
	 Determination of surface tension and viscosity Thin layer chromatography Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water Determination of chloride content of water Colligative properties using freezing point depression Determination of the rate constant of a reaction Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs Synthesis of a polymer/drug Saponification/acid value of an oil Chemical analysis of a salt Lattice structures and packing of spheres Models of potential energy surfaces Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible liquids Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal Use of the capillary viscosimeters to the demonstrate of the isoelectric point as the pH of minimum viscosity for gelatin sols and/or coagulation of the white part of egg 								
References									
	 Text Books & Reference Books: University chemistry, by B. H. Mahan Chemistry: Principles and Applications, by M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, by C. N. Banwell Engineering Chemistry (NPTEL Web-book), by B. L. Tembe, Kamaluddin and M. S.Krishnan Physical Chemistry, by P. W. Atkins Organic Chemistry: Structure and Function by K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, 5th Edition http://bcs.whfreeman.com/vollhardtschore5e/default.asp 								
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO-1 Analyse microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic and molecular orbitals and intermolecular forces. CO-2 Rationalise bulk properties and processes using thermodynamic considerations. CO-3 Distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques CO-4 Rationalise periodic properties such as ionization potential, electro negativity, oxidation states and electro negativity. CO-5 List major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis 								

of molecules	

Mapping of Cos with PSOs & POs:

	РО							PSO						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1
CO2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1
CO3	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1

Course Code & Title	18GTPU0001Gandhi's Life, Thought and work					
Class	I Year	Semester	Ι			
CognitiveLevel	K-1: K-2: K-3:					
Course objectives	 The Course aims To enable stude practices of G times. To develop char responsibilities 	nts to understand and ap andhi and their releva racter and attitude to foll in their personal and so	opreciate the principles and nce in the contemporary low Gandhian values and cial life.			

Unit	Content					
Ι	Life of Gandhi in brief: Early life in India - London Phase - South	6				
	African Adventure- Struggle for total freedom in India – Martyrdom					
II	Concepts of Gandhi's Philosophy, Truth and Nonviolence, Ends and Means, Right and Duties, Simply Living and High Thinking	6				
III	Gandhi's concepts and their applications: Sarvodaya, Satyagraha, SanthiSena Constructive Work	6				
	Gandhian Vision of Society: Self and society-Communal harmony,					
	removal of untouchability and Equality of sexes - Policies:					
IV	Decentralization of power, GramSwaraj (Panchayatui Raj) and good	6				
	governance-Economics of Swadeshi, Trusteeship, Bread Labour and					
	Self-employment.					
	Gandhian Dimension of Education: Basic Education, Adult Education,					
V	Pluralism- Multilingualism, Religions and interfaith relations-Health;	6				
	Diet, Nature Cure, Education on Health, Sanitation and Hygiene.					
References	Text Books & Reference Books:1. M.K. Gandhi: (1983), An Autography of the Story of My					
	Experiments with Truth, Navajivan Publishing House,					
	Ahmedabad.					
	2. M.K. Gandhi: (1951), Satyagraha in South Africa:					
	Navajivan Publishing House, Ahamadabad.					
	3. M.K. Gandhi: (1983), ConstrutiveProgramme" Its					
	Meaning and Place. Navaiivan Publishing House.					
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	Ahamadabad.					
	4. M.K. Gandhi: (1948) Key to Health, Navajivan Publishing					
	House, Ahamadabad.					
	5. M.K. Gandhi: (1949), Diet and Diet Reforms, Navajivan					
	Publishing House, Ahamadabad.					
	6. M.K. Gandhi: Basic Education, Navajivan Publishing					
	House, Ahamadabad.					
	7. M.K. Gandhi: (2004), Village Industries, Navajivan					
	Publishing House, Ahamadabad.					
	8. M.K. Gandhi: (1962), Hindi Swaraj, Navajivan Publishing					
	House, Ahamadabad.					
	9. M.K. Gandhi: (2004), Trusteeship Dreams, Navajivan					
	Publishing House, Ahamadabad.					
	10. M.K. Gandhi: (2001), India of my Dreams, Navajivan					
	Publishing House, Ahamadabad.					
	11. M.K. Gandhi: Self Restraint Vs. Self Indulgence,					
	Navajivan Publishing House, Ahamadabad.					
	12. Arunachalam:Gandhi: (1985), The Peace					
	Maker,GandhiSamarakNidhi, Madurai R.R. Prabhu& UR					
	Rao.The Mind of Mahatma Gandhi, Navajivan Publishing					
	House.					
	At the end of this course to make the students:					
	CO-1 To understand the life of Gandhiji in-depth.					
	CO-2 To get introduced to the relevant Gandhian philosophies.					
Course Out	CO-3 To apply the Gandhian concepts in the relevant context.					
Comes	CO-4 To envision the Gandhian socio-economic, political and					
	cultural ideas.					
	CO-5 To get educated on Gandhian lines in a multi-dimensional					
	way.					

		РО										PSO			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	
CO1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CO3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
CO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Course Code & Title	18BCEU0102Engineering Graphics & Design							
Class	I Year	Semester	Ι					
CognitiveLevel	K-1: K-2: K-3:							
Course objectives	To make student conv • With the constru- • With the projec • With the section • With the Prepar	ersant action of geometrical fig tion of 1D, 2D and 3D en hing of solids and develo ation and interpretation of	ures lements opment of surfaces of building drawing					

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Engineering Drawing covering, Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Conic sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola (General method only); Cycloid, Epicycloid, Hypocycloid and Involute; Scales – Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales;Orthographic Projections covering, Principles of Orthographic Projections- Conventions - Projections of Points and lines inclined to both planes; Projections of planes inclined Planes;	10
П	Projections of Regular Solids covering, those inclined to both the Planes- Auxiliary Views; Draw simple annotation, dimensioning and scale. Floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Sections and Sectional Views of Right Angular Solids covering, Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary Views; Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids - Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone; Draw the sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids, objects from industry and dwellings (foundation to slab only)	10
III	Isometric Projections covering, Principles of Isometric projection – Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids; Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice- versa, Conventions;	9
IV	Overview of Computer Graphics covering, listing the computer	10

	technologies that impact on graphical communication, Demonstrating knowledge of the theory of CAD software [such as: The Menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), The Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids];Customisation& CAD Drawing consisting of set up of the drawing page and the printer, including scale settings, Setting up of units and drawing limits; ISO and ANSI standards for coordinate dimensioning and tolerancing; Orthographic constraints, Snap to objects manually and automatically; Producing drawings by using various coordinate inputentry methods to draw straight lines. Applying various ways	
V	of drawing circles; Annotations, layering & other functions covering applying dimensions to objects, applying annotations to drawings; Setting up and use of Layers, layers to create drawings,Create, edit and use customized layers; Changing line lengths through modifying existing lines (extend/lengthen); Printing documents to paper using the print command; orthographic projection techniques; Drawing sectional views of composite right regular geometric solids and project the true shape of the sectioned surface; Drawing annotation, Computer-aided design (CAD) software modeling of parts and assemblies. Parametric and non-parametric solid, surface, and wireframe models. Part editing and two-dimensional documentation of models. Planar projection theory, including sketching of perspective, isometric, multiview, auxiliary, and section views. Spatial visualization exercises. Dimensioning guidelines, tolerancing techniques; dimensioning and scale multi views of dwelling; Demonstration of a simple team design project that illustrates Geometry and topology of engineered components: creation of engineering models and their presentation in standard 2D blueprint form and as 3D wire-frame and shaded solids; meshed topologies for engineering analysis and tool-path generation for component manufacture; geometric dimensioning and tolerancing; Use of solid-modeling software for creating associative models at the component and assembly levels; floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Applying colour coding according to building drawing practice; Drawing sectional elevation showing foundation to ceiling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM).	9

References	Text Books & Reference Books:	
	1. Bhatt N.D., Panchal V.M. & Ingle P.R., (2014), Engineering	
	Drawing, Charotar	
	2. Publishing House	
	3. Shah, M.B. & Rana B.C. (2008), Engineering Drawing and	
	Computer Graphics,	
	4. Pearson Education	
	5. Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M. (2012), Engineering Graphics,	
	TMH Publication	
	6. Narayana, K.L. & P Kannaiah (2008), Text book on	
	Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publishers	
	7. (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User	
	Manuals	
	CO 1 Introduction to engineering design and its place in society	
	CO 2 Exposure to the visual aspects of engineering design	
	CO 3 Exposure to engineering graphics standards	
Course Out	CO 4 Exposure to solid modelling	
Comes	CO 5 Exposure to computer-aided geometric design	
	CO 6 Exposure to creating working drawings	
	CO 7 Exposure to engineering communication	

	РО									PSO				
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	3	1	2	1	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3	0	1
CO2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3	1	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	3	0	3	1	1
CO4	3	2	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	1
CO5	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	1
CO6	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	2	1	2	1	1
CO7	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	3	2	2

Course Code & Title	18YOGU0001Yoga Education							
Class	I Year	Semester	Ι					
CognitiveLevel	K-1: K-2: K-3:							
Course objectives	The Course aims • To gain knowl	edge about the Yogic	Practices					

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	History of Yoga - Definition of the term Yoga - Comprehensive Nature and Scope of Yoga-Aims and Objectives of Yoga - Yoga as an ideal system of physical culture.	3
П	Schools of Yoga:Patanjaliyoga – Astangayoga – Tantrayoga – Mantrayoga – Hathayoga – Layayoga - Rajayoga – Jnanayoga – Bhaktiyoga – Karmayoga - Difference between practice of Asanas and Physical Exercise.	3
III	Asanas Practice: Meditative Asanas: Sukhasana – ArdhaPadmasana – Padmasana –Vajrasana – Standing Asanas: Tadasana –Trikonasana- ParivrttaTrikonasana – Vrikshasana – Sitting Asanas: Baddhakonasana – Janusirasana – Paschimottanasana – Ustrasana – Vakrasana - Gomukhasana - Suryanamaskar.	3
IV	Asanas Practice: Prone Asanas: Makarasana – Bhujangasana – Shalabhasana – Dhanurasana - Supine Asanas: Pavanamuktasana – Sethubandasana – Navasana –Savasana.	3
v	Pranayama Practice: Sectional Breathing - Nadisuddhi – Bhramari – Bhastrika - Kapalabhati – Introduction to Bandhas – Mudras – Dharana (Trataka) – Dhyana.	3

References	Text Books & Reference Books:	
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	positive health swami vivekanandha yoga prakashana,	
	Banglore.	
	2. Light on Yoga, B.K.S IyengarHarpine Collins Publication,	
	New Delhi, 2000.	
	3. Sound Health Through Yoga, K.Chandrasekaran,	
	PremKalyan Publications, Sedapatti, 1999.	
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	positive health swami vivekanandha yoga prakashana,	
	Banglore.	
	5. Swami SatyanandaSaraswati, (2008): Asana Pranayama Mudra,	
	Bandha (IV Revised Edition): Bihar School of Yoga, Munger,	
	India.	
	6. H R.Nagarathnam&Dr.H R Nagendra (2015) Promotion of	
	positive nearth swami vivekanandha yoga prakashana,	
	Banglore.	
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	Lonavia, 1995. 8 Voge for All Meharishi Deteniali Sehni Dublicatione	
	8. Toga for All, Mallarishi Palanjan, Sahini Publications,	
	2005. O Voga for Haalth Institute of Naturopathy & Vogia	
	Sciences Bangelore 2003	
	10 Voga for Health K ChandaraShekar, KhelSahitya Kendra	
	Theni 2003	
	11 Yoga for the Morden Man M P Pandit Sterling	
	Publishers Private Limited New Delhi 1987	
	12 Yoga for You Indira Devi Jaico Publishing House Chennai	
	2002.	
	Students should be able to $CO(1)$. Evaluate the importance of managements we are in the importance of the state of the importance of the state of	
	CO 1 Evaluate the importance of preparatory exercise.	
	CO_2 Utilize the meditation techniques	
	CO 4 Compare mudras and bandhas	
Course Out	CO 5 Assess the difference between the asanas and physical	
Comes	exercises.	

CO/DO		РО									PSO			
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II SEMESTER

Course Code & Title	18MATU02C2 Mathematics–II						
Class	I Year	Semester	II				
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:						
Course objectives	 The objective of this c To familiarize th multivariable interpretent equations and com To equip the semathematics and disciplines. 	course is reprospective engine egration, Ordinary a pplex variables. students to deal wi applications that wou	eers with techniques in and partial differential of advanced level of ald be essential for their				

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Exact linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree: equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type.Ordinary differential equations of higher orders; Second order linear differential equations with variable coefficients, method of variation of parameters, Cauchy-Euler equation; Power series solutions; Legendre polynomials, Besselfunctions of the first kind and their properties.	14
П	Partial Differential Equations – First order, First order partial differential equations, solutions of first order linear and non-linear PDEs.	6
III	Partial Differential Equations – Higher order, Solution to homogenous and non-homogenous linear partial differential equations second and higher order by complimentary function and particular integral method. Flows, vibrations and diffusions, second-order linear equations and their classification, Initialand boundary conditions (with an informal description of well-posed problems), D'Alembert's solution of the wave equation; Duhamel's principle for one dimensional wave equation.	5
IV	Separation of variables method to simple problems in Cartesian coordinates. The Laplacian in plane, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates, solutions with Bessel functions and Legendre functions. One dimensional diffusion equation and its solution by separation of variables. Boundary-value problems: Solution of boundary-value problems for various linear PDEs in various geometries	5
V	Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions,	8

	harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary								
	analytic functions (exponential trigonometric logarithm) and								
	their properties. Conformal mannings. Mobile transformations								
	their properties; Comormai mappings, Mobius transformations								
	and their properties. Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem								
	(without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof),								
	Liouville's theorem and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without								
	proof): Taylor's series zeros of analytic functions singularities								
	Learner the provide Desidered Constant Desider the server (with each								
	Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without								
	proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine,								
	Evaluation of certain improper integrals using the Bromwich								
	contour								
References	Textbooks								
	1 W E Boyce and R C DiPrima Elementary Differential Equations								
	and Boundary Value Problems 9 th Edition Wiley India 2009								
	2 S L Ross Differential Equations 3 rd Ed. Wiley India, 2009.								
	2. S. L. Ross, Differential Equations, 5 Eu., whey india, 1964.								
	5. E. A. Coudington, An introduction to Ordinary Differential								
	Equations, Prentice Hall India, 1995.								
	4. S. J. Farlow, Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and								
	Engineers, Dover Publications, 1993.								
	5. Ian Sneddon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations, McGraw								
	Hill, 1964.								
	6. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition,								
	John Wiley & Sons, 2006.								
	References:								
	1 R Haberman Elementary Applied Partial Differential equations								
	with Fourier Series and Boundary Value Problem 4 th Ed Prentice								
	Hall 1998								
	2 Manish Goval and N.P. Bali Transforms and Partial Differential								
	2. Wallish Obyar and W.I. Ball, Hallstoffils and Fatuar Differential								
	Equations, University Science Fless, Second Edution, 2010.								
	on the completion of this course, student should be able to								
	CO-1 Solve the partial and ordinary differential equations with initial								
	and boundary conditions by using certain techniques with								
	engineering applications.								
	CO-2 Understand the knowledge of various techniques and methods								
	for solving first and second order ordinary differential								
	equations.								
Course Out	CO-3 The mathematical tools needed in evaluating multiple								
Comes	integrals and their usage								
	CO 4. The effective methematical tools for the solutions								
	CO-4 The effective mathematical tools for the solutions								
	of differential equations that model physical								
	processes.								
	CO-5 The tools of differentiation and integration of								
	functions of a complex variable that are used in								
	various techniques dealing engineering problems								
1	i various techniques deaning engineering problems.	1							

Mapping of Cos with PSOs & POs:

	РО							PSO						
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	1
CO2	1	2	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	1
CO3	0	2	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
CO4	1	2	0	2	1	2	1	0	0	1	1	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	0	3	2	2	0	0	0	2	2	2	3	1

Course Code & Title	e 18BCEU0203 Introduction to Civil Engineering					
Class	I Year	Semester	Π			
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:					
Course objectives	 This course is designed to address the following: to give an understanding to the students of the vast breadth and numerous areas of engagement available in the overall field of Civil Engineering To motivate the student to pursue a career in one of the many areas of Civil Engineering with deep interest and keenness. To expose the students to the various avenues available for doing creative and innovative work in this field by showcasing the many monuments and inspiring projects of public utility. 					

Unit	Content	No.of Hour s
Ι	 Basic Understanding: What is Civil Engineering/ Infrastructure? Basics of Engineering and Civil Engineering; Broad disciplines of Civil Engineering; Importance of Civil Engineering, Possible scopes for a career History of Civil engineering: Early constructions and developments over time; Ancient monuments & Modern marvels; Development of various materials of construction and methods of construction; Works of Eminent civil engineers Overview of National Planning for Construction and Infrastructure Development; Position of construction industry vis- à-vis other industries, five year plan outlays for construction; current budgets for infrastructure works; Fundamentals of Architecture & Town Planning: Aesthetics in Civil Engineering, Examples of great architecture, fundamentals of architectural design & town planning; Building Systems (HVAC, Acoustics, Lighting, etc.); LEED ratings; Development of Smart cities 	4
Π	 Fundamentals of Building Materials: Stones, bricks, mortars, Plain, Reinforced & Prestressed Concrete, Construction Chemicals; Structural Steel, High Tensile Steel, Carbon Composites; Plastics in Construction; 3D printing; Recycling of Construction & Demolition wastes Basics of Construction Management & Contracts Management: 	8

	 Temporary Structures in Construction; Construction Methods for various types of Structures; Major Construction equipment; Automation & Robotics in Construction; Modern Project Management Systems; Advent of Lean Construction; Importance of Contracts Management 3. Environmental Engineering & Sustainability: Water treatment systems; Effluent treatment systems; Solid waste management; Sustainability in Construction; 4. Geotechnical Engineering: Basics of soil mechanics, rock mechanics and geology; various types of foundations; basics of rock mechanics & tunnelling 	
III	 Hydraulics, Hydrology &Water Resources Engineering: Fundamentals of fluid flow, basics of water supply systems; Underground Structures; Underground Structures Multipurpose reservoir projects Ocean Engineering: Basics of Wave and Current Systems; Sediment transport systems; Ports & Harbours and other marine structures Power Plant Structures: Chimneys, Natural & Induced Draught Colling towers, coal handling systems, ash handling systems; nuclear containment structures; hydro power projects Structural Engineering: Types of buildings; tall structures; various types of bridges; Water retaining structures; Other structural systems; Experimental Stress Analysis; Wind tunnel studies; 	6
IV	 Surveying & Geomatics: Traditional surveying techniques, Total Stations, Development of Digital Terrain Models; GPS, LIDAR; Traffic &Transportation Engineering: Investments in transport infrastructure development in India for different modes of transport; Developments and challenges in integrated transport development in India: road, rail, port and harbour and airport sector; PPP in transport sector; Intelligent Transport Systems; Urban Public and Freight Transportation; Road Safety under heterogeneous traffic; Sustainable and resilient pavement materials, design, construction and management; Case studies and examples. Repairs & Rehabilitation of Structures: Basics of corrosion phenomena and other structural distress mechanisms; some simple systems of rehabilitation of structures; Non-Destructive testing systems; Use of carbon fibre wrapping and carbon composites in repairs. 	3
V	 Computational Methods, IT, IoT in Civil Engineering: Typical software used in Civil Engineering- Finite Element Method, Computational Fluid Dynamics; Computational Geotechnical Methods; highway design (MX), Building Information Modelling; Highlighting typical available software systems (SAP, STAAD, ABAQUS, MATLAB, ETAB, NASTRAN, NISA, MIKE 21, MODFLOW, REVIT, TEKLA, AUTOCAD,GEOSTUDIO, EDUSHAKE, MSP, PRIMAVERA, ArcGIS, VisSIM,) 	7

r	
	2. Industrial lectures: Case studies of large civil engineering projects
	by industry professionals, covering comprehensive planning to
	commissioning:
	3 Basics of Professionalism. Professional Ethics Entrepreneurial
	s. Dasies of Professionansin. Professional Edites, Entrepreneditat
	possibilities in Civil Engineering, Possibilities for creative &
	innovative working, Technical writing Skills enhancement; Facilities
	Management; Quality & HSE Systems in Construction
References	Taxt/Deference Dealer
References	1 Detil D.C. (1074) Level Associate of Devilding and Environment
	1. Path, B.S. (1974), Legal Aspects of Building and Engineering
	Contract
	2. The National Building Code, BIS, (2017)
	3. RERA Act, (2017)
	4 Meena Rao (2006), Fundamental concepts in Law of Contract. 3rd
	Edn Professional Offset
	5 Chandiramani Naalima (2000) The Law of Contract: An Outline
	5. Chandhannann, Neennia (2000), The Law of Contract. All Outline,
	2nd Edn. Avinash Publications Mumbai
	6. Avtarsingh (2002), Law of Contract, Eastern Book Co.
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	8. Anson W.R.(1979), Law of Contract, Oxford University Press
	9 Kwatra G K (2005) The Arbitration & Conciliation of Law in India
	with case law on UNCITRAL Model Law on Arbitration Indian
	Council of Arbitration
	10. Avtarsingh (2005), Law of Arbitration and Conciliation, Eastern
	Book Co.
	11. Wadhera (2004), Intellectual Property Rights, Universal Law
	Publishing Co.
	12. P. S. Naravan (2000). Intellectual Property Rights. Gogia Law
	Agency
	12 T. Domenne (2010) Intellectual Droporty Dights Law in India Asia
	15. 1. Kainappa (2010), intellectual Property Kights Law in India, Asia
	Law House
	14. Bare text (2005), Right to Information Act
	15. O.P. Malhotra, Law of Industrial Disputes, N.M. Tripathi Publishers
	16. K.M. Desai(1946), The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders)
	Act
	17 Rustamii R F. Introduction to the Law of Industrial Disputes. Asia
	Publishing House
	19 Voc. Charles & Slitmore Martin (2002) Drofessional Ethics in the
	18. Vee, Charles & Skithole, Martin (2003) Professional Ethics in the
	Construction Industry, Engineering Construction and Architectural
	management, Vol.10, Iss. 2, pp 117-127, MCB UP Ltd
	19. American Society of Civil Engineers (2011) ASCE Code of Ethics –
	Principles Study and Application
	20. Ethics in Engineering- M.W.Martin& R.Schinzinger, McGraw-Hill
	21 Engineering Ethics National Institute for Engineering Ethics USA
	22. Engineering Dunles, Matterial Institute for Engineering Dunles, Corr
	22. www.ionuna.org
	25. Engineering etnics. concepts and cases – C. E. Harris, M.S.
	Pritchard, M.J.Kabins
	24. Resisting Bureaucratic Corruption: Alacrity Housing Chennai

	(Teaching Case Study) -S. Ramakrishna Velamuri –CEIBS	
	25. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS,	
	http://www.jnormanstark.com/contract.htm	
	26. Internet and Business Handbook, Chap 4, CONTRACTS LAW,	
	http://www.laderapress.com/laderapress/contractslaw1.html	
	27. Contract & Agreements ,	
	http://www.tco.ac.ir/law/English/agreements/General/Contract%20L aw/C.htm	
	28. Contracts, http://206.127.69.152/jgretch/crj/211/ch7.ppt	
	29. Business & Personal Law. Chapter 7. "How Contracts Arise",	
	ttp://yucaipahigh.com/schristensen/lawweb/lawch7.ppt	
	30. Types of Contracts,	
	http://cmsu2.cmsu.edu/public/classes/rahm/meiners.con.ppt	
	31. IV. TYPES OF CONTRACTS AND IMPORTANT PROVISIONS,	
	http://www.worldbank.org/html/opr/consult/guidetxt/types.html	
	32. Contract Types/Pricing Arrangements Guideline- 1.4.G (11/04/02),	
	http://www.sandia.gov/policy/14g.pdf	
	CO-1 Introduction to what constitutes Civil Engineering	
	CO-2 Identifying the various areas available to pursue and specialize	
	within the overall field of Civil Engineering	
	CO-3 Highlighting the depth of engagement possible within each of	
	these areas	
	CO- 4 Exploration of the various possibilities of a career in this field	
	CO-5 Understanding the vast interfaces this field has with the society at	
Course	large	
Out Comes	CO- 6 Providing inspiration for doing creative and innovative work	
	CO-7 Showcasing the many monuments, heritage	
	structures, nationally important infrastructure, and	
	impressive projects to serve as sources of inspiration	
	CO-8 Highlighting possibilities for taking up entrepreneurial activities	
	in this field	
	CO-9 Providing a foundation for the student to launch off upon an	
	inspired academic pursuit into this branch of engineering	

	РО									PSO				
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	1	2	3	3	3	1	3	0	0	1
CO2	2	0	2	0	1	1	3	3	3	3	2	0	0	2
CO3	3	0	3	0	0	1	1	3	2	2	1	0	1	1
CO4	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	2	0	0	2
CO5	1	0	3	0	1	0	2	3	2	1	3	0	0	1
CO6	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	2
CO7	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	1
CO8	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	1	0	0	1
CO9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	1

Course Code & Title	18BCEU0204 Basic Electrical Engineering						
Class	I Year	Semester	Π				
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:						
Course objectives	 This course is designed to address the following: To provide comprehensive idea about AC and D C circuit analysis, working principles and applications of basic machines in electrical engineering. To provide comprehensive idea about use of basic safety precautions in this field, transformers, working principles and applications of basic machines in electrical engineering. 						

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	DC Circuits (8 hours) Electrical circuit elements (R, L and C), voltage and current sources, Kirchoff current and voltage laws, analysis of simple circuits with dc excitation. Superposition, Thevenin and Norton Theorems. Time-domain analysis of first-order RL and RC circuits.	8
II	AC Circuits Representation of sinusoidal waveforms, peak and rms values, phasor representation, real power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor. Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of R, L, C, RL, RC, RLC combinations (series and parallel), resonance. Three- phase balanced circuits, voltage and current relations in star and delta connections.	8
III	Transformers Magnetic materials, BH characteristics, ideal and practical transformer, equivalent circuit, losses in transformers, regulation and efficiency. Auto-transformer and three-phase transformer connections.	б
IV	Electrical Machines Generation of rotating magnetic fields, Construction and working of a three-phase induction motor, Significance of torque-slip characteristic. Loss components and efficiency, starting and speed control of induction motor. Single-phase induction motor Construction, working, torque-speed characteristic and speed control of separately excited dc motor Construction and working of synchronous generators.	8

	Power Converters & Electrical Installation								
	DC-DC buck and boost converters duty ratio control Single-								
	phase and three-phase voltage source inverters: sinusoidal								
	modulation. Components of LT Switchgear: Switch Fuse Unit								
	(SFU) MCB ELCB MCCB Types of Wires and Cables								
	Farthing Types of Batteries Important Characteristics for								
	Batteries. Elementary calculations for energy consumption, power factor improvement and battery backup.								
	 Basic safety precautions. Introduction and use of measuring. 								
	instruments voltmeter ammeter multi meter oscilloscope								
	Real life resistors, capacitors and inductors								
	Meanwing the steady state and transient time response of								
	• Measuring the steady-state and transient time-response of D.L. D.C. and D.L.C. another a sten above in visitors								
	K-L, K-C, and K-L-C circuits to a step change in voltage								
	(transient may be observed on a storage oscinoscope).								
	Sinusoidal steady state response of R-L, and R-C circuits –								
	differences between surrent and veltess. Deservation of phase								
	cincuite								
	• I ransformers: Observation of the no-load current waveform								
	on an oscilloscope (non-sinusoidal wave-snape due to B-H								
	curve nonlinearity should be snown along with a discussion								
	about narmonics). Loading of a transformer: measurement of								
V	primary and secondary voltages and currents, and power.	36							
	• Three-phase transformers: Star and Delta connections.								
	Voltage and Current relationships (line-line voltage,								
	phase-to-neutral voltage, line and phase currents). Phase-								
	shifts between the primary and secondary side. Cumulative								
	three-phase power in balanced three-phase circuits.								
	• Demonstration of cut-out sections of machines: dc								
	machine (commutator-brush arrangement), induction								
	machine (squirrel cage rotor), synchronous machine (field								
	winging - slip ring arrangement) and single-phase induction								
	machine.								
	• Torque Speed Characteristic of separately excited dc motor.								
	• Synchronous speed of two and four-pole, three-phase								
	induction motors. Direction reversal by change of phase-								
	sequence of connections. Torque-Slip Characteristic of an								
	induction motor. Generator operation of an induction								
	machine driven at super- synchronous speed.								
	• Synchronous Machine operating as a generator: stand-alone								
	operation with a load.								
	• Control of voltage through field excitation.								
	• Demonstration of (a) dc-dc converters (b) dc-ac converters –								
	PWM waveform (c) the use of dc-ac converter for speed								
	control of an induction motor and (d) Components of LT								
	switchgear.								

References	1. D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill,2010.	
	2. D. C. Kulshreshtha, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill, 2009.	
	3. L. S. Bobrow, "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2011.	
	4. E. Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson, 2010.	
	5. V. D. Toro, " Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India, 1989.	
	CO-1 To understand the basic concepts of magnetic circuits, electro magnetism and electrostatics.	
	CO-2 To understand and analyses AC & DC circuits	
	CO-3 To understand the working principle, and applications of DC & AC machines.	
Course Out	CO-4 Get an exposure to common electrical components and their ratings.	
Comes	CO-5 Make electrical connections by wires of appropriate ratings.	
	CO-6 Understand the usage of common electrical measuring instruments.	
	CO-7 Understand the basic characteristics of transformers and electrical machines.	
	CO-8 Get an exposure to the working of power electronic converters	

					РО					PSO				
CO/PO	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8							9	1	2	3	4	5	
CO1	1	1	0	3	3	2	1	0	3	1	3	0	0	1
CO2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	0	1
CO3	1	1	1	3	1	1	2	0	1	1	2	0	0	1
CO4	1	1	0	1	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
CO5	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	2	2
CO6	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	2	0	1
CO7	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	0	1
CO8	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	0	1	2

Course Code & Title	18BCEU0205 Worksh	op Manufacturing P	ractices
Class	I Year	Semester	II
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:		
Course objectives	 This course is designe Understanding relative advan applications The selection fabrication nee Acquire a m different manuto design & twork and all international tee 	d to address the follow different manufacturi tages/disadvantages w of a suitable techniqu d inimum practical ski ifacturing methods and fabricate small compo- so to participate in echnical competitions.	ving: ing techniques and their with respect to different e for meeting a specific ll with respect to the develop the confidence onents for their project various national and

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
	 Lectures & videos Manufacturing Methods- casting, forming, machining, joining, advanced manufacturing methods (3 lectures) CNC machining, Additive manufacturing (1 lecture) Fitting operations & power tools (1 lecture) Electrical & Electronics (1 lecture) Carpentry (1 lecture) Plastic moulding, glass cutting (1 lecture) Metal casting (1 lecture) Welding (arc welding & gas welding), brazing (1 lecture) [More hours can be given to Welding for Civil Engineering students as they may have to deal with Steel structures fabrication and erection; 3D Printing is an evolving manufacturing technology and merits some lectures and hands-on training. 	10
	<pre>work shop practice 1.Machine shop 2. Fitting shop 3. carpentry 4. Electrical & Electronics</pre>	60

	5. Welding shop	
	6. Casting	
	7. Smithy	
	8. Plastic moulding& Glass Cutting	
References	 Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai. Kalpakjian S. And Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology",4th edition, Pearson Education India Edition, 2002. Gowri P. Hariharan and A. Suresh Babu, "Manufacturing Technology – I" PearsonEducation, 2008. Roy A. Lindberg, "Processes and Materials of Manufacture", 4th edition, Prentice HallIndia, 1998. Rao P.N., "Manufacturing Technology", Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGrawHill House, 2017 	
Course Out Comes	 CO-1 Upon completion of this laboratory course, students will be able to fabricate components with their own hands. CO-2 They will also get practical knowledge of the dimensional accuracies and dimensional tolerances possible with different manufacturing processes. CO-3 By assembling different components, they will be able to produce small devices of their interest. CO-4 Carry out basic home electrical works and appliances, Measure the electrical quantities CO-5 Elaborate on the components, gates, soldering practices. 	

					PO					PSO				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	0	0	1
CO2	2	2	0	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	0
CO3	1	1	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	2	0	1	2	0
CO4	1	1	0	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	1	1	2	1
CO5	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0

Course Code & Title	18CSAU02B1 Programming for Problem Solving								
Class	I Year	Semester	II						
Cognitive Level	K-1: K-2: K-3:								
Course objectives	 This course is designe To learn the ba To make stulanguage. To learn the provide the providet the prov	d asics of computer prog idents to learn bas roblem solving using 0	gramming. ic of C programming C program						

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Programming; Introduction - Problem Solving Techniques-Algorithm, Flow Chart - Pseudo code, Programming Paradigms - Programming Languages-Types Generations of Programming Languages - Language Translators	9
п	Structure of C Programs and Control Statements; C fundamentals: Introduction to C - character set - Keywords and identifiers- constants -Data types –Variables - Operators and expressions – comment - Input and Output functions in C - <i>Control Statements</i> : ifelse-switch - while - dowhile – for - Break and continue statements - go to statement.	10
III	Arrays and String; Array: defining an array – Processing an array - Single dimensional array – Two dimensional Arrays - Multidimensional array-Character array - String: Declaring, Initializing, Printing and reading strings - String manipulation functions.	10
IV	Function and Structure; Functions: defining a function -Accessing a function -Passing arguments to a function – Recursion- Structure: Defining, Declaring, initialization - Structures and Functions ,Array of structures.	10

	Pointers and File Management; Pointers: pointer declaration-Chain of Pointer - Passing pointers to a function - File:Defining, Opening and closing of files - Input and output operations - Random Access to files.	9
V	 C Program for 1. Simple computational problems using arithmetic expressions 2. Branching: if-then-else, Nested if-else, else-if ladder, switch 3. Loops: Conditional & Unconditional Looping 4. 1D Arrays: searching, sorting and manipulation 5. 2D arrays: Matrix Operations. 6. Character Array 7. Strings: String Manipulation operations 8. Functions-call by value: Simple User-Define functions 9. Problems using arrays and functions: Numerical methods (Root finding, numerical differentiation, numerical integration) 10. Recursive functions 11. Structures: Basics, Structure Array, Structure and Functions 12. Pointers: Pointer Declaration, Pointer to Function 13. File handling: File operations 	60
References	 Computer Programming, Ashok N Kamthane, ITL Education Solution Limited, New Delhi,2007. Programming in ANSI C, E.Balagurusamy, 5/e, Tata - McGraw Hill publishing, New Delhi, August 2010. Programming with C, B.S .Gottfried, Schaums outline Series, MCgraw - Hill Publishing Company, 199 	
Course Out Comes	 CO-1 To formulate the algorithms for simple problems CO-2 To translate given algorithms to a working and correct program CO-3 To be able to correct syntax errors as reported by the compilers CO-4 To be able to identify and correct logical errors encountered at run time CO-5 To be able to write iterative as well as recursive programs CO-6 To be able to represent data in arrays, strings and structures and manipulate them through a program CO-7 To be able to declare pointers of different types and use them in defining self- referential structures. CO-8 To be able to create, read and write to and from simple text files. 	

					РО					PSO				
CO/PO	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5
CO1	1	1	0	2	1	1	1	0	2	1	1	0	0	1
CO2	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	0	0	1
CO3	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
CO4	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
CO6	1	0	0	2	2	3	1	0	1	1	2	2	0	2
CO7	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
CO8	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Course Code & Title	18BCEU0206 Comput	ter Aided Civil Eng	gineering Drawing					
Class	I Year	Semester	П					
	K-1:							
Cognitive Level	K-2:							
	K-3:							
	The students will be a a) Develop Parametric	ble to c design and the con	ventions of formal engineering drawing					
	b) Produce and interpret 2D & 3D drawings							
Course objectives	c) Communicate a des	sign idea/concept gra	aphically/ visually					
	d) Examine a design c	ritically and with ur	derstanding of CAD - The student learn					
	to interpret drawings,	and to produce desig	gns using a combination of 2D and					
	3Dsoftware.							
	e) Get a Detailed stud	y of an engineering	artifact					

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	INTRODUCTION to concept of drawings, Interpretation of typical drawings, Planning drawings to show information concisely and comprehensively; optimal layout of drawings and Scales; Introduction to computer aided drawing, coordinate systems, reference planes. Commands: Initial settings, Drawing aids, Drawing basic entities, Modify commands, Layers, Text and Dimensioning, Blocks. Drawing presentation norms and standards.(2)	9
П	SYMBOLS AND SIGN CONVENTIONS: Materials, Architectural, Structural, Electrical and Plumbing symbols. Rebar drawings and structural steel fabrication and connections drawing symbols, welding symbols; dimensioning standards (2)	10
Ш	MASONRY BONDS: English Bond and Flemish Bond – Corner wall and Cross walls - One brick wall and one and half brick wall (1)	10
IV	BUILDING DRAWING: Terms, Elements of planning building drawing, Methods of making line drawing and detailed drawing. Site plan, floor plan, elevation and section drawing of small residential buildings. Foundation plan. Roof drainage plans. Depicting joinery, standard fittings & fixtures, finishes. Use of Notes to improve clarity (7)	10

	PICTORIAL VIEW: Principles of isometrics and perspective drawing. Perspective view of building. Fundamentals of Building Information Modelling (BIM) (3)	9
	List of Drawing Experiments:	
V	 Buildings with load bearing walls including details of doors and windows. Taking standard drawings of a typical two storeyed building including all MEP, joinery, rebars, finishing and other details and writing out a escriptionof the Facility in about 500 -700 words RCC framed structures Reinforcement drawings for typical slabs, beams, columns and spread footings. Industrial buildings - North light roof structures - Trusses Perspective view of one and two storey buildings 	60
References	1. Subhash C Sharma & Gurucharan Singh (2005), "Civil	
	 Subhash C Shahha & Gurdeharah Shigh (2005), "Cryn Engineering Drawing", Standard Publishers Ajeet Singh (2002), "Working with AUTOCAD 2000 with updates on AUTOCAD 2001", Tata- Mc Graw-Hill Company Limited, New Delhi Sham Tickoo Swapna D (2009), "AUTOCAD for Engineers and Designers", Pearson Education, Venugopal (2007), "Engineering Drawing and Graphics + AUTOCAD", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., Balagopal and Prabhu (1987), "Building Drawing and Detailing", Spades publishing KDR building, Calicut, (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User Manuals. Malik R.S., Meo, G.S. (2009) Civil Engineering Drawing, Computech Publication Ltd New Asian. Sildra V.P. (2012) A Course in Civil Engineering Drawing 	
	. K.Kataria& Sons,	
Course Out Comes	 CO-1 To develop graphical skills for communicating concepts ideas and designs of engineering products graphically/ visuall as well as understand another person's designs, CO-2 To get exposure to national standards relating to technica drawings using Computer Aided Design and Drafting practice CO-3 Develop Parametric design and the conventions of format engineering drawing CO-4 Produce and interpret 2D & 3D drawings CO-5 Examine a design critically and with understanding of CAI - The student learn to interpret drawings, and to product designs using a combination of 2D and 3D software. CO-6 Do a detailed study of an engineering artefact CO-7 Develop drawings for conventional structures using practication norms. 	3, у 11 11 D е 11

	РО									PSO					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	
CO1	1	1	0	2	3	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	0	1	
CO2	1	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	1	1	
CO3	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	
CO4	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	
CO5	1	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	1	
CO6	2	0	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	1	
CO7	1	0	1	2	2	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	

III SEMESTER

Course Title	Engineering Mathematics – III (Transform & Discrete Mathematics)										
Course Code	Catego	Semest	Cuedita	He He		Hours		Theory		Practical	
Course Code	ry	er	Creans	L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18MATU03C3	BSC	III	3	2	1	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 KI: Knowing the Basic concept of laplace trasform K2: Understanding the fourier Transform K3: Applying the Z-transform and difference equations K4: Evaluating basic operations on sets, functions and patially ordered sets. K5: analyse the basic properties of graphs 										
Course Objectives	The cours • The cours • The cours • The course	se aim is he student s hey should quations	should able understand	to und and se	lerst olve	and the	the conc problem	cept of la is related	aplace T l to diffe	ransfor erence	m

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Laplace transform- properties of Laplace transform, Laplace transform of periodic functions. Finding inverse Laplace transform by different methods, convolution theorem. Evaluation of integrals by transform, solving ODEs and PDEs by Laplace transform method.	9
II	Fourier transforms - Fourier integral theorem, Fourier transform pair- sine and cosine transforms properties Transform of simple functions, Convolution theorem Parseval's identity.	9
III	Z-Transform and Difference equations , Z-Transform, elementary properties, inverse Z-Transform, Convolution theorem, Formation of difference equations, Solution of difference equations using Z- Transform.	9
IV	Sets, relation and functions - Basic operation on sets, Cartesian products, disjoint union(sum) and power sets. Different types of relations, their compositions and inverse. Different types of function, their compositions and inverses. Partially ordered sets -Complete partial ordering, chain, lattice, complete, distributive, modular and complemented lattices. Boolean and pseudo Boolean lattices.	9
V	Introduction to graphs- , Graphs and their properties -degree, path, cycle, subgraph, trees.	9

References	Textbooks/References:	
	1. N.P.Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering	
	Mathematics, LaxmiPublications, Reprint, 2010.	
	2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers,	
	35 th Edition, 2000.	
	3. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw-Hill, New	
	Delhi,2008. Discrete Mathematics	
	4. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9 th Edition,	
	John Wiley &Sons, 2006.	
	5. Discrete Mathematics- Dr.M.K.Venkataraman, Dr.N.Sridharan,	
	N.Chandra sekaran.	
	6. Invitation to graph theory- S.Arumugam.	
	7. Engineering Mathematics-III –	
	P.Kandasamy,K.Thilagavathy,K.Gunavathy.	
	After studying the course, the student will be able to:	
	COI: Understand the principles of Laplace Transform and solve the	
Course	problems	
Out	CO2: understand the principles of Fourier Transform and solve the	
Comes	problems.	
	CO3: Z-Transform and Difference equations and solve the problems	
	CO4: Understand the principles of Sets, relation and functions and solve the	
	problems	
	CO5: Introduce the graph and other methods	
	coor introduce the graph and other methods	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3

course Title		BIOLOGY (Biology for Engineers)									
					Hours			eory	Prac	tical	
Course Code	Category	Sem	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0308	BSC	III	3	2	1	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Knov K-2 Appli K-3 Analy	vledge and ication ysis, Synthe	Comprehenses and Eva	sion luation							
Course Objectives	The course to to to a to to to to	aims enhance the logy acquire an o develop kno make the st give an ove	e student's k overall know owledge in e udents know rview on va	cnowle vledge enzymo vledgea rious a	dge i on ce olog a able c spect	in his ell bio and n on ge ts in 1	torical as ology and netabolis netic cor microbio	spects an d biomol m icepts logy	d develop ecules of	oment of life.	

UNIT	Content	No.of
		Hours
Ι	Unit: I Introduction to Biology (Source NPTEL course) Biological observations of 18 th century that lead to major discoveries of Robert Brown, and Julius Mayor. Darwinian evolution & molecular perspective; Hierarchy of life forms at phenomenological level. Three major kingdoms of life and Classification systems in biology and relationships. Classification of life forms based on cellularity- unicellular to multi-cellular organisms; ultrastructure- prokaryotes & eukaryotes; energy and carbon utilization –Autotrophs, hetrotrophs,& lithotrophs; ammonia excretion – aminotelic & uricoteliec; and Habitat- acquatic & terrestrial. Model organisms for the biological studies – <i>Escherichia coli, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Drosophila melanogaster, and Arabidopsis thaliana</i>	10
Π	Unit: II Cell Biology and Biomolecules of Life Cell as basic unit of life – cell growth, reproduction & cellular differentiation. Molecules of life – DNA, RNA and Protein as genetic materials. Hierarchy of DNA structure- from single stranded to double helix to nucleosomes. Concept of Genetic code. Universality and degeneracy of genetic code. Proteins-structure and function. Hierarch in protein structure. Primary, secondary, Tertiary and quaternary structures. Proteins as enzymes, transporters, receptors and structural elements. Structure and properties of carbohydrates and lipids.	10
III	Unit: III Enzymology and Cellular metabolism Enzyme classification - Mechanism of enzyme action - Enzyme kinetic parameters. Concepts of K_{eq} and its reaction to standard free energy. Spontaneity. ATP as an energy currency. Metabolic concepts –	10

	Anabolism & Catabolism - Thermodynamics as applied to biological systems. Exothermic and Endothermic versus endergonic and exergonic reactions. Cellular respiration and energetics - Glycolysis, Krebs Cycle, & ETC.	
IV	Unit: IV Genetics Mental's laws - Concept of allele, recessiveness and dominance. concept of segregation and independent assortment. Gene interaction- Epistasis & complementations - Concept of mapping of phenotype to genes. Genetic disorders in humans. Concept and principle mechanism of Meiotic and Mitotic cell divisions.	08
V	Unit: V Microbiology Historical and recent developments in microbiology: Invention of microscopy; concepts of spontaneous generation, biogenesis, germ theory of disease, and fermentation. Principle and applications of various microscopy: Simple, Compound, Dark field, Phase contrast, Fluorescence and Electron microscopy. Microbial taxonomy & phylogeny and Concepts of species and strains. Microbiological culture techniques - culture media, sterilization and culture methods. Identification of bacteria as per Bergey's manual of determinative Bacteriology	10
References	 References Biology: A global approach: Campbell. N. A.; Reece, J. B.; Ur Cain, M, L.; Wasserman, S. A; Minorsky, P. V.; Jackson, R. B. Education Ltd Outlines of Biochemistry, Conn, E.E; Stumpf, P. K; Bruening, R.H. John Wiley and sons Principles of Biochemistry (V Edition), By Nelson, D.L.; and Cox W. H. Freeman and company Jeffery C. Pommerville (2016). Alcamo's Fundamentals of Micr (Third Edition). Jones and Bartlett Learning. LLC, Burlington, MA Wiley, J.M., Sherwood, L.M. and Wodverton, C.J. 2009. P principle of Microbiology, Mc Graw Hill, New York. Pelczar, Jr., Michael, Chan E. C. S. and Kreig Noel. 2000. Microb 5th Ed. Tata McGraw Hill Book Company 	ry, Lisa; Pearson G; Doi, , M. M. obiology 01803. rescott's piology.
Course Outcomes	 After studying the course, the student will be able to: CO1: Describe how biological observation of 18th century that lead discoveries and Covey that all forms of life have the same buildin and yet the manifestations are as diverse as one can imagine CO2: Identify DNA as a genetic material in the molecular basis of information for transfer. CO3: Classify enzymes and distinguish between different mechanisms of action and Apply thermodynamic principles to biological systems. CO4: Highlight the concepts of recessiveness and dominance during the of genetic materials from parent to offspring CO5: Identify and classify microorganisms. 	to major g blocks ormation ⁷ enzyme passage

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	-	1	1	1	1
CO 3	-	1	1	1	1
CO 4	-	1	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1

Course Title			I	BASIC	ELI	ECT	RONICS	_	_	_	
Course Code	Categor y Sem.		Sem. Credits		Hours		Theory		Practical		Total
				L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	
18BCEU0309	ESC	III	2.5	1	-	3	20	30	30	20	100
Cognitive	K1 Stat	e the Diod	es and appl	ication	s co	verin	ng				
Level	K2 Understand the characteristics of Transistor										
	K3 Apply the Amplifiers in various configurations										
Course Objectives	The Cours The broa und app on lect	e aims objective ad treatme erstanding lications. I the labora ures.	of this Cou nt of the of the devi .ab should tory/practio	rse is t field o ces, in be tak cal use	to pr of E strun ten d e of	rovid Electi ment conc the	le the stu ronics E s and ser urrently. e knowle	dents v ngineer isors us This c edge ga	vith an i ring to sed in C ourse en ained fi	ntroduc facilita ivil Eng mphasiz rom the	ctory and te better gineering zes more e course

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	<i>Diodes and Applications</i> covering, Semiconductor Diode - Ideal versus Practical, Resistance Levels, Diode Equivalent Circuits, Load Line Analysis; Diode as a Switch, Diode as a Rectifier, Half Wave and Full Wave Rectifiers with and without Filters; Breakdown Mechanisms, Zener Diode – Operation and Applications; Opto-Electronic Devices – LEDs, Photo Diode and Applications; Silicon Controlled Rectifier (SCR) – Operation, Construction, Characteristics, Ratings, Applications;	12
Π	<i>Transistor Characteristics</i> covering, Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) – Construction, Operation, Amplifying Action, Common Base, Common Emitter and Common Collector Configurations, Operating Point, Voltage Divider Bias Configuration	12
III	Field Effect Transistor (FET) – Construction, Characteristics of Junction FET, Depletion and Enhancement type Metal Oxide Semiconductor (MOS) FETs, Introduction to CMOScircuits;	12
IV	Transistor Amplifiers and Oscillators covering , Classification, Small Signal Amplifiers – Basic Features, Common Emitter Amplifier, Coupling and Bypass Capacitors, Distortion, AC Equivalent Circuit; Feedback Amplifiers – Principle, Advantages of Negative Feedback, Topologies, Current Series and Voltage Series Feedback Amplifiers; Oscillators – Classification, RC Phase Shift, Wien Bridge, High Frequency LC and Non-Sinusoidal type Oscillators;	12
V	<i>Operational Amplifiers and Applications</i> covering, Introduction to Op-Amp, Differential Amplifier Configurations, CMRR, PSRR, Slew Rate; Block Diagram, Pin Configuration of	12

	741 Op-Amp, Characteristics of Ideal OpAmp, Concept of Virtual Ground:	
	Laboratory Sessions covering, Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Colour Codes), Potentiometers, Switches (SPDT, DPDT and DIP), Bread Boards and Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs); Identification, Specifications, Testing of Active Devices – Diodes, BJTs, JFETs, MOSFETs, Power Transistors, SCRs and LEDs;	
	Study and Operation of Digital Multi Meter, Function / Signal Generator, Regulated Power Supply (RPS), Cathode Ray Oscilloscopes; Amplitude, Phase and Frequency of Sinusoidal Signals using Lissajous Patterns on CRO; (CRO);	
	Experimental Verification of PN Junction Diode Characteristics in A) Forward Bias B) Reverse Bias, Zener Diode Characteristics and Zener Diode as Voltage Regulator, Input and Output Characteristics of BJT in Common Emitter (CE) Configuration, Drain and Transfer Characteristics of JFET in Common Source (CS) Configuration;	
PRACTICALS	Study of Half Wave and Full Wave Rectification, Regulation with Filters, Gain and Bandwidth of BJT Common Emitter (CE) Amplifier, Gain and Bandwidth of JFET Common Source (CS) Amplifier, Gain and Bandwidth of BJT Current Series and Voltage Series Feedback Amplifiers, Oscillation Frequency of BJT based RC Phase Shift, Hartley and Colpitts Oscillators; Op-Amp Applications – Adder, Subtractor, Voltage Follower and Comparator; Op-Amp Applications – Differentiator and Integrator, Square Wave and Triangular Wave Generation, Applications of 555 Timer – Astable and MonostableMultivibrators;	
	Truth Tables and Functionality of Logic Gates – NOT, OR, AND, NOR, NAND, XOR and XNOR Integrated Circuits (ICs); Truth Tables and Functionality of Flip-Flops – SR, JK and D Flip-Flop ICs; Serial-In-Serial-Out and Serial-In-Parallel-Out Shift operations using 4-bit/8-bit Shift Register ICs; Functionality of Up-Down / Decade Counter ICs; (15 Sessions)	
References	 David. A. Bell (2003), Laboratory Manual for Electronic Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall,India SantiramKal (2002), Basic Electronics- Devices, Circuits and IT Fundamentals, Prentice Hall,India Thomas L. Floyd and R. P. Jain (2009), Digital Fundamentals by Pearson Education, 	
	 Circuits and IT Fundamentals, Prentice Hall,India Thomas L. Floyd and R. P. Jain (2009), <i>Digital Fundamentals</i> by Pearson Education, Paul B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino and M.A. Miller (2009), <i>Basic Electronics – A Text-Lab. Manual</i>, 	
	 TMH 5. R. T. Paynter (2009), Introductory Electronic Devices & Circuits, Conventional Flow Version, Pearson 	
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Course Out Comes	CO 1 : state the Diodes and their application covering CO 2 : understand the concept of Transistor Characteristics covering , CO 3 : understand the characteristices of Field Effect Transistor (FET) – CO 4 : Understand the Transistor Amplifiers and Oscillators covering, CO 5 : Apply the Amplifiers concept in various applications to analyze the functions	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3

Course Title	ENGINEERING MECHANICS										
Course Code	Categor Som		Credite	Н	ours		The	ory	Prac	tical	Total
Course Code	У	Sem.	Creatts	L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0310	ESC	III	4	3	1	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Identify system of forces acting on the bodies, static and dynamic conditions. K-2: understand the concepts of equilibrium in three dimensions, method of section and joints. K-3: compute the various forces and angles in various parts of wall crane, roof trusses, pipes etc.,										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To provide an introductory treatment of Engineering Mechanics to all the students of engineering, To provide a working knowledge of statics with emphasis on force equilibrium and free body diagrams. To Provide an understanding of the kinds of stress and deformation and how to determine them in a wide range of simple, practical structural problems, and To provide an understanding of the mechanical behaviour of materials under unrised and different structures. 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Engineering Mechanics covering, Force SystemsBasic concepts, Particle equilibrium in 2-D & 3-D; Rigid Body equilibrium; System of Forces, Coplanar Concurrent Forces, Components in Space – Resultant- Moment of Forces and its Application; Couples and Resultant of Force System, Equilibrium of System of Forces, Free body diagrams, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial Systems; Static Indeterminancy. Friction covering, Types of friction, Limiting friction, Laws of Friction, Static and Dynamic Friction; Motion of Bodies, wedge friction, screw jack & differential screw jack;	12
II	Basic Structural Analysis covering, Equilibrium in three dimensions; Method of Sections; Method of Joints; How to determine if a member is in tension or compression; Simple Trusses; Zero force members; Beams & types of beams; Frames & Machines;	12
III	Centroid and Centre of Gravity covering, Centroid of simple figures from first principle, centroid of composite sections; Centre of Gravity and its implications; Area moment of inertia- Definition, Moment of inertia of plane sections from first principles, Theorems of moment of inertia, Moment of inertia of standard sections and composite sections; Mass moment inertia of circular plate, Cylinder, Cone, Sphere, Hook.	12
IV	Virtual Work and Energy Method- Virtual displacements, principle of virtual work for particle and ideal system of rigid bodies, degrees of	12

	freedom. Active force diagram, systems with friction, mechanical efficiency. Conservative forces and potential energy (elastic and gravitational), energy equation for equilibrium. Applications of energy method for equilibrium. Stability of equilibrium. Review of particle dynamics- Rectilinear motion; Plane curvilinear motion (rectangular, path, and polar coordinates). 3-D curvilinear motion; Relative and constrained motion; Newton's 2nd law (rectangular, path, and polar coordinates). Work-kinetic energy, power, potential energy.Impulse-momentum (linear, angular); Impact (Direct and oblique). Introduction to Kinetics of Rigid Bodies covering, Basic terms, general principles in dynamics; Types of motion, Instantaneous centre of rotation in plane motion and simple problems; D'Alembert's principle and its applications in plane motion and connected bodies; Work energy principle and its application;	
V	Mechanical Vibrations covering, Basic terminology, free and forced vibrations, resonance and its effects; Degree of freedom; Derivation for frequency and amplitude of freevibrations without damping and single degree of freedom system, simple problems, types of pendulum, use of simple, compound and torsion pendulums; Tutorialsfrom the above Units covering, To find the various forces and angles including resultants in various parts of wall crane, roof truss, pipes, etc.; To verify the line of polygon on various forces; To find coefficient of friction between various materials on inclined plan; Free body diagrams various systems including block-pulley; To verify the principle of moment in the disc apparatus; Helical block; To draw a load efficiency curve for a screw jack	12
References	 Irving H. Shames (2006), Engineering Mechanics, 4th Edition, Prentice Hall F. P. Beer and E. R. Johnston (2011), Vector Mechanics for Engineers, Vol I - Statics, Vol II, – Dynamics, 9th Ed, Tata McGraw Hill R. C. Hibbler (2006), Engineering Mechanics: Principles of Statics and Dynamics, Pearson Press. Andy Ruina and Rudra Pratap (2011), Introduction to Statics and Dynamics, Oxford University Press Shanes and Rao (2006), Engineering Mechanics, Pearson Education, Hibler and Gupta (2010),Engineering Mechanics (Statics, Dynamics) by Pearson Education Reddy Vijaykumar K. and K. Suresh Kumar(2010), Singer's Engineering Mechanics Bansal R.K.(2010), A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics, Laxmi Publications Khurmi R.S. (2010), Engineering Mechanics, S. Chand & Co. 10. Tayal A.K. (2010), Engineering Mechanics, Umesh Publications 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	2	2	-	1
CO 2	2	3	3	1	1
CO 3	2	2	3	1	2
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	1	1	1	2	1

Course Title	MECHANICAL ENGINEERING										
Course Code	L Categor Semeste Coulity Hours Theory Practic							Iours Theory Pract		ctical	Tatal
Course Code	y	r	Creatts	L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0311	ESC	III	3	2	1	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K1: state the basic concepts of mechanical engineering K2: understand the principles of thermodynamics and properties of pure substance K3: Relate the Ideal and real gases with thermodynamics 										
Course Objectives	 K3: Relate the Ideal and real gases with thermodynamics The Course aims Students can understand the basics of mechanical Engineering and their importance They can understand the fundamental of thermodynamics and their applications 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Basic Concepts- Basic concepts - concept of continuum, macroscopic approach, Thermodynamic systems - closed, open and isolated. Property, state, path and process, quasistatic process, work, modes of work. Zeroth law of thermodynamics, concept of temperature and heat. Concept of ideal and real gases. First Law of Thermodynamics- Concepts of Internal Energy, Specific Heat Capacities, Enthalpy. Energy Balance for Closed and Open Systems, Energy Balance for Steady-Flow Systems. Steady- Flow Engineering Devices. Energy Balance for Unsteady-Flow	9
П	Second Law of Thermodynamics- Thermal energy reservoirs, heat engines energy conversion, Kelvin's and Clausius statements of second law, the Carnot cycle, the Carnot Theorem, the thermodynamic temperature scale, the Carnot heat engine, efficiency, the Carnot refrigerator and heat pump, COP. Clausius inequality, concept of entropy, principle of increase of entropy – availability, the increase of entropy principle, perpetual-motion machines, reversible and irreversible processes, Entropy change of pure substances, isentropic processes, property diagrams involving entropy, entropy change of liquids and solids, the entropy change of ideal gases, reversible steady-flow work, minimizing the compressor work, isentropic efficiencies of steady-flow devices, and entropy balance. Energy a measure of work potential, including work potential of energy, reversible work and irreversibility, second-law efficiency, energy change of a system, energy transfer by heat, work, and mass, the decrease of energy principle and energy destruction energy balance: closed systems	9

	and control volumes energy balance.						
III	Properties Of Pure Substance- Properties of pure substances. Thermodynamic properties of pure substances in solid, liquid and vapour phases. Phase rule, P-V, P-T, T-V, T-S, H-S diagrams, PVT surfaces. Thermodynamic properties of steam. Calculations of work done and heat transfer in non- flow and flow processes.Power Cycles- Vapour and combined power cycles, including the Carnot vapor cycle, Rankine cycle: the ideal cycle for vapor power, the ideal reheat and regenerative and the second-law analysis of vapour power cycles. Gas power cycles, including basic considerations in the analysis of power cycles, the Carnot cycle and its value in engineering, an overview of reciprocating engines, air standard assumptions, gasoline engine Otto cycle diesel engine cycle, gasturbine Brayton cycle, and the second-law analysis of gas power cycles.	9					
IV	Ideal and Real Gases and Thermodynamic Relations- Gas mixtures – properties ideal and real gases. Equation of state, Avogadro's Law, Vander Waal's equation of state, Compressibility factor, compressibility chart. Dalton's lawof partial pressure.Exact differentials, T-D relations, Maxwell's relations. Clausius Clapeyron equations, Joule – Thomson coefficient.	9					
V	Psychrometry and psychrometric charts property calculations of air vapour mixtures. Psychrometric processs – Sensible heat exchange processes. Latent heat exchange processes. Adiabatic mixing, evaporative cooling.Use of standard thermodynamic tables, Mollier diagram, Psychometric chart and Refrigerant property tables. Refrigeration cycles, including refrigerators and heat pumps, the ideal reversed Carnot vapour-compression refrigeration cycle, actual vapor-compression refrigeration cycles, heat pump systems, gas refrigeration cycles, and absorption refrigeration systems.	9					
References	 Nag.P.K., "Engineering Thermodynamics", Tata McGraw-Hill, NewDelhi. Cengel, Thermodynamics – AnEngineeringApproach <i>Tata</i> <i>McGraw Hill,New</i> Delhi. Sonntag, R. E., Borgnakke, C., &Wylen, G. J. V. Fundamentals of thermodynamics: Wiley. Moran, M. J., Shapiro, H. N., Boettner, D. D., & Bailey, M. Fundamentals of Engineering . Thermodynamics: John Wiley & Sons. Jones, J. B., & Dugan, R. E. Engineering thermodynamics: PrenticeHall. Potter, M. C., & Somerton, C. W. Schaum's Outline of Thermodynamics for Engineers, McGraw-Hill. 						

Course Out Comes	 CO 1 : understand the concepts of basic mechanical engineering and their components CO 2 : understand the principles of second law of thermodynamics CO 3 : understand the properties of pure substance and their analysis CO 4 : Relate the thermodynamics principles with ideal and real gases CO 5 : Analysis the Psychrometry and psychrometric charts 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3

Course Title	ENERGY SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING										
	Categor	Semeste	G 14	Hours			Th	eory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	y	r	Credits	L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0311	ESC	III	3	2	1	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 : Recal K2 : Under K3 : Appl building m	 K1 : Recall the scientific principles and environmental and climate issue related energy K2 : Understand the energy resources and various energy systems K3 : Apply the energy principles in various civil engineering projects like green building, building materials etc 									
Course Objectives	The course The stude scientific e their techn energy der and nuclea biomass (c nuclear. H perspective engineerin manner.	e aim is nts can un examination iology and a mands, exan ir energy, an conversions) Energy con e. The know g systems/ j	derstand er of the energ application. nine conver nd then focu), wind pow servation r wledge acqu projects deal	nergy s gy field The clantional us on al er, wav nethods uired la ling wit	yster and ass wener terna es ar s we s we s a h the	ms a an e will e gy so atives nd tie ill b a goo ese e	and ren emphasis explore ources a s, renew dal, geo dal, geo be emp od foun nergy g	ewable e s on altern society's and system vable ener thermal, of hasized dation fo eneration	nergy r native er present ns, incl gy sour ocean th from C r desigr paradig	esources nergy sou needs an uding for ces such termal, h livil Eng to of vari- ms in an	, with a irces and nd future ssil fuels as solar, ydro and gineering ous civil efficient

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	<i>Introduction to Energy Science:</i> Scientific principles and historical interpretation to <i>place energy</i> use in the context of pressing societal, environmental and climate issues; Introduction to energy systems and resources; Introduction to Energy, sustainability & the environment	9
П	<i>Energy Sources:</i> Overview of energy systems, sources, transformations, efficiency, and storage. Fossil fuels (coal, oil, oil-bearing shale and sands, coal gasification) - past, present & future, Remedies & alternatives for fossil fuels - biomass, wind, solar, nuclear, wave, tidal and hydrogen; Sustainability and environmental trade-offs of different energy systems; possibilities for energy storage or regeneration (Ex. Pumped storage hydro power projects, superconductor-based energy storages, high efficiencybatteries)	9
III	<i>Energy & Environment:</i> Energy efficiency and conservation; introduction to clean energy technologies and its importance in sustainable development; Carbon footprint, energy consumption and sustainability; introduction to the economics of energy; How the economic system determines production and consumption; linkages between economic and environmental outcomes; How future energy use can be influenced by economic, environmental, trade, and research policy	9
IV	Civil Engineering Projects connected with the Energy Sources: Coal mining technologies, Oil exploration offshore platforms,	9

	Underground and under-sea oil pipelines, solar chimney project, wave energy caissons, coastal installations for tidal power, wind mill towers; hydro power stations above-ground and underground along with associated dams, tunnels, penstocks, etc.; Nuclear reactor containment buildings and associated buildings, design and construction constraints and testing procedures for reactor containment buildings; Spent Nuclear fuel storage and disposal systems	
V	<i>Engineering for Energy conservation:</i> Concept of Green Building and Green Architecture; Green building concepts (Green building encompasses everything from the choice of building materials to where a building is located, how it is designed and operated); <i>LEED ratings;</i> Identification of energy related enterprises that represent the breath of the industry and prioritizing these as candidates; Embodied energy analysis and use as a tool for measuring sustainability. Energy Audit of Facilities and optimization of energy consumption	9
References	 Rao,S. and Parulekar,R.B., Energy Technology - "Non- Conventional, Renewable and Conventional", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 1995. Rai, G.D., "Non-Conventional Sources of Energy", Khanna Publishers, Delhi 1995. Venugopal,K. "Basic Mechanical Engineering" New Age International Private Ltd., New Delhi 1991. Gulp,A.G., "Principles of Energy Conversion" McGraw Hill Book Company, 1994. T.D.Eastop & D.R.Croft, "Energy Efficiency for Engineers and Technologists" Longmen 1990 	
Course Out Comes	The students can able to CO1 : understand the scientific Principles and historical interpretation in the context of pressing societal, environmental and climate issues and Introduction to energy systems and resources CO2 : Understand the various energy resources and energy systems CO3 : understand the various Energy Technologies and sustainable Development CO 4 : Apply the Energy sources in civil engineering Projects CO 5 : Identify the energy related enterprises and industries and apply the concept on green building for sustainbility	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3

Course Title	ENGINEERING GEOLOGY										
Course Code	Categor	Semeste	Cradita	Hours			Theory		Practical		Total
Course Code	У	r	Creatts	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0311	ESC	III	2	1	-	2	20	30	30	20	100
Cognitive	K1- Identify the rock forming minerals K2-Understand the role of geology in civil engineering										
Level	K3-Apply	K3-Apply the knowledge of structural feature of rocks in Civil construction									
Course	At the end of this course the student shall be able to understand about geological formations,										
Objectives	cla	classification and morphology of rocks, and the importance of the study of geology for civil									
U U	en	gineers with	regard to four	lung st	ructu	res m	ke uams,	bridges, b	unungs,	eic.	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours	
Ι	GENERAL GEOLOGY: Geology in Civil Engineering – Branches of Geology – Earth Structures and Composition – Elementary Knowledge on Continental Drift and Plate Technologies. Earth Processes – Weathering – Geological Work of Rivers, Wind and Sea and their Engineering Importance – Earthquake Belts in India. Groundwater – Mode of Occurrence – Prospecting – Importance in Civil Engineering.	9	
Π	MINERALOGY: Elementary Knowledge on Symmetry Elements of Important Crystallographic Systems – Physical Properties of Minerals – Study of the Following Rock Forming Minerals – Quartz Group, Feldpar Group, Pyroxene Group, Amphibole Group and Mica Group. Fundamentals of Process of Formation of Ore Minerals – Identification of Minerals - Coal and Petroleum – Their Origin and Occurrence in India-	9	
III	PETROLOGY : Classification of Rocks – Distinction between Igneous, Sedimentary and Metamorphic Rocks. Description of Structures, Textures and Mode of Occurrence, Engineering Properties, Distribution and uses of following rocks. Igneous Rocks – Granite, Syenite, Diorite, Gabbro, Pegmatite, Dolerite and Basalt; Sedimentary Rocks - Sandstone, Limestone, Shale, Laterite, Conglomerate and Breccia; Metamorphic Rocks - Quartizite, Marble, Slate, Phyllite, Gniess, Charnockite and Schist – Identification of Rocks.	9	
IV	STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICAL METHOD: Attitude of Beds – Outcrops – Introduction to Geological Maps – Study of Structures – Folds: Parts, classification of folds, Causes of folding. Faults: Parts, classification of fold, Causes of folding. Joints: Classification and Occurrence and origin of joints – Importance of structures on Engineering Construction. Seismic and Electrical Methods for Civil Engineering Investigations.	9	

V	GEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING: Geological Conditions necessary for Construction of Reservoirs and Dams, Tunnels, Buildings, Road Cuttings - Important building stones - Improvement of sites. Causes and Preventions of Land Slides –. Sea Erosion and Coastal Protection structures.	9
References	 I. Parbin Singh. "Engineering and General Geology", S.K. Kataria & Sons, Katson Publishing House Ludhiana, 8th Edition, reprint 2011- 12. Chenna Kesavulu N. "Textbook of Engineering Geology", Macmillan India Ltd., 2009 Venkat Reddy D. "Engineering Geology", Vikas Publishers, 2010 ISBN-978-81259-9032 Krynine and Judd. "Engineering Geology and Geotechniques", CBS Publisher,2005 Tyrrell "Principles of Petrology", B.I. Publications, Bombay 1989 Billings P Marland. "Structural Geology", 3rd Edition, PHI Learning, 2008 Varghese P. C "Engineering Geology for Civil Engineers", PHI Learning Private Ltd, M-97, Connaught Circus, New Delhi -2012 	
Course Out Comes	 CO1:describe the importance of geology in Civil engineering CO2:Assess the role of structural features and rocks in civil construction CO3:Describe the different types of minerals and rocks CO4: Predict the natural disasters to prevent failure of civil projects CO5: Describe the investigating techniques for site selection 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	2
CO 2	2	1	1	1	2
CO 3	2	1	1	2	2
CO 4	3	2	1	2	3
CO 5	3	1	1	1	2

Course Title		Disaster preparedness and planning									
Course Code	Categor	Semeste	Creadita	Hours			Theory		Practical		Tatal
Course Code	У	r	Creans	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0314	PCC	III	2	1	1	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- state t K2-Unders	K1- state the fundamentals of disaster Vulnerability K2-Understand the natural and man-made disasters									
	K3-interpredit the impact and consequences of various disasters										
Course Objectives	The i) To ii) Man iii) iv).	objectives o Understa To Unders nagement To Unders To Unders	of the cour nd basic co tand Defin stand Type: tand the Cl	rse are incepts itions s and (nalleng	in I and Categ	Disas Tern gorie osec	ster Ma ninolog es of Di l by Dis	nagemen ies used sasters sasters	ıt in Disa	ster	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction - Concepts and definitions: disaster, hazard, vulnerability, risks- severity, frequency and details, capacity, impact, prevention, mitigation).	6
Π	Disasters - Disasters classification; natural disasters (floods, draught, cyclones, volcanoes, earthquakes, tsunami, landslides, coastal erosion, soil erosion, forest fires etc.); manmade disasters (industrial pollution, artificial flooding in urban areas, nuclear radiation, chemical spills, transportation accidents, terrorist strikes, etc.); hazard and vulnerability profile of India, mountain and coastal areas, ecological fragility.	6
III	Disaster Impacts - Disaster impacts (environmental, physical, social, ecological, economic, political, etc.); health, psycho-social issues; demographic aspects (gender, age, special needs); hazard locations; global and national disaster trends; climate change and urban disasters.	6
IV	Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) - Disaster management cycle – its phases; prevention, mitigation, preparedness, relief and recovery; structural and non-structural measures; risk analysis, vulnerability and capacity assessment; early warning systems, Post- disaster environmental response (water, sanitation, food safety, waste management, disease control, security, communications); Roles and	6

	responsibilitie institutions, N legislation for India and the Authority.	s of g NGOs and disaster ris activities	overnment, other stakeho sk reduction, E of National Di	community, lders; Policies DRR programn isaster Manage	local s and nes in ement				
V	Disasters, En affecting vuln projects and dams, land- un environmental development r	nvironment nerability s environme se changes, friendly nethods.	and Develo such as impac ental modificat urbanization e recovery; 1	opment - Fa t of developn tions (includir tc.), sustainabl reconstruction	actors nental ng of e and and	6			
References	 http Auti http man Prac Prer Sing Mar Pub Gho Corj Disa Mec EM3 T. Inter 200 Psyce IAS 	 development methods. 1. http://ndma.gov.in/ (Home page of National Disaster Management Authority) 2. http://www.ndmindia.nic.in/ (National Disaster management in India, Ministry of Home Affairs). 3. Pradeep Sahni, 2004, Disaster Risk Reduction in South Asia, Prentice Hall. 4. Singh B.K., 2008, Handbook of Disaster Management: Techniques & Guidelines, Rajat Publication. 5. Ghosh G.K., 2006, Disaster Management, APH Publishing Corporation 6. Disaster Medical Systems Guidelines. Emergency Medical Services Authority, State of California, EMSA no.214, June 2003 7. Inter Agency Standing Committee (IASC) (Feb. 2007). IASC Guidelines on Mental Health and Psychosocial Support in Emergency Settings. Geneva: LASC 							
Course Out Comes	CO1: The appli CO2: Analyzin CO3: Ability to CO4: Realizatio CO5: To under	cation of Di- g Relationsh o understand on of the resp stand Impact	saster Concepts f ip between Deve Categories of D ponsibilities to se ts of Disasters K	to Management elopment and Di isasters and ociety ey Skills	sasters.				
	Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5			
	CO 1	3	2	1	2	2			
	CO 2	2	1	1	1	2			
	CO 3	2	1	1	2	2			
	CO 4	3	2	1	2	3			
	CO 5	3	1	1	1	2			

Course Title		EFFECTIVE TECHNICAL COMMUNICATION										
Course Code	Categor	Semeste	Credits	Hours			Theory		Practical		Tatal	
Course Code	У	r		L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total	
18ENGU03F2	HSMC	III	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100	
Cognitive Level	K1 : Reca K2 : und K3 : A	 K1 : Recall the fundamentals of communication K2 : understand the technical communication procedure K3 : Apply the communication skill in various situations 										
Course Objectives	The Cour • St in • Th ap	se aims udents can portance ney can pplications	understan	id the the	bas fune	ics o dame	of mecl ental c	hanical	Enginee nodynar	ering a nics ar	nd their 1d their	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	Basics of Communication	
1	Barriers to communication	0
П	Communication and Language skills	6
	Communicating in a global language	0
	Resumes and cover letters	
III	Group Discussions	6
	Business Communication	
IV	Intercultural Communication	6
V	Profession Communication	6
•	Interviews	
References	Krishnaswamy, Dhariwal and Krishnaswamy, Mastering communication skill	
	and soft skill, Blomsburry, 2015	
	After completion of the Course students should able to	
	CO1: Understand the basics of communications	
Course Out	CO2: Understand Communication and Language skills	
Comes	CO3: Understand to prepare resume and cover letter	
	CO4: Understand business Communication	
	CO5: Understand Profession Communication Interviews	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	1	1	1	2
CO 2	2	1	2	1	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	2
CO 4	3	2	1	2	1
CO 5	2	1	1	2	1

Course Title		CIVIL ENGINEERING SOCIETAL AND GLOBAL IMPACTS									
Course Code	Category	Compostor	Credita	H	ours		Th	eory	Pra	ctical	Total
Course Code		Semester	Creans	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0315	HSMC	III	2	2	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 : sta K2 : un developm K3 : A	 K1: state the basic concepts of Global impacts K2: understand the various Codes and Standards governing Infrastructure development; K3: Apply the Project Management paradigms and Systems. 									
Course Objectives	The Cour • St in • Th ap	se aims udents can portance ney can pplications	understan	the the	bas fune	ics o dame	of mecl	hanical l	Enginee 10dynar	ering a nics ar	nd their 1d their

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Course and Overview; Understanding the past to look into the future: Pre-industrial revolution days, Agricultural revolution, first and second industrial revolutions, IT revolution; Recent major Civil Engineering breakthroughs and innovations; Present day world and future projections, Ecosystems in Society and in Nature; the steady erosion in Sustainability; Global warming, its impact and possible causes; Evaluating future requirements for various resources; GIS and applications for monitoring systems; Human Development Index and Ecological Footprint of India Vs other countries and analysis; Understanding the importance of Civil Engineering in shaping and impacting the world; The ancient and modern Marvels and Wonders in the field of Civil Engineering; Future Vision for Civil Engineering	6
Π	Infrastructure - Habitats, Megacities, Smart Cities, futuristic visions; Transportation (Roads, Railways & Metros, Airports, Seaports, River ways, Sea canals, Tunnels (below ground, under water); Futuristic systems (ex, Hyper Loop)); Energy generation (Hydro, Solar (Photovoltaic, Solar Chimney), Wind, Wave, Tidal, Geothermal, Thermal energy); Water provisioning; Telecommunication needs (towers, above-ground and underground cabling); Awareness of various Codes & Standards governing Infrastructure development; Innovations and methodologies for	6

	ensuring Sustainability;		
III	Environment- Traditional & futuristic methods; Solid waste management, Water purification, Wastewater treatment & Recycling, Hazardous waste treatment; Flood control (Dams, Canals, River interlinking), Multi-purpose water projects, Atmospheric pollution; Global warming phenomena and Pollution Mitigation measures, Stationarity and non- stationarity; Environmental Metrics & Monitoring; Other Sustainability measures; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability.	6	
IV	Built environment – Facilities management, Climate control; Energy efficient built environments and LEED ratings, Recycling, Temperature/ Sound control in built environment, Security systems; Intelligent/ Smart Buildings; Aesthetics of built environment, Role of Urban Arts Commissions; Conservation, Repairs & Rehabilitation of Structures & Heritage structures; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability	6	
V	Civil Engineering Projects – Environmental Impact Analysis procedures; Waste (materials, manpower, equipment) avoidance/ Efficiency increase; Advanced construction techniques for better sustainability; Techniques for reduction of Green House Gas emissions in various aspects of Civil Engineering Projects; New Project Management paradigms & Systems (Ex. Lean Construction), contribution of Civil Engineering to GDP, Contribution toemployment(projects, facilities management), Quality of products, Health & Safety aspects for stakeholders; Innovations and methodologies for ensuring Sustainability during Project development;	6	
References	 Ž iga Turk (2014), Global Challenges and the Role of Civil Engineering, Chapter 3 in: Fischinger M. (eds) Performance- Based Seismic Engineering: Vision for and Earthquake Resilient Society. Geotechnical, Geological and Earthquake Engineering, Vol. 32. Springer, Dordrecht Brito, Ciampi, Vasconcelos, Amarol, Barros (2013) Engineering impacting Social, Economical and Working Environment, 120th ASEE Annual Conference and Exposition NAE Grand Challenges for Engineering (2006), Engineering for the Developing World, The Bridge, Vol 34, No.2, Summer 2004. Allen M. (2008) Cleansing the city. Ohio University Press. Athens Ohio. Ashley R., Stovin V., Moore S., Hurley L., Lewis L., Saul A. 		

	(2010). London Tideway Tunnels Programme – Thames Tunnel	
	Project Needs Report – Potential source control and SUDS	
	applications: Land use and retrofit options	
	6. http://www.thamestunnelconsultation.co.uk/consultation-	
	documents.aspx	
	CO1:The impact which Civil Engineering projects have on the Society	
	at large and on the global arena and using resources efficiently and	
	effectively.	
Course Out	CO2: The extent of Infrastructure, its requirements for energy and how	
Comos	they are met: past, present and future	
Comes	CO3: The Sustainability of the Environment, including its Aesthetics,	
	CO4: The potentials of Civil Engineering for Employment creation	
	and its Contribution to the GDP	
	CO5:The Built Environment and factors impacting the Quality of Life	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	1	1	1	2
CO 2	2	1	2	1	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	2
CO 4	3	2	1	2	1
CO 5	2	1	1	2	1

Course Title		VILLAGE PLACEMENT PROGRAMME									
Commo Codo	Category	Comparton	Crue dita	H	ours		Th	eory	Pra	ctical	Tatal
Course Code		Semester	Creatis	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18EXNU03VI	MC	III	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	50
Cognitive Level	K4 : Ar K5 : asses K3 : D	 K4: Analyse the issues in the village K5: asses the various village problem related to Civil Engineering K3: Develop the master plan to resolve the village problems. 									
Course Objectives	The Cour • St ne • St	 C3: Develop the master plan to resolve the village problems. Course aims Students can be able to understand the reality of people life style and their needs Students can be able to develop the plan for Civil Engineering issues 									

SEMESTER - IV

Course Title	LIFE SCIENCE										
Course Colle	Catego	Catego		Hours		Theory		Practical		T-4-1	
Course Code	ry	Sem.	Creatis	L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0416	BSC	IV	1+1	1	-	2	20	30	30	20	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Kno K-2 App K-3 Ana	K-1 Knowledge and ComprehensionK-2 ApplicationK-3 Analysis, Synthesis and Evaluation									
Course Objectives	The cours • to • to • to • to bi • to	e aims enhance th acquire an develop ki make the otechnolog give pract	ne student's overall kno nowledge o students kno Sy ical exposu	know owledg n envir owledg re on v	vledg ge or ronn geab	ge or n ecc nenta le or	n biodivo osystem al pollut n molecu iologica	ersity ar and pop ion and ilar tech l technic	nd its con pulation manage niques a ques	nservati ecology ment ind	ion 7

UNIT	Content	No.of Hours
I	Unit I : Biodiversity Plant System - basic concepts of plant growth, nutrition, photosynthesis respiration and nitrogen fixation. Animal System- elementary study of digestive-respiratory-circulatory-excretory systems and their functions. Microbial System: history - types of microbes - economic importance and control of microbes. Biodiversity conservation strategies - <i>In-situ</i> <i>and Ex-situ</i> .	5
II	Unit II: Ecosystem Components and types- Terrestrial- Forest and grassland- Aquatic- Freshwater and marine – Food chain, food web and Ecological Pyramids- Biogeochemical cycles- Oxygen, Carbon, nitrogen, sulphur and phosphorus- Population Ecology.	5
III	Unit III: Environmental Pollution and management Types- Air, water, soil and radiation- Sources and control- Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)- Steps and methods- public participations in environmental Audit- Environmental Protection Acts- Air, Water, forest and wildlife.	5
IV	Unit IV: Molecular genetics & Biotechnology Basic concepts of molecular genetics – DNA& RNA, gene, gene regulation, e.g., Operon concept. History and Scope of biotechnology – Plant & animal tissue culture- Methods and applications in agriculture, medicine and health - Recombinant DNA technology- Techniques and applications.	5
V	Unit -V: Laboratory & Fieldwork Sessions Observation of different life forms on spotters(Algae, fungi, bryophytes, gymnosperms and angiosperms); Observation on structure of monocot and dicot flowers; Estimation of O ₂ evolution and rate of respiration;Estimation of Osmotic potential by plasmolytic method;	15

References	Quadrate study on population; Estimation of BOD & COD; seminar/ projects on EIA; Enumeration of bacteria from soil and water samples: bacterial isolation – pour plate, spread plate & Streak plate techniques; experiment on bacteriological staining; determination of bacterial growth curve; DNA isolation and analysis using UV –VIS spectroscopy and Gel electrophoresis
Neter Chices	Text/Reference Books:
	 Biology: A global approach: Campbell. N. A.; Reece, J. B.; Urry, Lisa; Cain, M, L.; Wasserman, S. A; Minorsky, P. V.; Jackson, R. B. Pearson Education Ltd Outlines of Biochemistry, Conn, E.E; Stumpf, P. K; Bruening, G; Doi, R.H. John Wiley and sons Principles of Biochemistry (V Edition), By Nelson, D.L.; and Cox, M. M. W. H. Freeman and company Molecular genetics (Second edition), Stent, G. S.; and Calender, R. W.H. Freeman and company, Distributed by Satish kumar jain for CBS publisher Jeffery C. Pommerville (2016). Alcamo's Fundamentals of Microbiology (Third Edition). Jones and Bartlett Learning. LLC, Burlington, MA 01803. Wiley, J.M., Sherwood, L.M. and Wodverton, C.J. 2009. Prescott's principle of Microbiology, Mc Graw Hill, New York. Pelczar, Jr., Michael, Chan E. C. S. and Kreig Noel. 2000. Microbiology. 5th Ed. Tata McGraw Hill Book Company
Course	After studying the course, the student will be able to:
Outcomes	CO1: Describe various biodiversity and its physiological roles and conservation stategies
	CO2: Classify ecosystem and describe biogeocycle CO3: Identify environmental pollution and to find the solution to control or min
	imize effects of contaminants
	CO4: Highlight the concepts of molecular genetics and biotechnology and their scopes
	CO5: demonstrate the various biological experiments on biodiversity, pollution and bacteriological culture techniques

CO/PO) PO				PSO					Mean Score of Cos	
	1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5	
CO1											
CO2											
CO3											
CO4											
CO5											
Mean Overall Score											

ourse Title		IN	TRODUC	TION	S TO	0 SC)LID I	MECHA	NICS		
	Catego	Somost		Hours			Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0417	PCC	IV	2+1.5	2	-	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	K-1: Define the basic concepts and definitions of stress strain, shearforce ,bending moment properties of solid sectionsK-2: Understand the concept of simple pending and torsion and hoop stress.K-3: solve the problems related to solids stress , shear force, bending moment, simple pending torsion and hoop stress for thin cylinders.										
Course Objectives	 To dev concepts To und To fam various ty To enal 	elop the t in various of erstand the iliarize abor pes of bear ble student	heoretical components mechanica out finding ms with dif s to solve p	basis s. al beha shear f ferent ractica	abo vior force load	ut th of n e, ber l con obler	ne stre nateria nding r ditions ms rela	ess, strair ls. noment, o s ited to spi	n and deflect	elastic in and s	modulus slopes in

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Simple Stresses and Strains- Simple Stresses and Strains- Concept of stress and strain, St. Venant's principle, stress and strain diagram, Elasticity and plasticity – Types of stresses and strains, Hooke's law– stress – strain diagram for mild steel – Working stress – Factor of safety – Lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Elastic moduli and the relationship between them – Bars of varying section – composite bars – Temperature stresses. Strain Energy – Resilience– Gradual, sudden, impact and shock loadings – simple applications. Compound Stresses and Strains- Two dimensional system, stress at a point on a plane, principal stresses and principal planes, Mohr circle of stress, ellipse of stress and their applications. Two dimensional stress-strain system, principal strains and principal axis of strain, circle of strain and ellipse of strain. Relationship between elastic constants.	11
II	<i>Bending moment and Shear Force Diagrams-</i> Bending moment (BM) and shear force (SF) diagrams.BM and SF diagrams for cantilevers simply supported and fixed beams with or without overhangs. Calculation of maximum BM and SF and the point of contra flexure under concentrated loads, uniformly distributed loads over the whole span or part of span, combination of concentrated loads (two or three) and uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads, application of moments. <i>Slope and deflection-</i> Relationship between moment, slope and deflection, Moment area method, Macaulay's method. Use of these methods to calculate slope and deflection for determinant beams.	11
III	Flexural Stresses-Theory of simple bending – Assumptions –	11

	Derivation of bending equation: $M/I = f/y = E/R$ - Neutral axis –	
	Determination of bending stresses – Section modulus of rectangular and	
	circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I,T, Angle and Channel sections –	
	Design of simple beam sections.	
	Shear Stresses- Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution across	
	various beam sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, T angle	
	sections.	
	Torsion- Derivation of torsion equation and its assumptions. Applications	
	of the equation of the hollow and solid circular shafts, torsional rigidity,	
IV	Combined torsion and bending of circular shafts, principal stress and	10
	maximum shear stresses under combined loading of bending and torsion.	
	Analysis of close-coiled-helical springs.	
	Thin Cylinders and Spheres- Derivation of formulae and calculations of	10
V	hoop stress, longitudinal stress in a cylinder, and sphere subjected to	10
	internal pressures.	
Practicals	List of Experiments:	
	• Tension test	
	 Bending tests on simply supported beam and Cantilever beam 	
	Compression test on concrete	
	Impact test	
	Shear test	
	 Investigation of Hock's law that is the propertional relation 	
	• Investigation of flook s law that is the proportional relation	
	Determination of targing and deflection	
	• Determination of torsion and deflection,	
	• Measurement of forces on supports in statically determinate	
	beam,	
	• Determination of shear forces in beams,	
	• Determination of bending moments in beams,	
	• Measurement of deflections in statically determinate beam,	
	• Measurement of strain in a bar	
	• Bend test steel bar;	
	• Yield/tensile strength of steel bar;	
References	1. Timoshenko, S. and Young, D. H., " Elements of Strength of	
	Materials", DVNC, New York, USA.	
	2. Kazmi, S. M. A., "Solid Mechanics" TMH, Delhi, India.	
	3. Hibbeler, R. C. Mechanics of Materials. 6th ed. East Rutherford,	
	NJ: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2004	
	4. Crandall, S. H., N. C. Dahl, and T. J. Lardner. An Introduction to	
	the Mechanics of Solids. 2nd ed. New York, NY: McGraw Hill,	
	19/9	
	5. Laboratory Manual of Testing Materials - William Kendrick Hall	
	6. Mechanics of Materials - Ferdinand P. Beer, E. RusselJhonston	
	Jr., John I. DEwolf– 1MH 2002.	
	/. Strength of Materials by K. Subramanian, Oxford University	
	Press, New Deini.	

Course	On completion of the course, students should be able to do	
Out Comes	CO1: Understand the basic principles of stress-strain concepts CO2 calculate the shear forece and bending moments of various types of beams CO3 Understand the principles of simple pending and its theory CO4 able to find the torsion for cylinders and shaft CO5 understand the internal pressure of the cylindrical section and its stress	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	3	1	1	2
CO 2	3	1	3	1	2
CO 3	1	1	1	1	1
CO 4	1	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	2	1	1	1

Course Title	INTRODUCTION TO FLUID MECHANICS										
	Catego	Somost		Hours			Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0418	PCC	IV	2+1.5	2	-	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	K-1: Define the basic concepts and definitions of fluid properties K-2: Understand the concept of fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics. K-3: solve the problems related to fluids deals with pipe flow, open channel flow, jets, turbines and pumps etc										
Course Objectives	The Cour • To ap • To • M co m. • To wi sp pe	se aims introduce plications. provides easuremen omponents any engine o analyse e ith pipe fl illways, c erspective	e the conce a first level t of pressu and the co ering proble engineering ow, open ulverts, riv	epts of expos re, co oncepts ems. ; probl channe ver ar	flu ure f mpu s of ems el fl ad §	to flu tatio Buc inv ow, groun	nechan nid stat ons of oyancy olving jets, t ndwate	ics usefu ics, kiner hydrostat all find fluids – urbines a r flow	l in C natics a ic forc useful such a and pu - with	ivil Eng and dyna es on st applica as those mps, da a mec	ineering mics. tructural tions in dealing ms and chanistic

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Basic Concepts and Definitions – Distinction between a fluid and a solid; Density, Specific weight, Specific gravity, Kinematic and dynamic viscosity; variation of viscosity with temperature, Newton law of viscosity; vapour pressure, boiling point, cavitation; surface tension, capillarity, Bulk modulus of elasticity, compressibility.	11
Π	Fluid Statics - Fluid Pressure: Pressure at a point, Pascals law, pressure variation with temperature, density and altitude. Piezometer, U-Tube Manometer, Single ColumnManometer, U-Tube Differential Manometer, Micromanometers. pressure gauges, Hydrostatic pressure and force: horizontal, vertical and inclined surfaces. Buoyancy and stability of floating bodies.	11
III	Fluid Kinematics- Classification of fluid flow : steady and unsteady flow; uniform and non-uniform flow; laminar and turbulent flow; rotational and irrotational flow; compressible and incompressible flow; ideal and real fluid flow; one, two and three dimensional flows; Stream line, path line, streak line and stream tube; stream function, velocity potential function. One-, two- and three -dimensional continuity equations in Cartesian coordinates	11

IV	Fluid Dynamics- Surface and body forces; Equations of motion - Euler's equation; Bernoulli's equation – derivation; Energy Principle; Practical applications of Bernoulli's equation : venturimeter, orifice meter and pitot tube; Momentum principle; Forces exerted by fluid flow on pipe bend; Vortex Flow – Free and Forced;	10
V	Dimensional Analysis and Dynamic Similitude - Definitions of Reynolds Number, Froude Number, Mach Number, Weber Number and Euler Number; Buckingham's π -Theorem.	10
References	 Write a technical laboratory report Fluid Mechanics Laboratory Measurement of viscosity Study of Pressure Measuring Devices Stability of Floating Body Hydrostatics Force on Flat Surfaces/Curved Surfaces Verification of Bernoulli's Theorem Venturimeter Orifice meter Impacts of jets Flow Visualisation -Ideal Flow Length of establishment of flow Velocity distribution in pipes Laminar Flow Fluid Mechanics and Machinery, C.S.P.Ojha, R. Berndtsson and P. N. Chadramouli, Oxford University Press, 2010 Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, P M Modi and S M Seth, Standard Book House Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K. Subramanya, Tata McGraw Hill Fluid Mechanics with Engineering Applications, R.L. Daugherty, J.B. Franzini and E.J. Finnemore, International Student Edition, McGraw Hill. 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be able to do CO1: Understand the broad principles of fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics CO2 Understand definitions of the basic terms used in fluid mechanics CO3 Understand classifications of fluid flow CO4 Be able to apply the continuity, momentum and energy principles CO5 Be able to apply dimensional analysis 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	3	1	1	1
CO 2	2	1	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	2	2	2
CO 4	1	1	1	2	1
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1

Course Title		SURVEYING AND GEOMATICS									
	Catego	Samaat		Hours		Theory		Practical			
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0419	PCC	IV	2+1.5	1	1	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	k1-to recall the basics terms of surveying K2- to understand the concept of advanced modern surveying techniques K3-to understand the concept of photogrammetry and remote sensing K4-to solve the problems in advanced and modern surveying										
Course Objectives	T Ir di T ir R ct S	he main of atroduce k iscipline to ranslate t afrastructur elate the k urve settin ystem, Pho	pjective of nowledge, engineerin he knowl re facilities knowledge ng, Electro otogramme	this co teching and edge on Su onic I try and	niqu sur gain rve Dista	e to es, veyin ned ying ance emote	skills, ng acti for t to the Mea e Sens	and ap vities he imp e new fro surement ing.	plicabl lement ontiers	le tools ation of of scie bal Pos	of the f Civil nce like sitioning

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Surveying (8 hours): Principles, Linear, angular and graphical methods, Survey stations, Survey lines- ranging, Bearing of survey lines, Levelling: Plane table surveying, Principles of levelling- booking and reducing levels; differential, reciprocal leveling, profile levelling and cross sectioning. Digital and Auto Level, Errors in levelling; contouring: Characteristics, methods, uses; areas and volumes. Triangulation and Trilateration (6 Hours): Theodolite survey: Instruments, Measurement of horizontal and vertical angle; Horizontal and vertical control - methods -triangulation - network- Signals. Baseline - choices - instruments and accessories - extension of base lines - corrections - Satellite station - reduction to centre - Intervisibility of height and distances - Trigonometric leveling - Axis single corrections.	11
II	Curves (6 hours) Elements of simple and compound curves – Method of setting out– Elements of Reverse curve - Transition curve – length of curve – Elements of transition curve - Vertical curves	11
III	Modern Field Survey Systems (8 Hours): Principle of Electronic Distance Measurement, Modulation, Types of EDM instruments, Distomat, Total Station – Parts of a Total Station – Accessories – Advantages and Applications, Field Procedure for total station survey, Errors in Total Station Survey; Global Positioning Systems- Segments, GPS measurements, errors and biases, Surveying with GPS, Co-ordinate transformation, accuracy considerations.	11
IV	Photogrammetry Surveying (8 Hours): Introduction, Basic	10

V	concepts, perspective geometry of aerial photograph, relief and tilt displacements, terrestrial photogrammetry, flight planning; Stereoscopy, ground control extension for photographic mapping- aerial triangulation, radial triangulation, methods; photographic mapping- mapping using paper prints, mapping using stereoplotting instruments, mosaics, map substitutes. Remote Sensing (9 Hours): Introduction –Electromagnetic Spectrum, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with the atmosphere and earth surface, remote sensing data acquisition: platforms and sensors; visual image interpretation; digital image processing.	10
References	Text/Reference Books:	
	 Madhu, N, Sathikumar, R and Satheesh Gobi, Advanced Surveying: Total Station, GIS and Remote Sensing, Pearson India, 2006. Manoj, K. Arora and Badjatia, Geomatics Engineering, Nem Chand & Bros, 2011 Bhavikatti, S.S., Surveying and Levelling, Vol. I and II, I.K. International, 2010 Chandra, A.M., Higher Surveying, Third Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 2002. Anji Reddy, M., Remote sensing and Geographical information system, B.S. Publications, 2001. Arora, K.R., Surveying, Vol-I, II and III, Standard Book House, 2015. 	
Course Out Comes	 The course will enable the students to: CO1: To know the basics, importance, and methods of Triangulation and Trilateration. CO2: To study the various curves and its applications in surveying CO3: To study the Advance Surveying Instruments like EDM Total Station and GPS. CO4: To Study the Concept of Aerial Photo Interpretation. CO5: To learn the importance and different aspects of remote 	
	sensing and digital image processing	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	1	-	1	2
CO 2	2	1	1	2	2
CO 3	2	-	-	3	1
CO 4	1	-	-	3	1
CO 5	1	2	-	3	1

Course 7		MATE	RIAL	TE	STIN	NG AN	D EVAI	LUATI	ON		
	Catego	Samaat	Comost		Hours			Theory		ctical	
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0420	PCC	IV	2+1.5	1	1	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	K1-Reme K2- Unde K3-Comp	Remember the various types of Engineering materials used for construction Understand the various properties of Engineering Materials Compute the strength of the Building Materials									
Course Objectives	The Cour M En Pr In eq Ex tea D	se aims to ake measur ngineering. ovide phys troduce exp uipment, d chniques ifferent me	rements of ical observ perimental evices. a variety of thods of ev	behavi ations procect festable aluatic	ior o to c lures lishe	of var omp s and ed ma nd in	rious m lement l comm aterial f ference	naterials u concepts non measu testing pr tes drawn	used in learnt uremen ocedur from o	Civil at instrum es and bservatio	nents, ons

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Unit 1: Introduction to Engineering Materials covering, Cements, M-Sand, Concrete(plain, reinforced and steel fibre/glass fibre-reinforced, light-weight concrete, High Performance Concrete, Polymer Concrete) Ceramics, and Refractories, Bitumen and asphaltic materials, Timbers, Glass and Plastics, Structural Steel and other Metals, Paints and Varnishes, Acoustical material and geo-textiles, rubber and asbestos, laminates and adhesives, Graphene, Carbon composites and other engineering materials including properties and uses of these	11
Π	Unit 2: Introduction to Material Testing covering, What is the "Material Engineering"?;Mechanical behavior and mechanical characteristics; Elasticity – principle and characteristics; Plastic deformation of metals; Tensile test – standards for different material(brittle, quasi-brittle, elastic and so on) True stress – strain interpretation of tensile test; hardness tests; Bending and torsion test;	11
III	Unit 3 strength of ceramic; Internal friction, creep –fundaments and characteristics; Brittle fracture of steel – temperature transition approach; Background of fracture mechanics; Discussion of fracture toughness testing – different materials; concept of fatigue of materials; Structural integrity assessment procedure and fracture mechanics	11
IV	Unit 4: Standard Testing & Evaluation Procedures covering, Laboratory for mechanical testing; Discussion about mechanical testing; Naming systems for various irons, steels and nonferrous metals; Discussion about elastic	10

	deformation; Plastic deformation; Impact test and transition temperatures; Fracture mechanics – background; Fracture toughness – different materials; Fatigue of material; Creep.	
V	Unit 5: Tutorials from the above Units covering, understanding i) Tests & testing of bricks, ii) Tests & testing of sand, iii) Tests & testing of concrete, iv) Tests & testing of soils, v) Tests & testing of bitumen & bituminous mixes, vi) Tests & testing of polymers and polymer based materials, vii) Tests & testing of metals & viii) Tests & testing of other special materials, composites and cementitious materials. Explanation of mechanical behavior of these materials.	10
	 Materials Testing and Evaluation Laboratory Gradation of coarse and fine aggregates Different corresponding tests and need/application of these tests in design and quality control Tensile Strength of materials & concrete composites Compressive strength test on aggregates Tension I - Elastic Behaviour of metals & materials Tension II - Failure of Common Materials Direct Shear - Frictional Behaviour Concrete I - Early Age Properties Concrete II - Compression and Indirect Tension Compression – Directionality Soil Classification Consolidation and Strength Tests Tension III - Heat Treatment Torsion test Hardness tests (Brinnel's and Rockwell) Tests on closely coiled and open coiled springs Theories of Failure and Corroboration with Experiments Tests on unmodified bitumen and modified binders with polymers Bituminous Mix Design as per BIS 	

References	1. Chudley, R., Greeno (2006), 'Building Construction Handbook'									
	(6th ed.).R. Butterworth- Heinemann									
	2. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A, ' Highway									
	Materials and Pavement Testing', Nem Chand& Bros, Fifth									
	Edition									
	3. Various related updated & recent standards of BIS, IRC, ASTM,									
	RILEM, AASHTO, etc. corresponding to materials used for Civil									
	Engineering applications									
	4. Kyriakos Komvopoulos (2011), Mechanical Testing of									
	Engineering Materials, Cognella									
	5. E.N. Dowling (1993), Mechanical Behaviour of Materials,									
	Prentice Hall International Edition									
	6. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), Annual									
	Book of ASTM Standards (post 2000)									
	7. Related papers published in international journals									
	One should be able to:									
	CO1: Explain the fundamental (engineering related) issues surrounding the									
	use of the following Civil Engineering Materials; concrete, structural									
	steel (and other important structural metals), timber, masonry, ceramics and composites and polymers									
	continues and composites, and porymens.									
Course	CO2: Explain the production and/or manufacturing methods associated with									
Out	these materials.									
Comes	CO3: Explain, describe and characterise some of the variability and									
	uncertainty associated with these materials.									
	CO4: Describe and critically analyse the limitations of these materials under									
	various loading circumstances.									
	CO5: Communicate their learned knowledge of these materials.									

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	3	1	1	1
CO 2	2	1	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	2	2	2
CO 4	1	1	1	2	1
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1

Course 7			C	PE	N EI	LECTI	IVE – I				
	Catego	Somost		Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
-	OEC	IV	3	3	-	I	40	60		-	100
The students should undergone the courses which are offered by the other schools/Departments/ Centres of GRI											

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN Architectural design - an analysis - Integration of function and aesthetics - Introduction to basic elements and principles of design.	11
II	CLIMATE RESPONSIVE DESIGN Factors that determine climate - Characteristics of climate types - Design for various climate types - Passive and active energy controls.	11
III	BUILDING TYPES Residential, institutional, commercial and Industrial - Planning concepts - Application of anthropometry and space standards - Interrelationships of functions - Safety standards - Building rules and regulations - Integration of building services.	11
IV	SITE PLANNING Surveys - Site analysis - Development control - Zoning regulations - Layout regulations - Urban planning standards - Layout design concepts.	10
V	ENVIRONMENT DESIGN Urban renewal - Conservation - Principles of Landscape design - Case studies	10
 References Francis D.K. Ching, "Architecture: Form, Space and Order ", VNR, N.Y., 1999. Givoni B., " Man Climate and Architecture ", Applied Science, Barking ESSEX, 1982. Edward D. Mills, "Planning the Architects Handbook ", Butterworth London, 1995. Gallian B. Arthur and Simon Eisner, " The Urban Pattern - City Planning and Design ", Affiliated Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1995. Margaret Roberts, " An Introduction to Town Planning Planning Techniques ", Hutchinson,London,1990. 		
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Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	3	1	1	1
CO 2	2	1	2	2	2
CO 3	1	1	2	2	2
CO 4	1	1	1	2	1
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1

Course Title		INTERNSHIP-I									
	Categ	Somost		Hours			Th	neory	Practical		
Course Code	ory	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0422	PROJ	IV	1	-	-	-	1	-	100	-	100
Cognitive Level	K3: appl K4 : Ana K5: Dev	K3: apply the knowledge in real issues related to civil engineeringK4 : Analyse the issues of civil engineering fieldK5: Develop the plan for civil engineering related sectors									
Course Objectives]]	 The main aim is 1. The students should understand and realize the real time projects planning and execution 2. They can acquire knowledge of various skill based areas 								ects	

- 1. 30 days In plant training is to be undergone by the students in any industry and certificate as to be enclosed along with a report about the works carried out during training.
- 2. Any software training in the reputed centre / organization and certificate as to be enclosed along with a report about the exercises carried out during training.

EVALUATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Evaluation of In plant Training Report :50 Marks
- 2. Viva voce examination : 50marks

(Evaluated by the internal examiner appointed by the HOD)

Course Title	SURVEY CAMP										
	Categor	Somost		He	ours	5	Th	leory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	У	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
	PCC	IV	2	1	1	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level											
Course Objectives	The obj in the fi each ex not les conduct mapped field ob	The objective of the survey camp is to enable the students to get practical training in the field work. Groups of not more than six members in a group will carry out each exercise in survey camp. The camp must involve work on a large area of not less than 40 acres outside the campus (Survey camp should not be conducted inside the campus). At the end of the camp, each student shall have mapped and contoured the area. The camp record shall include all original field observations, calculations and plots.									
	Two we the foll 1. Trave 2. Cont (i). and 1 (ii). atlea (III). not les at every 3. Offse 4. Sun o student 5. Use o camp lo 6. Trave 7. Curv Apart fi also bas	eeks Surve owing acti erse - usin ouring Radial tac Length no Block Lev t 20 Meter L.S & C s than 1 y 90 M et of Build observation s) of GPS to ocation ersing usin re setting b rom above sed on site	ey Camp w ivities: ag Total stat chometric c t less vel/ By squa c interv C.S - Road Kild lings and Pl n to determ determine 1 ng GPS by deflectio e students n e condition	vill be tion ontour than 60 ares of val l and o Mete lotting nine azi latitude n angle nay be to give	ing 0 Mo size cana er at the imut e and e give give	- Race eter of a la al least Loca th (gr d lon en su od ex	ed duri dial Li on each east 10 ignmen L.S a uidelin gitude rvey ex posure	ng summ ne at Even n Radial I 0 Meter > nt for a t Every 3 es to be g and locat exercises if con surve	ery 45 Line (100 N Length OM and given to te the s n other ey.	Ation in Degree Meter n of d C.S o the urvey area	

Course Title	SOFTWARE SKILL DEVELOPMENT - I										
Course Code	Category	G	Credits	Hours			Theory		Practical		Total
Course Code		Semester		L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0423	ESC	IV	1	-	-	I	50	I	-	I	50
Cognitive Level	K3 : Apply the knowledge in the softwareK2 : analyze the various software usages and applicationsK3 :develop the various drawings										
Course Objectives	The mai • The • The eng	n of this cou e student car ey can able t fineering dra	arse is acquire k to develop twings	nowled the dig	lge gital	of la fori	itest sof mat of t	tware he plan 1	related t	o civil	

Drafting software like AutoCAD, Archicad, QCAD, Revit Architecture or any other open source software etc....

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Buildings with load bearing walls with flat roof
- 2. Buildings with load bearing walls with pitched roof
- 3. Details of doors and windows
- 4. RCC framed structures single storey
- 5. RCC framed structures Multi storey
- 6. Industrial buildings North light roof structures
- 7. Industrial buildings trusses
- 8. Perspective view of one storey building
- 9. Perspective view of two storey buildings
- 10. 3d views of multi storey buildings

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Civil Engg. Drawing & House Planning B.P. Verma, Khanna publishers, Delhi
- 2. Building drawing & detailing Dr. Balagopal & T.S. Prabhu, Spades Publishers, Calicut.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Building drawing Shah, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Building planning & Drawing Dr. N. Kumaraswamy, A. Kameswara Rao, Charotar Publishing
- 3. Shah, Kale and Patki, Building Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill.

V- SEMESTER

Course Title		PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE LAW AND ETHICS									
	Catego			Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	ry	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0524	BSC	V	2	2	-		40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 - Awa K2 - Impl k3 - To ta	 K1 - Awareness of different laws related to professional ethics. K2 - Implementation of various laws in different situations k3 - To take fair decisions which satisfy legal rules. 									
Course Objectives	 To fam To und To prov To kno To ack 	illiarize the erstand wh vide how the w how bus nowledge t	e students where and where and where and where laws here a laws here some states and the states of the states and the states are states at the states are states at the st	vith lav nen the ave its petitors by of ta	vs re law imp car king	elated s are olicat sue g fair	d to pro e used. tions of them, decisi	ofessional n decision ons.	l ethics		

NO.	Name of the Topic	No.of
		Lectures
1	Professional practice - Respective roles of various stakeholders. Government constituted regulatory bodies and standardization organisation(BIS, IRC, IIA/COA, ECI Institution of Engineers India). Role of Local bodies, Developers Consultants, Contractors, Manufacturers, Vendors and Service agencies and respective Acts governing them (RERA, CEAI, Contract Acts and Standards) Professional ethics - Definition of ethics, forms of ethics, code of ethics as defined in the website of institution of engineers(India), Profession, Professionalism, Profession Responsibility, Professional ethics, conflict of interest, Gifts vs Bribery, Environmental breaches - negligence, deficiencies in state -of -the art;Vigil mechanism, Whistleblowing, protected disclosures.	4
2	General principles of contracts management: Indian contract Act 1972 and its amendments. General principles of contract- Types of contract- prime and subcontracts, joint ventures and consortium, complex contract terminology, Tenders, Bids, Proposals, contract conditions, critical / red flag conditions. Variations and changes in contracts - cost escalation, time extension, suspensions and terminations. Delay Analysis, contract documentation, contract notices, wrong practices in contracting, Reverse auction, Public - Private partnerships, International commercial terms.	18

3	Arbitration conciliation and ADR(Alternative Dispute Resolution) system: Arbitration - meaning - scope and types - distinction between laws of 1940 and 1996, UNCTTRAI model law - Arbitration and expert determination, Arbitration Tribunal. Award - Grounds for setting aside an award - Enforcement of foreign awards - New York and Geneva convention Awards, Distinction between conciliation, negotiation, mediation and arbitration, Dispute Resolution Boards, Lok Adalats.	5
4	Engagement of labour and labour and other construction - related laws: Role of labour in Civil Engineering; methods of engaging labour on rolls, labour subcontract, piece rate work, Industrial Disputes Act 1947; Workmen's compensation Act 1923, Building and other construction workers(regulation of employment and conditions of service Act(1996), RERA Act 2017, NBC 2017	2
5	Introduction - meaning of intellectual property, main forms of IP, Copyright, Trade marks, Patents and Designs secrets - Copyright law in India - Patent Act 1970, Patentable inventions with special reference to biotechnology of products.	1
	 COURSE OUTCOMES CO1: Develop a procedure for taking fair decision. CO2: Apply laws while taking decisions. CO3: Evaluate the decisions taken. CO4: Identify and eradicate any flaws which occurs in business decisions. CO5: Discuss about Intellectual property rights. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	1
CO 2	2	3	3	2	1
CO 3	3	2	3	2	2
CO 4	2	3	3	3	1
CO 5	2	1	3	2	2

Course Title		GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Somestar	Credita	Hours		Theory		Pra	Practical		
Course Code		Semester	Creans	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0525	PCC	V	2+1.5	2	-	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	 K 1 - Recall the formation and types of soil. K 2 - Understand the soil phase relation, properties, consistency of soil and soil classification systems. K 3 - Compute the consolidation time and shear strength of soil. 										
Course Objectives	The Cours • To en • To est • To qu • To • To • To • To	e aims o explain w gineering o explain ho timated usin o explain ro antity of sec o determine o estimate th o emphasize ndestructive	what Geotec ow three phas g three phas le of water epage includ shear param e magnitude e the impo e methods	hnical hase system in soil ling flow eters ar e and tin rtance	Eng stem beh w ne id str ne-r of	ineer i is i avior t are ress c ate o soil	ing is used in r and h estimat changes f settlen investig	and how soil and ow soil s ed in soil du nent due t gations in	it is i how a stresses, to conso ncluding	mportant re soil p permeat indation l lidation g destruc	to civil properties pility and loads tive and

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Unit 1: Introduction–Types of soils, their formation and deposition, Definitions: soil mechanics, soil engineering, rock mechanics, geotechnical engineering. Scope of soil engineering. Comparison and difference between soil and rock. Basic Definitions and Relationships-Soil as three-phase system in terms of weight, volume, voids ratio, and porosity. Definitions: moisture content, unit weights, degree of saturation, voids ratio, porosity, specific gravity, mass specific gravity, etc. Relationship between volume weight, voids ratio- moisture content, unit weight- percent air voids, saturation- moisture content, moisture content- specific gravity etc. Determination of various parameters such as: Moisture content by oven dry method, pycnometer, sand bath method, torsional balance method,nuclear method, alcohol method and sensors. Specific gravity by density bottle method, pycnometer method, measuring flask method. Unit weight by water displacement method, submerged weight method, core-cutter method, sand-replacement method.	11
II	Unit 2: Plasticity Characteristics of Soil - Introduction to definitions of: plasticity of soil, consistency limits-liquid limit, plastic limit, shrinkage limit, plasticity, liquidity and consistency indices, flow & toughness indices, definitions of activity and sensitivity. Determination of: liquid limit, plastic limit and shrinkage limit. Use	11

	of consistency limits. Classification of Soils-Introduction of soil classification: particle size classification, textural classification, unified soil classification system, Indian standard soil classification system. Identification: field identification of soils, general characteristics of soil in different groups. Permeability of Soil - Darcy's law, validity of Darcy's law. Determination of coefficient of permeability: Laboratory method: constant-head method, falling-head method. Field method: pumping- in test, pumping- out test. Permeability aspects: permeability of stratified soils, factors affecting permeability of soil. Seepage Analysis- Introduction, stream and potential functions, characteristics of flow nets, graphical method to plot flow nets. Effective Stress Principle - Introduction, effective stress principle, nature of effective stress, effect of water table. Fluctuations of effective stress, effective stress in soils saturated by capillary action, seepage pressure, quick sand condition.	
III	Compaction of Soil-Introduction, theory of compaction, laboratory determination of optimum moisture content and maximum dry density. Compaction in field, compaction specifications and field control. Stresses in soils – Introduction, stresses due to point load, line load, strip load, uniformly loaded circular area, rectangular loaded area. Influence factors, Isobars, Boussinesq's equation, Newmark's Influence Chart. Contact pressure under rigid and flexible area, computation of displacements from elastic theory.	11
IV	Consolidation of Soil - Introduction, comparison between compaction and consolidation, initial, primary & secondary consolidation, spring analogy for primary consolidation, interpretation of consolidation test results, Terzaghi's theory of consolidation, final settlement of soil deposits, computation of consolidation settlement and secondary consolidation. Shear Strength - Mohr circle and its characteristics, principal planes, relationbetween major and minor principal stresses,Mohr-Coulomb theory, types of shear tests: directshear test, merits of direct shear test, triaxial compression tests, test behaviour of UU, CU andCD tests, pore-pressure measurement, computation of effective shear strengthparameters.unconfined compression test, vane shear test	10
V	Stability of Slopes - Introduction, types of slopes and their failure mechanisms, factor of safety, analysis of finite and infinite slopes, wedge failure Swedish circle method, friction circle method, stability numbers and charts. Soil Exploration- Introduction, methods of site exploration and soil investigation, methods of boring, soil samplers, sampling procedures, trail pits, borings, penetrometer tests, analysis of borehole logs, geophysical and advance soil exploration methods.	10

	Geotechnical Engineering Laboratory	
	1. Field Density using Core Cutter method.	
	2. Field Density using Sand replacement method.	
	3. Natural moisture content using Oven Drying method.	
	4. Field identification of Fine Grained soils.	
	5. Specific gravity of Soils.	
	6. Grain size distribution by Sieve Analysis.	
	7. Grain size distribution by Hydrometer Analysis.	
	8. Consistency limits by Liquid limit	
	9. Consistency limits by Plastic limit	
	10. Consistency limits by Shrinkage limit.	
	11. Permeability test using Constant-head test method.	
	12. Permeability test using Falling-head method.	
	13. Compaction test: Standard Proctor test.	
	14. Compaction test: Modified Proctor test.	
	15. Relative density.	
	16. Consolidation Test.	
	17. Triaxial Test (UU)	
	18. Vane shear test	
	19. Direct Shear Test	
	20. Unconfined Compression Strength Test.	
References	1. Soil Mechanics by Craig R.F., Chapman & Hall	
	2 Fundamentals of Soil Engineering by Taylor John Wiley &	
	2. Fundamentals of Son Engineering by Taylor, John Whey &	
	3. An introduction to Geotechnical Engineering, by Holtz K.D. and	
	Kovacs, W.D., Prentice Hall, NJ	
	4. Principles of Geotechnical Engineering, by Braja M. Das,	
	Cengage Learning	
	5. Principles of Foundation Engineering, by Braja M. Das,	
	Cengage Learning	
	6. Essentials of Soil Mechanics and Foundations: Basic	
	Geotechnics by David F. McCarthy	
	7. Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice by Karl Terzaghi, Ralph	
	B. Peck, and Gholamreza Mesri.	
	8. Geotechnical Engineering: Principles and Practices of Soil	
	Mechanics and Foundation Engineering (Civil and	
	Environmental Engineering) by V.N.S. Murthy	
	9 Soil Mechanics and foundation Engineering by Dr B C Punmia	
	2. Son meenanes and roundation Engineering by DLD.C.1 ullilla	
	CO1: Understand the different types of soil, various phase diagrams	
Course	and derive various phase relationships of the soil; behavior of	
Out	soils	
Comes	CO2: Determine the permeability of soils, seepage quantities and	
	pore water pressures	

CO3: Evaluate the stiffness of soil using shear strength parameters	
CO4: Understand various methods for computation of factor of	
safety for infinite and finite slopes	
CO5: Specify a strategy for site investigation to identify the soil	
deposits and determine the depth and spatial extent within the	
ground;	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	3	2
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	2	3
CO 4	2	3	3	2	3
CO 5	3	2	2	3	2

Course Title		STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Catagory	Som	Creadita	Hours			Tł	neory	Pra	Practical	
Course Coue	Category	Sem.	Creuits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0526	PCC	V	3	2	-	1	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K 1 - Reca K 2 - Unde K 3 –desig	K 1 - Recall the equilibrium conditions and the behavior of materials. K 2 - Understand the design concepts of various structural elements K 3 -design the various structural elements by different method									
Course Objectives	 The Course aims 1. To explain the concepts behind the behavior of structures 2. student should be able to solve the problems related to structural design 3. students should be able to design the structures 4. should be able to understand the design project 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction- concepts of energy principles, safety, sustainable development in performance; what makes a structure; principles of stability, equilibrium; what is a structural engineer, role of engineer, architect, user, builder; what are the functions' what do the engineers design, first principles of process of design	9
II	PlanningandDesignProcess;Materials,Loads,andDesignSafety;Behaviour and Properties of Concrete and Steel; Wind and Earthquake Loads	9
III	<i>Materials and Structural Design Criteria:</i> Introduction to the analysis and design ofstructuralsystems. Analyses of determinate and indeterminate trusses, beam s, and frames, and design philosophies for structural engineering. Laboratory experiments dealing with the analysis of determinate and in determinate structures;	9
IV	Design of Structural Elements; Concrete Elements, Steel Elements, Structural Joints; Theories and concepts of both concrete and steel design and analysis both at the element and system levels. Approximate Analysis Methods as a Basis for Design; Design of Reinforced Concrete Beams for Flexure; Design of Reinforced Concrete Beams for Shear; Bond, Anchorage, and Service ability; Reinforced Concrete Columns; Reinforced Concrete Slabs; Introduction to Steel Design; Tension Members and Connections; Bending Members; Structural Systems	9
V	<i>System Design Concepts;</i> Special Topics that may be Covered as Part of the Design Project Discussions; Cable Structures; Prestressed Concrete Bridges; Constructability and Structural Control ;Fire Protection	9
Referen ces	 Nilson, A.H.Design ofConcreteStructures.13thedition.McGrawHill,2004 McCormac, J.C.,Nelson,J.K.Jr.,StructuralSteelDesign.3rdedition.Prentice 	

	т.	
	Hall,N.J.,2003.	
	3. Galambos, T.V., Lin, F.J., Johnston, B.G., <i>BasicSteelDesignwithLRF</i>	
	D,PrenticeHall,1996	
	4. Segui,W.T., <i>LRFDSteelDesign</i> ,2ndEd.,PWSPublishing, Boston.	
	5. Salmon, C.G. and Johnson, J.E., Steel Structures: Design	
	andBehavior,3rdEdition,	
	Harper&Row,Publishers,NewYork,1990.	
	6. MacGregor, J.G., <i>ReinforcedConcrete:MechanicsandDesign</i> , 3rdEd	
	ition, PrenticeHall,NewJersey,1997.	
	7. Nawy, E.G., Reinforced Concrete: A Fundamental	
	Approach,5thEdition, PrenticeHall, NewJersey.	
	8. Wang C-K.andSalmon,C.G., <i>Reinforced</i>	
	ConcreteDesign,6thEdition,AddisonWesley,NewYork.	
	9. Nawy, E.G. Prestressed Concrete: A Fundamental	
	Approach, PrenticeHall, NJ, (2003).	
	10. Related Codes of Practice of BIS	
	11. Smith, J.C., Structural Analysis, Harporand Row,	
	Publishers, New York.	
	12McGuire, R.H.Gallagherand R.D.Ziemian. "Matrix Structural	
	Analysis", 2 ^{ma} Edition, John Wileyand Sons, 2000.	
	13. NBC, National Building Code, BIS(2017).	
	14. ASCE, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other	
	Structures, ASCE7-02	
	AmericanSocietyofCivilEngineers,Virginia,2002.	
Course		
Out		
Comes	On completion of the course, students should be able to do	
	COI: understand the principles of stability, equilibrium,,role of	
	structural engineer,	
	CO2: know the benavior and properties of concrete, steel and all other	
	materials	
	CO4: design the verices structural elements	
	CO5 : design the prestress concrete bridge	
	CO5 . design the prestress concrete bridge	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	3	3
CO 2	3	3	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	2	2	3
CO 4	3	3	3	2	3
CO 5	3	3	2	2	3

Course Title	HYDRALIC ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Som Cradita		H	ours		Th	eory	Pra	ctical	Total
Course Coue		Sem.	Creatis	L	Τ	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
	PCC	V	2+1.5	2	-	3	40	60	30	20	150
18BCEU0527											
Cognitive Level	K-1: Identify the flow patterns and its propertiesK-2: Understand boundary layer and similitude analysis.K-3: classify the pipe losses and pipe network analysis methods										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To introduce the various hydraulic engineering problems like open channel flows and hydraulic machines. students should be able to relate the theory and practice of problems in hydraulic engineering 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Laminar Flow- Laminar flow through: circular pipes, annulus and parallel plates.Stoke's law, Measurement of viscosity.Turbulent Flow- Reynolds experiment, Transition from laminar to turbulent flow. Definition of turbulence, scale and intensity, Causes of turbulence, instability, mechanism of turbulence and effect of turbulent flow in pipes. Reynolds stresses, semi-empirical theories of turbulence, Prandtl's mixing length theory, universal velocity distribution equation. Resistance to flow of fluid in smooth and rough pipes, Moody's diagram.	11
II	Boundary Layer Analysis-Assumption and concept of boundary layer theory. Boundary-layer thickness, displacement, momentum & energy thickness, laminar and Turbulent boundary layers on a flat plate; Laminar sub-layer, smooth and rough boundaries. Local and average friction coefficients. Separation and Control. Dimensional Analysis and Hydraulic Similitude: Dimensional homogeneity, Rayleigh method, Buckingham's Pi method and other methods. Dimensionless groups. Similitude, Model studies, Types of models. Application of dimensional analysis and	11

	model studies to fluid flow problem.	
III	Introduction to Open Channel Flow-Comparison between open channel flow and pipe flow, geometrical parameters of a channel, classification of open channels, classification of open channel flow, Velocity Distribution of channel section.Uniform Flow-Continuity Equation, Energy Equation and Momentum Equation, Characteristics of uniform flow, Chezy's formula, Manning's formula. Factors affecting Manning's Roughness Coefficient "n.Most economical section of channel. Computation of Uniform flow, Normal depth.	11
IV	Non-Uniform Flow- Specific energy, Specific energy curve, critical flow, discharge curve Specific force Specific depth, and Critical depth. Channel Transitions. Measurement of Discharge and Velocity – Venturi Flume, Standing Wave Flume, Parshall Flume, Broad Crested Weir. Measurement of Velocity- Current meter, Floats, Hot-wire anemometer. Gradually Varied Flow-Dynamic Equation of Gradually Varied Flow, Classification of channel bottom slopes, Classification of surface profile, Characteristics of surface profile. Computation of water surface profile by graphical, numerical and analyticalapproaches. Direct Step method, Graphical Integration method and Direct integration method.Hydraulic Jump- Theory of hydraulic jump, Elements and characteristics of hydraulic jump in a rectangular Channel, length and height of jump, location of jump, Types, applications and location of hydraulic jump. Energy dissipation and other uses, surge as a moving hydraulic jump. Positive and negative surges. Dynamics of Fluid Flow- Momentum principle, applications: Force on plates, pipe bends, moments of momentum equation,	10
V	Flow through Pipes: Loss of head through pipes, Darcy- Wiesbatch equation, minor losses, total energy equation, hydraulic gradient line, Pipes in series, equivalent pipes, pipes in parallel, flow through laterals, flows in dead end pipes, siphon, power transmission through pipes, nozzles. Analysis of pipe networks: Hardy Cross method, water hammer in pipes and control measures, branching of pipes, three reservoir problem. Computational Fluid Dynamics: Basic equations of fluid dynamics, Grid generation, Introduction to in viscid	10

	incompressible flow, Boundary layer flow as applicable to C.F.D.	
	Hydro informatics: Concept of hydro informatics –scope of	
	internet and web based modeling in water resources engineering	
	internet and web bused modering in water resources engineering.	
	Fluid Mechanics Laboratory	
	1. Flow Visualization	
	2. Studies in WindTunnel	
	3. BoundaryLayer	
	4. Flow around an Aerofoil / circularcylinder	
	5. UniformFlow	
	6. Velocity Distribution in Open channelflow	
	7. venturi Fiume 8. Stonding WayaEluma	
	6. Stationing waverfunct	
	10. Hardward's Lower	
	10. Hydraulicjump	
	12 Flow throughnings	
	12. Flow throughpipes	
	14. Flowwisualization	
	15. Laminar flow throughnines	
	16 Major losses / Minor losses innine	
	10. Major 1053es / Millor 1053es inpipe	
References		
	1. Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics, P.M. Modi and	
	S.M. Seth, Standard BookHouse	
	2. Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics, K.	
	Subramanya, Tata McGrawHill.	
	3. Open channel Flow, K. Subramanya, Lata	
	MCGrawHill. 4 Open Channel Hydraulies Ven Te Chew Tete	
	4. Open Channel Hydraunes, Ven Te Chow, Tata McGraw Hill	
	5 Burnside CD <i>"Flactromagnetic Distance</i>	
	Measurement " Beekman Publishers 1971	
	On completion of the course, students should be able to do	
Course		
Out	CO1: The students will be able to apply their knowledge of fluid	
Comes	mechanics in addressing problems in open channels.	
Junes		
	CO2: They will possess the skills to solve problems	
	in uniform, gradually and rapidly varied flows	

in steady state conditions.	
CO3: They will have knowledge in flow through pipes and pipe networks	
CO4: They will have knowledge in hydraulic machineries (pumps and turbines).	
CO5 : The students will be able to solve the fluid dynamics problems	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	3	1	1	2
CO 2	1	2	1	2	2
CO 3	1	2	2	2	2
CO 4	1	1	1	2	2
CO 5	1	1	1	1	1

Course Title		ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING									
Course Code	Category	Som	Credita	Н	ours		Th	neory	Practical		Total
Course Code		Sem.	Creatis	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0528	PCC	V	2+1.5	2	-	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	K-1: Identify the suitable water and sewage treatment process K-2:Understand the solid waste management systems K-3:Apply the environmental legislations for various pollution control.										
Course Objectives	The Cours To tre To To To	se aims introduc atment pro understar improve to know abo	e the vario ocess of wa of the impo heir knowl out the Envi	ous wa ter. rtance edge to ironme	ater of so con ntal	qua ewag ntrol legis	lity sta ge treat the air slations	andards, ment. and nois	source se pollu	s of wa tion.	ater and

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Water: -Sources of Water and quality issues, water quality requirement for different beneficial uses, Water quality standards, water quality indices, water safety plans, Water Supply systems, Need for planned water supply schemes, Water demand industrial andagricultural water requirements, Components of water supply system; Transmission of water, Distribution system, Various valves used in W/S systems, service reservoirs and design. Water Treatment: aeration, sedimentation, coagulation flocculation, filtration, disinfection, advanced treatments like adsorption, ion exchange, membrane processes	11
Π	Sewage- Domestic and Storm water, Quantity of Sewage, Sewage flow variations.Conveyance of sewage- Sewers, shapes design parameters, operation and maintenance of sewers, Sewage pumping; Sewerage, Sewer appurtenances, Design of sewerage systems. Small bore systems, Storm Water- Quantification and design of Storm water; Sewage andSullage, Pollution due to improper disposal of sewage, National River cleaning plans, Wastewater treatment, aerobic and anaerobic treatment systems, suspended and attached growth systems, recycling of sewage –	11

	quality requirements for various purposes.	
III	Air - Composition and properties of air, Quantification of air pollutants, Monitoring of air pollutants, Air pollution- Occupational hazards, Urban air pollution automobile pollution, Chemistry of combustion, Automobile engines, quality of fuel, operating conditions and interrelationship. Air quality standards, Control measures for Air pollution, construction and limitations. Noise- Basic concept, measurement and various control methods	11
IV	Solid waste management-Municipal solid waste, Composition and various chemical and physical parameters of MSW, MSW management: Collection, transport, treatment and disposal of MSW. Special MSW: waste from commercial establishments and other urban areas, solid waste from construction activities, biomedical wastes, Effects of solid waste on environment: effects on air, soil, water surface and ground health hazards. Disposal of solid waste-segregation, reduction at source, recovery and recycle. Disposal methods- Integrated solid waste management. Hazardous waste: Types and nature of hazardous waste as per the HW Schedules of regulating authorities.	10
V	Building Plumbing-Introduction to various types of home plumbing systems for water supply and waste water disposal, high rise building plumbing, Pressure reducing valves, Break pressure tanks, Storage tanks, Building drainage for high rise buildings, various kinds of fixtures and fittings used.Government authorities and their roles in water supply, sewerage disposal. Solid waste management and monitoring/control of environmental pollution.	10
	 Write a technical laboratory report Practical Work: List of Experiments Physical Characterization of water: Turbidity, Electrical Conductivity, pH Analysis of solids content of water: Dissolved, Settleable, suspended, total, volatile, inorganic etc. Alkalinity and acidity, Hardness: total hardness, calcium and magnesium hardness Analysis of ions: copper, chloride and sulfate Optimum coagulant dose Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) 	

References	 Dissolved Oxygen (D.O) and Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Break point Chlorination Bacteriological quality measurement: MPN, Ambient Air quality monitoring (TSP, RSPM, SOx, NOx) Ambient noise measurement Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science by Gilbert Masters, Prentice Hall, New Jersey. Introduction to Environmental Engineering by P. AarneVesilind, Susan M. Morgan, Thompson /Brooks/Cole; Second Edition 2008. Peavy, H.s, Rowe, D.R, Tchobanoglous, G. Environmental Engineering, Mc-Graw - Hill International Editions, New York 1985. MetCalf and Eddy. Wastewater Engineering, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi. Manual on Water Supply and Treatment. Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi. Plumbing Engineering. Theory, Design and Practice, S.M. Patil, 1999 Integrated Solid Waste Management, Tchobanoglous, Theissen& Vigil. McGraw Hill Publication Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, Part A, B and C. Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Ministry of Urban 	
	Development.	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should CO1: Understand the impact of humans on environment and environment on humans CO2: Be able to identify and value the effect of the pollutants on the environment: atmosphere, water and soil. CO3: Be able to plan strategies to control, reduce and monitor pollution. CO4: Be able to select the most appropriate technique for the treatment of water, wastewater solid waste and contaminated air. CO5: Be conversant with basic environmental legislation. 	

Mapping of Cos with PSOs:

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	1	-	2	3
CO 2	2	2	1	2	3
CO 3	1	1	-	2	2
CO 4	2	3	3	3	3
CO 5	2	2	2	1	2

Course Title	TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING										
Course Code	Category	Som	Som Credita				Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	Total
Course Coue		Sem.	Creans	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0529	PCC	V	2+1.5	2	-	3	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	K1-Recall the survey methods that are used for highway alignment K2-Understand the role of IRC and elements of highway K3-Apply the knowledge of traffic studies for flow and control of traffic K4-Design the elements of highway as per IRC										
Course Objectives	The Cours	se aims to carry out s design cro verticalali implemen intersection determine design flex	surveys inv oss section of gnment t traffic stu ondesign the charac xible and ri	olved i elemen dies, tr teristic igid pa	in pl its, s affic s of vem	anni ight c reg pave ents	ng and distanc gulatior ementn as per	highway ce, horizo ns and co naterials IRC	y alignn ontal an ntrol, ar	nent d nd	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Highway development and planning-Classification of roads, road development in India, Current road projects in India; highway alignment and project preparation.	11
II	Geometric design of highways-: Introduction; highway cross section elements; sight distance, design of horizontal alignment; design of vertical alignment; design of intersections, derivation and problems	11
III	Traffic engineering & control- Traffic Characteristics, traffic engineering studies, traffic flow and capacity, traffic regulation and control; design of road intersections; design of parking facilities; highway lighting; problems	11
IV	Pavement materials- Materials used in Highway Construction- Soils, Stone aggregates, bituminous binders, bituminous paving mixes; Portland cement and cement concrete: desirable properties, tests, requirements for different types of pavements.	10
v	Design of pavements- Introduction; flexible pavements, factors affecting design and performance; stresses in flexible pavements; design of flexible pavements as per IRC; rigid pavements- components and functions; factors affecting design and performance of CC pavements; stresses in rigid pavements; design of concrete pavements as per IRC; problems	10

References	Text/Reference Books:	
	1. Khanna, S.K., Justo, C.E.G and Veeraragavan, A,	
	'Highway Engineering', Revised 10th Edition, Nem Chand	
	& Bros, 2017	
	2. Kadiyalai, L.R., 'Traffic Engineering and Transport	
	Planning', Khanna Publishers.	
	3. ParthaChakraborty, ' Principles Of Transportation	
	Engineering, PHI Learning,	
	4. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S. Washburn, Walter P.	
	Kilareski, Principles of HighwayEngineering and Traffic	
	Analysis', 4th Edition, John Wiley	
	5. Srinivasa Kumar, R, Textbook of Highway Engineering,	
	Universities Press, 2011.	
	6. Paul H. Wright and Karen K. Dixon, Highway	
	Engineering, 7th Edition, Wiley StudentEdition, 2009.	
	On completion of the course, the students will be able to:	
	CO1 : carry out surveys involved in planning and highway	
	alignment	
Course	CO2: design the geometric elements of highways and	
Out Comes	expressways	
	CO3: carry out traffic studies and implement traffic regulation	
	and control measures and intersection design	
	CO4: characterize pavement materials and	
	CUS: design flexible and rigid pavements as per IRC	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	1	3	2	1
CO 2	3	1	3	1	2
CO 3	2	3	1	2	3
CO 4	1	1	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	3	2	3

Course Title	INSRUMENTATION AND SENSOR TECHNOLOGIES FOR CIVIL ENG INEERING APPLICATIONS										RING
	Category			H	ours		Th	eory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code		Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEUO530	PCC	V	2+1	1	1	2	40	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	K-1: List K-2:Unde K-3:Appl	the types o erstand the y the vario	f Instrume sensor inst us sensor s	ntation allation	s n an s for	d ope diffe	erations erent ci	s vil engin	eering	fields	
Course Objectives	The Cour • To da alg • Th de • Th in: • Pr mo ele	se aims o understa ita acquisi gorithm, lif nis course esign of ser ne principle frastructure roviding easuremen ectrical, ve	nd instrum tion, digit fe time ana introduce sor system es of state- e/bridges/b principle t best prac locity, acce	nentatic al sign lysis an s theor ns. -of-the- puilding know tice for eleratic	on, s nal nd d retic -art s gs/pa rledg r a 1 on ar	senso proc ecisi al a syste vem ge, cango ad vi	or theo essing, on mak nd pra ems bei ents, et praction bration	ry and t damage ting. ctical pr ng used c. cal trai nperature systems	technol e detec inciple in phys ning e, press	ogy, ction s of sical and sure,	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	damentals of Measurement, Sensing and Instrumentation covering definition of measurement and instrumentation, physical variables, common types of sensors; Describe the function of these sensors; Use appropriate terminology to discuss sensor applications; and qualitatively interpret signals from a known sensor type, types of instrumentation, Sensor Specifics, Permanent installations, Temporary installations	9
Π	Sensor Installation and Operation covering to: i) Predict the response of sensors to various inputs; ii) Construct a conceptual instrumentation and monitoring program; iii) Describe the order and methodology for sensor installation; and iv) Differentiate between types of sensors and their modes of operation and measurement	9

III	Approach to Planning Monitoring Programs, Define target, Sensor selection, Sensor siting, Sensor Installation & Configuration, Advanced topic, Sensor design, Measurement uncertainty	9
IV	<i>Data Analysis and Interpretation covering</i> a) Fundamental statistical concepts, b) Data reduction and interpretation, c) Piezometer, Inclinometer, Strain gauge, etc. d) Time domain signal processing, e) Discrete signals, Signals and noise and f) a few examples of statistical information to calculate are: Average value (mean), On average, how much each measurement deviates from the mean (standard deviation), Midpoint between the lowest and highest value of the set (median), Most frequently occurring value (mode), Span of values over which your data set occurs (range)	9
V	<i>Frequency Domain Signal Processing and Analysis covering</i> Explain the need for frequency domain analysis and its principles; Draw conclusions about physical processes based on analysis of sensor data; Combine signals in a meaningful way to gain deeper insight into physical phenomena, Basic concepts in frequency domain signal processing and analysis, Fourier Transform, FFT (Fast Fourier Transform), Example problems: Noise reduction with filters, Leakage, Frequency resolution	9
	PRACTICLASInstrumentationoftypicalcivilengineeringmembers/structures/structural elementsUse of different sensors, strain gauges, inclinometers,Performance characteristicsErrors during the measurement processCalibration of measuring sensors and instrumentsMeasurement, noise and signal processingAnalog SignalprocessingDigital SignalProcessingDemonstration & use of sensor technologies	

References	 Text Books & Reference Books: Alan S Morris (2001), Measurement and Instrumentation Principles, 3rd/e, Butterworth Hienemann David A. Bell (2007), Electronic Instrumentation and Measurements 2nd/e, Oxford Press S. Tumanski (2006), Principle of Electrical Measurement, Taylor & Francis Ilya Gertsbakh (2010), Measurement Theory for Engineers, Springer 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be able CO1: To analyze the errors during measurements CO2: To specify the requirements in the calibration of sensors and instruments CO3: To describe the noise added during measurements and transmission CO4: To describe the requirements during the transmission of measured signals CO5: To suggest proper sensor technologies for specific applications 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	1	-	-	1
CO 2	2	1	-	1	1
CO 3	2	1	-	1	2
CO 4	2	1	-	1	2
CO 5	1	1	-	2	1

Course Title	SOFTWARE SKILL DEVELOPMENT -II										
	Catego			H	ours	5	Theory		Practical		
Course Code	ry	Sem	Credits	Т	т	р	CF	FSF	CF	FSF	Total
				14	1	L	Α	LSL	Α	ESE	
18BCEU0530	ESC	V	1	-	-	-	50	-			50
Cognitive Level	K3 : Appl K2 : analy K3 :devel	ly the know yze the vari op the vari	ledge in the ous software ous models	e softw re usag s relate	vare ges a d to	and a civi	applica l engin	tions eering			
Course Objectives	The ma The Th Th Civ	ain of this one student of this one student of the	course is can acquire e to develo ring drawir	know p the c	ledg ligit	e of al fo	latest s rmat o	oftware f the solu	ition re	lated to	

Remote Sensing and GIS software

List of Exercises:

- 1. Image Rectification and Image Restoration(Pre Processing)
 - a. Image Registration(Geometric correction)
 - b. Radiometric Correction(Atmospheric correction)
 - c. Noise Removal
- 2. Image Enhancement
 - a. Single band Enhancement
 - i. Band Thresholding
 - ii. Level Slicing
 - iii. Contrast Manipulation
 - b. Multiband Enhancement
 - i. Band Ratioing
 - ii. Vegetative analysis
 - iii. Principle component Analysis
 - c. Image Classification
 - i. Supervised classification
 - ii. Unsupervised classification

- iii. Hybrid classification
- 3. Accuracy Assessment
- 4. Image change Detection
- 5. Topographic analysis
- 6. 3D Modeling
- 7. Layout preparation

Course Title	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA										
Course		Samast		H	ours	5	Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18PSDU0501	MC	V	-	2	-	-	50	-			50
Cognitive Level	K1: Recall the basic constitution of India K2 : understand the fundamental rights and principlies K3 : Apply the knowledge and interpret the reality										
Course Objectives	1. To i 2. To i 3. To Judician	introduce t familiarize help stude ry in	he basic pri students or ents to une India.	inciple n the fu derstar	s an unda id ti	d fea amen he v	tures c tal righ vorking	of the Ind nts and th g of exe	ian Cor eir app cutive,	nstitution lication legislat	ı. ure and

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Making of Indian Constitution Philosophy- Preamble- Salient Features of Indian Constitution.	5
п	Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles Fundamental Rights- Directive Principles of State Policy – Fundamental Duties.	5
III	Executive Union Executive : President – Prime Minister -Council of Ministers. State Executive: Governor – Chief Minister – Council of Ministers.	5
IV	Legislature Parliament : Structure, Powers and Functions. State Legislature: Structure, Powers and Functions.	5
V	Judiciary in India Supreme Court: Composition of Judiciary - Power and Functions. High Court: Power and Functions Judicial Review.	5
References	 Basu D.D., Introduction to Indian Constitution, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, 1994. Pylee M.V., Constitutional Government in India, New Delhi: S. Chand and Company, 1984. 	

	3. Basu D.D., Shorter Constitution of India, New Delhi:								
	Prentice Hall, 1981.								
	4. Johari, Indian Government and Politics, Delhi: Vishal								
	Publications, 1984.								
	5. Siwach J.R., Dynamics of Indian Government and								
	Politics, New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Private								
	Limited, 1985.								
	At the end of the course, students must be in a position to:								
	CO1 : Understand basics of constitution								
	CO2: understand the Fundamental Rights and Directive								
Course	Principles								
Out	CO3 : understand the executive roles and responsibilities								
Comes	CO4 : Understand the basics of legislative								
	CO5: Understand the Judiciary in India functions and								
	responsibilities								

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3

SEMESTER -VI

Course Title	HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCE ENGINEERING										
				Н	ours		T	heory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0632	PCC	VI	3	2	1	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 KI : recall the fundamental principles of hydrologic cycle and their components K2: Understand the basics principles of various components K3: Apply the knowledge to field issues and solve the problems 										
Course Objectives	The Course • Stud com • The	e aims dents can aponents . ey can unde	understan	id the	ba	urces	of h	ydrology	proce	esses ai lated str	nd their uctures.

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	<i>Introduction</i> - hydrologic cycle, water-budget equation, history of hydrology, world water balance, applications in engineering, sources of data. <i>Precipitation</i> - forms of precipitation, characteristics of precipitation in India, measurement of precipitation, rain gauge network, mean precipitation over an area, depth-area-duration relationships, maximum intensity/depth-duration-frequency relationship, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), rainfall data in India.	9
Π	Abstractions from precipitation - evaporation rocess, evaporimeters, analytical methods of evaporation estimation, reservoir evaporation and methods for its reduction, evapotranspiration, measurement of evapotranspiration, evapotranspiration equations, potential evapotranspiration over India, actual evapotranspiration, interception, depression storage, infiltration, infiltration capacity, measurement of infiltration, modelling infiltration capacity, classification of infiltration capacities, infiltration indices.	9
III	<i>Runoff</i> - runoff volume, SCS-CN method of estimating runoff volume, flow-duration curve, flow-mass curve, hydrograph, factors affecting runoff hydrograph, components of hydrograph, base flow separation, effective rainfall, unit hydrograph surface water resources of India, environmental flows.	9
IV	<i>Ground water and well hydrology</i> - forms of subsurface water, saturated formation, aquifer properties, geologic formations of aquifers, well hydraulics: steady state flow in wells, equilibrium equations for confined and unconfined aquifers, aquifer tests. <i>Water withdrawals and uses</i> – water for energy production, water for agriculture, water for hydroelectric generation; flood control. Analysis of surface water supply, Water requirement of crops-Crops and crop seasons in India, cropping pattern, duty and delta; Quality of irrigation water; Soil-water relationships, root	9

	zone soil water, infiltration, consumptive use, irrigation requirement, frequency of irrigation; Methods of applying water to the fields: surface, sub-surface, sprinkler and trickle / drip irrigation.	
V	<i>Distribution systems</i> - canal systems, alignment of canals, canal losses, estimation of design discharge. Design of channels- rigid boundary channels, alluvial channels, Kennedy's and Lacey's theory of regime channels. Canal outlets: non-modular, semi-modular and modular outlets. Water logging: causes, effects and remedial measures. Lining of canals, types of lining. Drainage of irrigated lands: necessity, methods. <i>Dams and</i> <i>spillways</i> - embankment dams: Classification, design considerations, estimation and control of seepage, slope protection. Gravity dams: forces on gravity dams, causes of failure, stress analysis, elementary and practical profile. Arch and buttress dams. Spillways: components of spillways, types of gates for spillway crests; Reservoirs- Types, capacity of reservoirs, yield of reservoir, reservoir regulation, sedimentation, economic height of dam, selection of suitable site.	9
References	Text/Reference Books:	
	 K N Muthreja, Applied Hydrology, Tata Mc-Graw Hill. K Subramanya, Water Resources Engineering through Objective Questions, Tata Mc-Graw Hill. G L Asawa, Irrigation Engineering, Wiley Eastern L W Mays, Water Resources Engineering, Wiley. J D Zimmerman, Irrigation, John Wiley & Sons C S P Ojha, R Berndtsson and P Bhunya, Engineering Hydrology, Oxford. 	
Course Out Comes	 At the end of the course, students must be in a position to: CO1: Understand the interaction among various processes in the hydrologic cycle CO2: Apply the application of fluid mechanics and use of computers in solving a host of problems in hydraulic engineering CO3: S tudy types and classes of hydrologic simulation models and design procedures for safe and effective passage of flood flows for design of hydraulic structures CO4: Understand the basic aquifer parameters and estimate groundwater resources for different hydro-geological boundary conditions CO5: Understand application of systems concept, advanced optimization techniques to cover the socio-technical aspects in the field of water resources .Apply the principles and applications of remote sensing, GPS and GIS in the context to hydrological extreme flood and drought events in water resources engineering 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	1	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	2	3

Course Title	ENGINEERING AND ECONOMICS, ESTIMATION & COSTING										
Course Code	Category	Semest er	Credits	Hours			Theory		Practical		
				L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
		VI	4+1.5	3	1	3	4	60	30	20	150
Cognitive Level	 k1-to recall the basics principles of economics and its government policies,cash flow in managerial economics K2- to understand the concept of estimation of various items of work K3-to understand the detailed specifications for different buildings, roads,bridges ,industrial structures K4-to calculate the total quantities and their cost for different structures, and to prepare the tender documents and bid preparations 										
Course Objectives	 The main objective of this course to Introduce knowledgeabout the basic principles of economics,market structure,intrest rates ,taxes,cost flows and investment analysis and their policies To gain the knowledge about to Measure the various items of work as per the Indian Standard Specifications for buildings,road,industrial structures etc to prepare the tender, and its process, specitation and bid process 										

Unit	Content					
Ι	Basic Principles and Methodology of Economics. Demand/Supply – elasticity – Government Policies and Application. Theory of the Firm and Market Structure. Basic Macro-economic Concepts (including GDP/GNP/NI/Disposable Income) and Identities for both closed and open economies. Aggregate demand and Supply (IS/LM). Price Indices (WPI/CPI), Interest rates, Direct and Indirect Taxes Public Sector Economics –Welfare, Externalities, Labour Market.Components of Monetary and Financial System, Central Bank – Monetary Aggregates; Commercial Banks & their functions; Capital and Debt Markets.Monetary and Fiscal Policy Tools & their impact on the economy – Inflation and Phillips Curve.					
Π	Elements of Business/Managerial Economics and forms of organizations. Cost & Cost Control –Techniques, Types of Costs, Lifecycle costs, Budgets, Break even Analysis, Capital Budgeting, Application of Linear Programming. Investment Analysis – NPV, ROI, IRR, Payback Period, Depreciation, Time value of money (present and future worth of cash flows). Business Forecasting – Elementary techniques. Statements – Cash flow, Financial. Case Study Method. Indian economy - Brief overview of post-independence period – plans. Post					
	reform Growth, Structure of productive activity. Issues of Inclusion – Sectors, States/Regions, Groups of people (M/F), Urbanization. Employment–Informal, Organized, Unorganized, Public, Private. Challenges and Policy Debates in Monetary, Fiscal, Social, External sectors.					
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III	<i>Estimation /</i> Measurements for various items- Introduction to the process of Estimation; Use of relevant Indian Standard Specifications for the same, taking out quantities from the given requirements of the work, comparison of different alternatives, Bar bending schedules, Mass haul Diagrams, Estimating Earthwork and Foundations, Estimating Concrete and Masonry, Finishes, Interiors, MEP works; BIM and quantity take-offs; adding equipment costs; labour costs; rate analysis; Material survey-Thumb rules for computation of materials requirement for different materials for buildings, percentage breakup of the cost, cost sensitive index, market survey of basic materials. Use of Computers in quantity surveying					
IV	Specifications-Types, requirements and importance, detailed specifications for buildings, roads, minor bridges and industrial structures. Rate analysis-Purpose, importance and necessity of the same, factors affecting, task work, daily output from different equipment/ productivity.					
v	Tender- Preparation of tender documents, importance of inviting tenders, contract types, relative merits, prequalification. general and special conditions, termination of contracts, extra work and Changes, penalty and liquidated charges, Settlement of disputes, R.A. Bill & Final Bill, Payment of advance, insurance, claims, price variation, etc. Preparing Bids- Bid Price buildup: Material, Labour, Equipment costs, Risks, Direct & Indirect Overheads, Profits; Bid conditions, alternative specifications; Alternative Bids. Bid process management ,Introduction to Acts pertaining to-Minimum wages, Workman's compensation, Contracts, Arbitration, Easement rights.					
PRACTICALS	 Term Work Assignments may include Deriving an approximate estimate for a multistoried building by approximatemethods. Detailed estimate for the following with the required material survey for thesame. Ground plus three storied RCC Framed structure building with blockworkwalls bridge with minimum 2spans factorybuilding roadwork cross drainage work Ground plus three storied building with load-bearing walls g. 					

	works for (flabove	
	2 Droporation of valuation report in standard Government form	
	5. Freparation of variation report in standard Government form.	
	4. Assignments on rate analysis, specifications and simpleestimates.	
	5. Detailed estimate of minorstructure.	
	6. Preparation of Bar bendingschedule.	
References	Text/Reference Books:	
	1. Mankiw Gregory N. (2002), <i>Principles of Economics</i> , ThompsonAsia	
	 V. Mote, S. Paul, G. Gupta(2004), <i>Managerial Economics</i>, Tata 	
	McGrawHill	
	3. Misra, S.K. and Puri (2009), <i>Indian Economy</i> , Himalaya	
	4. PareekSaroj (2003), <i>Textbook of Business Economics</i> ,	
	5 M Chalkrowerty Estimating Coating Specifications & Valuation	
	5. We Chaklavarty, Estimating, Costing Specifications & Valuation	
	6. JOY P K, Handbook of Construction Management, Macmilian	
	7. B.S. Path, Building & EngineeringContracts	
	8. Relevant Indian Standard Specifications.	
	9. World Bank Approved ContractDocuments.	
	10. FIDIC ContractConditions.	
	11. Acts Related to Minimum Wages, Workmen's	
	Compensation, Contract, and Arbitration	
	12. Typical PWD Rate Analysisdocuments.	
	13. UBS Publishers & Distributors, Estimating and	
	Costing in Civil Engineering: Theory and Practice	
	including Specification and Valuations, 2016	
	14. Dutta, B.N., Estimating and Costing in Civil	
	Engineering (Theory & Practice), UBS	
	Publishers,2016	
	CO1:Have an idea of Economics in general, Economics of India	
	particularly for public sector agencies and private sector	
	businesses	
	CO2: Be able to perform and evaluate present worth, future worth and	
	annual worth analyses on one of more economic alternatives.	
	Be able to carry out and evaluate benefit/cost, file cycle and breakeyen analyses on one or more accompting alternatives	
Course Out	CO3: Be able to understand the technical specifications for various	
Comes	works to be performed for a project and how they impact the	
Comes	cost of astructure.	
	CO4: Be able to quantify the worth of a structure by evaluating	
	quantities of constituents, derive their cost rates and build up	
	the overall cost of the structure.	
	CO5: Be able to understand how competitive bidding works and how	
	to submit a competitive bid proposal.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	-	2	2	1
CO 2	1	1	2	1	1
CO 3	2	-	3	-	2
CO 4	2	1	3	-	2
CO 5	1	2	2	1	1

Course Title		CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT										
			H	ours		Th	eory	Prac	ctical			
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total	
18BCEU0634	РСС	VI	3	2	1		40	60	-	-	100	
Cognitive Level	 K1-Identify and list out the planning methods for the execution construction projects K2-understand the concept networks and its preparation for construction projects K3-Apply the knowledge of construction management for plan, control and monitor construction projects with respect to time and cost 											
Course Objectives	 The Course To study To imparts schedulin To introd To study 	aims about the co t the idea ab ng software. luce the cond about the Q	onstruction out plannin cepts of reso uality and s	contra ig and ource	ct do sche plan	ocum edulii ning onstru	ents. ng of ac and allo action s	tivities a ocation an ites.	nd nd contr	ol.		

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Basics of Construction- Unique features of construction, construction projects types and features, phases of a project, agencies involved and their methods of execution;Construction project planning- Stages of project planning: pre-tender planning, pre-construction planning	9
Π	Detailed construction planning work break-down structure; Techniques of planning- Bar charts, Gantt Charts. Networks: basic terminology, types of precedence relationships, preparation of CPM networks: activity on link and activity on node representation, computation of float values, critical and semi critical paths, calendaring networks. PERT- Assumptions underlying PERT analysis, determining three time estimates, analysis, slack computations, calculation of probability of completion.	9
III	Construction Methods and Equipment basics: Types of foundations and construction methods; Basics of Formwork and Staging; Common building construction methods (conventional walls and slabs; conventional framed structure with blockwork walls; Modular construction methods for repetitive works; Precast concrete construction methods; Basics of Slip forming for tall structure; Conventional construction methods Vs Mechanized methods and advantages of latter; Equipment for Earthmoving, Dewatering; Concrete mixing, transporting & placing; Cranes,	9

	Hoists and other equipment for lifting; Equipment for transportation of materials Equipment Productivities	
IV	Planning for manpower materials Equipments; resource aggregation, allocation, smoothening and levelingResource Scheduling- Bar chart, line of balance technique, resource constraints and conflictsFunds: cash flow, sources of funds; Histograms and S-Curves. Earned Value;Construction Costs: Make-up of construction costs; Classification of costs, timecost trade-off in construction projects, compression and decompression. Importance of contracts; Types of Contracts, parties to a contract; Common contract clauses;; Delays, penalties and liquidated damages: Termination: Dispute Resolution methods	9
V	Project Monitoring & Control- Supervision, record keeping, periodic progress reports. Basics of Modern Project management systems such as Lean Construction; Use of Building Information Modelling (BIM) in project management; Quality control: concept of quality, quality of constructed structure, use of manuals and checklists for quality control, role of inspection, basics of statistical quality control. Accidents-their causes, effects and preventive measures, costs of accidents, occupational health problems in construction, organizing for safety and health	9
References	 Varghese, P.C., "Building Construction", Prentice Hall India, 2007. National Building Code, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2017. Chudley, R., Construction Technology, ELBS Publishers, 2007. Peurifoy, R.L. Construction Planning, Methods and Equipment, McGraw Hill, 2011 Nunnally, S.W. Construction Methods and Management, Prentice Hall, 2006 Jha, Kumar Neeraj., Construction Project management, Theory & Practice, Pearson Education India, 2015 Punmia, B.C., Khandelwal, K.K., Project Planning with PERT and CPM, Laxmi Publications, 2016. 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, the students will have: CO1: An idea of how structures are built and projects are developed on the field CO2: An understanding of modern construction practices CO3: A good idea of basic construction dynamics- various stakeholders, project objectives, processes, resources required and project economics CO4: An idea of how to optimise construction projects based on costs CO5: An idea how construction projects are administered with respect to contract structures and issues. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	
CO 1	3	2	2	3	2	
CO 2	3	1	2	3	3	
CO 3	2	3	3	2	2	
CO 4	2	1	3	3	2	
CO 5	3	2	1	2	3	

Course 7		OPEN ELECTIVE – II									
	Catego	Somost	Credits	Hours			Th	neory	Pra		
Course Code	ry	er		L	Т	Р		ESE		ESE	Total
	OFC	VI	3	3	_	_	A 40	60	A		100
• The students should undergone the courses which are offered by the other										100	
schools	/Depaerme	nts/ Centre	s of GRI								

Course 7		OPEN ELECTIVE – III									
	Catego	Comost		Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU06OX	OEC	VI	3	3	-	-	40	60		-	100
The students should undergone the courses which are offered by the Centre for Rural Technology , GRI											

Course Title		PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I											
				H	Hours			Theory		Practical			
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total		
18BCEU06EX	PEC-CE	VI	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100		
The stud are offer	The students should undergone the elective courses at civil engineering related sectors which are offered by the Centre for Rural technology, GRI												

Course Title		PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I I										
				Н	Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total	
18BCEU06EX	PEC-CE	VI	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100	
The stue are offe	The students should undergone the elective courses at civil engineering related sectors which are offered by the Centre for Rural technology, GRI											

Course Title	INTERNSHIP-II											
	Categ			Hours			Th	neory	Pra	ctical		
Course Code	ory	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total	
18BCEU0635	PROJ	VI	1	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	100	
Cognitive Level	K3: apply the knowledge in real issues related to civil engineering K4 : Analyze the issues of civil engineering field											
	K5: Develop the plan for civil engineering related sectors											
]	The main a	im is									
Course		1. The students should understand and realize the real time projects										
Objectives		planning and execution										
		2. The	y can acqui	re kno	wlee	dge o	of vario	ous skill b	based a	reas		

- 1. 30 days In plant training is to be undergone by the students in any industry and certificate as to be enclosed along with a report about the works carried out during training.
- 2. Any software training in the reputed centre / organization and certificate as to be enclosed along with a report about the exercises carried out during training.

EVALUATION PROCEDURE

- 1. Evaluation of In plant Training Report :50 Marks
- 2. Viva voce examination : 50marks

(Evaluated by the internal examiner appointed by the HOD)

Course Title		S	OFTWAR	RE SK	ILL	DE	VELO	PMENT	-III		
	Catego			H	ours	5	Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	ry	Sem	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF	ESE	CF	ESE	Total
18BCEU0636	ESC	VI	1	-	-	-	A 50	-	A		50
Cognitive Level	K3 : Apply the knowledge in the softwareK2 : analyze the various software usages and applicationsK3 :develop the various models related to civil engineering										
Course Objectives	The ma The Th Th Civ	ain of this one student one	course is can acquire e to develo ring	know op the o	ledg digit	e of al fo	latest s rmat o	oftware f the solu	ition re	lated to	

SUGGESTED TOPICS:

- 1. Design and drawing of RCC cantilever and counter fort type retaining walls with reinforcement details
- 2. Design of solid slab and RCC Tee beam bridges for IRC loading and reinforcement details
- 3. Design of pressed, rectangular and hemispherical bottomed steel tank Staging Detailed drawings
- 4. Design and drafting of Into type water tank, Detailing of circular and rectangular water tanks
- 5. Design of plate girder bridge Twin Girder deck type Railway Bridge Truss Girder bridges Detailed Drawings including connections.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Krishna Raju, "Structural Design & Drawing (Concrete & Steel)", CBS Publishers
- 2. Punmia, B.C., Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, "Design of steel structures", Lakshmi publications Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Civil Engineering Drawing & House Planning B.P. Verma, Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
- 4. Building Drawing & Detailing Dr. Bala Gopal & T.S.Prabhu, Spades Publishers, Calicut **REFERENCES:**
- 1. Krishnamurthy, D., "Structural Design & Drawing Vol. II", CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi
- 2. Krishnamurthy, D., "Structural Design & Drawing Vol. III Steel Structures", CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi

SEMESTER- VII

Course Title			PRO	FESSI	ONA	L EI	LECTIV	E - III			
				H	ours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU07EX	PEC-CE	VII	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
The stud are offer	lents shoul red by the	d undergo Centre for	ne the elec Rural techr	tive co nology	ourse , Gl	es at RI	civil e	ngineerin	ig relat	ed sector	rs which

Course Title			PRC	FESSI	ONA	LEI	LECTIV	E - IV			
				H	ours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU07EX	PEC-CE	VII	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
The stud are offer	dents shoul red by the (ld undergo Centre for	ne the elec Rural techr	tive co 10logy	ourse , GI	es at RI	civil e	ngineerin	g relat	ed sector	rs which

Course Title			PRO	OFESSI	ONA	L E	LECTIV	/E - V			
				Н	ours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU07EX	PEC-CE	VII	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
The stud are offer	lents shoul red by the	ld undergo Centre for	ne the elec Rural techr	tive co nology	ourse , Gl	es at RI	civil e	ngineerin	ig relat	ed sector	rs which

Course Title			PRC	FESSI	ONA	L EI	LECTIV	'E - VI			
				H	ours		Tl	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU07EX	PEC-CE	VII	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
The stud are offer	dents shout red by the	ld undergo Centre for	ne the elec Rural techr	tive co nology	ourse , Gl	es at RI	civil e	ngineerin	g relat	ed sector	rs which

Course Title				PF	ROJ	ЕСТ	-I				
Course		Somost		H	ours	5	Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0737	PROJ	VII	4	-	-	8	-	-	60	40	100
Cognitive Level	K4: Analyz K5 : Exami K6 : develo	the curre ine the pos op or find the	ent issues re sibilities of he solution	elated t soluti s for th	to ci ons nat is	vil e of ci ssues	nginee vil eng	ring ineering	sector		
Course Objectives	The objec 1. T	tive of this o impart and	course is d improve th	ne desig	gn ca	apabi	lity of t	he student	t.		

- Course conceives purely a design problem in any one of the disciplines of Civil Engineering; e.g., Design of an RC structure, Design of a waste water treatment plant, Design of a foundation system, Design of traffic intersection etc.
- The design problem can be allotted to an individual student
- At the end of the course the students should submit a complete report on the design problem consisting of the data given, the design calculations, specifications if any and complete set of drawings which follow the design.

EVALUATION PROCEDURE

The method of evaluation will be as follows:

1. Internal Marks : 20 marks (Decided by conducting 3 reviews by the guide appointed by the Institution)

2. Evaluation of Project Report : 30 marks (Evaluated by the external examiner) Every student belonging to the same group gets the same mark

3. Viva voce examination : 50 marks (Evaluated by the internal examiner appointed by the HOD with the approval of HOI, external examiner– with equal Weightage)

At the end of course the students will be able to

CO1: Explain design philosophies of structure as a whole

CO2: Design RC and Steel framed structures

CO3: Design Environmental structures

CO4: Design Geotechnical structures

CO5: Design transport related structures and other structures related to Civil engineering

SEMESTER – VIII

Course Title			PRO	FESSI	ONA	L EL	ECTIV	E - VII			
				H	ours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU08EX	PEC-CE	VIII	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
The stud are offer	dents shou red by the	ld undergo Centre for	ne the elec Rural techr	tive co nology	ourse , GI	es at RI	civil e	ngineerin	g relat	ed sector	rs which

Course Title			PRO	FESSIC	NAI	LEL	ECTIVI	E - VIII			
				H	ours		Tl	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU08EX	PEC-CE	VIII	2	2	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
The stud are offer	dents shout red by the	ld undergo Centre for	ne the elec Rural techi	tive co nology	ourse , Gl	es at RI	civil e	ngineerin	g relat	ed sector	rs which

Course 7	ſitle			0	PEN	EL	ECTI	VE – IV			
	Catego	Somost		H	ours	5	Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	ry	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU08OX	OEC	VIII	2	2	-	-	40	60		-	100
• The stue Techno	dents shoul logy , GRI	d undergoi	ne the cours	ses wh	ich a	are o	ffered	by the Ce	entre fo	r Rural	

Course Title				PR	OJE	ACT	'-II				
				Н	ours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Semester	Credits	L	Т	Р	CFA	ESE	CFA	ESE	Total
18BCEU0838	PROJ	VIII	6	-	-	12	-	-	125	75	200
Cognitive Level	K4: Analyz K5 : Exami K6 : develo	the curre ine the poss op or find the	nt issues re sibilities of ne solution	elated t soluti s for th	o ci ons at is	vil en of ci ssues	ngineei vil eng	ring ineering	sector		
Course Objectives	The objecti or find solu	ve of this c tions for ex	course is to xisting prol	impar blems	t cre by w	ativi vorki	ty by n ng in a	neans of a group	new pro	oduct or	design

- CO1: define the necessity of the project
- CO2: compare the previous findings
- CO3: Execute the work
- CO4: Organize the project work with team coordination
- CO5: Crate new findings

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

I. CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT

Course Title		B	UILDING	CONS	STR	UC	FION	PRACTI	CE		
		Somost		H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- Recall K2-underst K3- apply t	K1- Recall standards for materials and its management K2-understand the inventory control techniques K3- apply the knowledge of inventory control in material management									
Course Objectives	The Course • To con	 The Course aims To know about the basics and importance of material management and qualit control concepts 								l quality	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	Importance of Materials Management: Importance of material management and its role inconstruction industry-scope,objectives and functions, Integrated approach to materials management, Role of materials manager.	9
II	Codification and procurement: Classification and Codification of materials of construction.ABC analysis-Procedure andits use, Standardization in materials and their management,Procurement, identification of sources of procurement, vendor analysis. Vendor analysis concept of (MRP) Material requirement planning, planning, purchase procedure, legalaspects.	9
III	Inventory Management Inventory Control techniques. EOQ, Advantages and limitation of use of EOQ, Periodic ordering, order point control, safety stock, stock outs,application of AC analysis in inventory control, concept of (JIT)- Just in timemanagement, Indices used for assessment of effectiveness of inventorymanagement.	9
IV	Stores Management Receipt and inspection, care and safety in handling, loss on storage,wastage, Bulk purchasing, site layout and site organization, scheduling of men, materials and equipment.	9
v	Quality Control and use of MMS: Quality Control – Conventional methods of quality control of Construction materials.Statistical method of quality control, sampling techniques quality control in process.Quality management and its economics.Use of (MMS) – Materials Management Systems in materials planning, procurement, inventory, control, cost control etc.	9

References	Reference Books
	1. Purchasing and Inventory Control- by K. S. Menon, Wheeler
	Publication.
	2. Materials Management, P.Gopalkrishnan, Prentice Hall
	3. Handbook of materials management, P.Gopalkrishnan,
	Sundershan, Prentice Hall.
	4. Inventory Management, L.C.Jhamb, Everest Publ.
	Students able to
	• Apply the knowledge of material management in
	construction industry
Course	• Can purchase the materials with legal procedures
Out	• Can manage the time and cost of materials that are to be
Comes	purchased
comes	 Apply the various techniques for material store
	management
	• Apply the methods of quality control in quality
	management

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	3	2
CO 2	3	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	2	1	3	3
CO 4	3	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	2	1	2	2

Course Title		SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION METHODS										
		Somost		H	ours	5	Theory		Practical			
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total	
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100	
Cognitive Level	K1-Recall t K2-Explain K3- Apply	 K1-Recall the various methods of sub and super structure construction K2-Explain the modular method of construction and methods of steel construction K3- Apply the LEED concept in new construction projects 										
Course Objectives	The Course To I To I To I	 Appry the EEED concept in new construction projects To have idea about foundation construction methods To get knowledge about methods of steel and modular construction To understand the strategies used in construction industry 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
	Types of foundations and construction methods; Basics of Formwork	
Ι	and Staging; Common building construction methods (conventional	9
	walls and slabs; conventional framed structure with blockwork walls);	
II	Modular construction methods for repetitive works; Precast concrete construction methods; Basics of Slip forming for tall structures;	9
III	Basic construction methods for steel structures; Basics of construction methods for Bridges; Identification of cutting edge sustainable construction materials, technologies,	9
IV	Project management strategies for use in the construction industry and evaluation of their potential to reduce the negative environmental impacts of construction activity.	9
V	Examination of the current LEED for New Construction rating system, and case study analysis of highly successful recent "green construction projects" through student team assignments and presentations. Preparation for the LEED Green Associate professional licensing exam.	9
References	 Building Construction by Dr. B. C. Punamia Building Construction by P.C Varghese,Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi 6. Indian Standard Institution, National Building Code of India, ISI, 1984, New Delhi 	
Course Out Comes	After completion of this course students should able to CO1: To construct foundation for various types of construction CO2: Able to build different precast elements CO3: To construct the structures with sustainable materials and technologies CO4: Able to apply the strategies in construction industries	
	CO5: Explain the new construction rating system of LEED	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	3	3
CO 2	3	3	2	3	2
CO 3	3	3	2	3	2
CO 4	3	2	2	3	3
CO 5	2	3	2	3	3

Course Title		INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT									
		Samaat	G	Hours		Th	leory	Practical			
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- Cite th K2- Explai K3- Apply	K1- Cite the role of infrastructure in economic development K2- Explain the factors and demand for infrastructure development K3- Apply the knowledge of emerging trends for infrastructural development									
Course Objectives	The Course • To j need • To j	e aims promote in ded promote pl	frastructura anned ecor	al deve nomica	lopr l and	nent d arti	as per	the dema	and and	l level of elopmer	f service

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction: Definition of basic terminologies, role of infrastructure in economic development, types of infrastructure, measurement of infrastructure capacity, bases for quantification of demand and supply of various types of infrastructure, Indian scenario in respect of adequacy and quality.	9
Π	Infrastructure Planning: Goals and objectives of infrastructure planning; Identification and quantification of the casual factors influencing the demand for infrastructure; review and application of techniques to estimate supply and demand for infrastructure; use of econometric, social and land use indicators and models to forecast the demand and level of service of infrastructure and its impact on land use;	9
III	Critical review of the relevant forecasting techniques; infrastructure planning to identify and prioritize preferred areas for development; Integration of strategic planning for infrastructure at urban, regional and national levels; case studies in infrastructure planning	9
IV	Infrastructure Management: Concepts, Common aspects of urban and rural infrastructure management systems; pavement and bridge management systems, integrated infrastructure management, Case studies;	9
V	Emerging trends in infrastructure: Overview of Public-Private Sector Participation in infrastructure projects, Understanding stakeholders' concerns, regulatory framework, risk management in infrastructure projects, public policy for infrastructure Sectoral Overview: Highways, railways, waterways, airports, urban and rural infrastructure: roads, housing, water supply, sanitation – case study examples.	9

References	Construction Engineering & management of Projects (For Infrastructure & Civil Works) by S. C.Sharma, Khanna Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2011	
	Infrastructure Today – Magazine	
	Public Private Partnership in Infrastructure by R. N. Joshi	
	Vision Publications – 2010.	
	At the end of this course students able to	
	CO1: Develop different types of infrastructure	
	CO2: Plan the infrastructural development based on demand	
Course	and level of service needed	
Out	CO3: Plan infrastructure at urban, Regional and National level	
Comes	CO4: Manage the projects in all the aspects of urban and rural systems	
	<i>CO5:</i> Use the recent trends in public and private sector	
	infrastructure projects	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	1	1	2	3
CO 2	3	2	2	3	2
CO 3	3	3	2	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	3	3
CO 5	2	3	2	3	3

Course Title		REPAIR AND REHABILITATION OF STRUCTURES									
		Samaat		Hours			Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-recall the special types of concrete K2-understand the strategies for repair and maintenance of structures K3- Apply the techniques for the protection of structure										
Course Objectives	The Course To and dam Stud caus stru	 The Course aims To make the students to gain the knowledge on Assess the quality of concrete, and study the durability aspects, causes of deterioration, assessment criteria for damaged structures, repairing of structures and demolition procedures. Students must gained knowledge on quality of concrete, durability aspects, causes of deterioration, assessment of distressed structures, repairing of structures and demolition procedures. 									

I MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR STRATEGIES 9 I Maintenance, Repair and Rehabilitation, Facets of Maintenance, importance of Maintenance, Various aspects of Inspection, Assessment procedure for evaluating a damaged structure, causes of deterioration. 9 II STRENGTH AND DURABILITY OF CONCRETE Quality assurance for concrete – Strength, Durability and Thermal properties, of concrete - Cracks, different types, causes – Effects due to climate, temperature, Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness. 9 III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9	Unit	Content						
Imaintenance, Repair and Renamination, Pacets of Maintenance, Importance of Maintenance, Various aspects of Inspection, Assessment procedure for evaluating a damaged structure, causes of deterioration. 9 II STRENGTH AND DURABILITY OF CONCRETE Quality assurance for concrete – Strength, Durability and Thermal properties, of concrete – Cracks, different types, causes – Effects due to climate, temperature, Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness. 9 III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9	_	MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR STRATEGIES						
II STRENGTH AND DURABILITY OF CONCRETE 9 III Quality assurance for concrete – Strength, Durability and Thermal properties, of concrete - Cracks, different types, causes – Effects due to climate, temperature, Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness. 9 III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9	I	Maintenance, Various aspects of Inspection, Assessment procedure for evaluating a damaged structure, causes of deterioration.	9					
II Quality assurance for concrete – Strength, Durability and Thermal properties, of concrete - Cracks, different types, causes – Effects due to climate, temperature, Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness. 9 III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9		STRENGTH AND DURABILITY OF CONCRETE						
V concrete - Cracks, different types, causes – Effects due to climate, temperature, Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness. 9 III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS 9 IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered -	II	Quality assurance for concrete - Strength, Durability and Thermal properties, of	9					
III Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness. III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS 9 IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9		concrete - Cracks, different types, causes - Effects due to climate, temperature,						
III SPECIAL CONCRETES Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self- compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. V V V		Sustained elevated temperature, Corrosion - Effects of cover thickness.						
III Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High strength concrete, High performance concrete, Vacuum concrete, Self-compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS 9 IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques – Engineered 9		SPECIAL CONCRETES						
Image: Strength concrete, frigh performance concrete, vacuum concrete, sen- 9 compacting concrete, Geopolymer concrete, Reactive powder concrete, Concrete made with industrial wastes 9 IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS 9 IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques – Engineered 9	Ш	Polymer concrete, Sulphur infiltrated concrete, Fibre reinforced concrete, High	0					
IV IV <td< td=""><td></td><td>compacting concrete Geopolymer concrete Reactive powder concrete</td><td>9</td></td<>		compacting concrete Geopolymer concrete Reactive powder concrete	9					
IV TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS 9 IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9		Concrete made with industrial wastes						
IV Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning, Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9		TECHNIQUES FOR REPAIR AND PROTECTION METHODS						
V Corrosion protection techniques – Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels, Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. 9 V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered 9	IV	Non-destructive Testing Techniques, Epoxy injection, Shoring, Underpinning,	0					
Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection. REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered	1,	Corrosion protection techniques - Corrosion inhibitors, Corrosion resistant steels,	9					
V REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered		Coatings to reinforcement, Cathodic protection.						
V Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered		REPAIR, REHABILITATION AND RETROFITTING OF STRUCTURES						
corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered	V	Strengthening of Structural elements, Repair of structures distressed due to						
9	v	corrosion, fire, Leakage, earthquake – Demolition Techniques - Engineered	9					
demolition methods - Case studies.		demolition methods - Case studies.						

References	TEXT BOOKS:									
	1. Denison Campbell, Allen and Harold Roper, "Concrete Structures,									
	Materials, Maintenance and Repair", Longman Scientific and Technical UK,									
	1991.									
	2. Allen R.T. & Edwards S.C, Repair of Concrete Structures, Blakie and Sons,									
	UK, 1987									
	REFERENCES:									
	1. Shetty M.S., "Concrete Technology - Theory and Practice", S.Chand and									
	Company, 2008.									
	2. DovKominetzky.M.S., "Design and Construction Failures", Galgotia									
	Publications Pvt. Ltd., 2001									
	3. Ravishankar.K., Krishnamoorthy.T.S, "Structural Health Monitoring, Repair									
	and Rehabilitation of Concrete Structures", Allied Publishers, 2004.96									
	4. CPWD and Indian Buildings Congress, Hand book on Seismic Retrofit of									
	5 Gambhir M L. "Concrete Technology" McGraw Hill 2013									
	5. Sumoni ivi.E., Concrete reenhology, Westaw Inn, 2015									
	Students able to									
	CO1: Inspect and evaluate various structural damages and can access the cause of									
Course	deterioration									
Out	CO2: Can assure the qualities of concrete									
Comes	CO3: Rectify the damages using different types of special concrete									
	CO4: Protect the structures using various techniques									
	CO5: Demolish the structure with safe engineering methods									

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	2
CO 2	3	1	1	3	2
CO 3	3	3	2	3	2
CO 4	3	2	1	2	3
CO 5	3	2	1	3	3

Course Title	MATERIALS MANAGEMENT										
Course Code		gory Semest er		H	ours	5	Th	leory	Practical		
	Category		Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	2	2	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- Recall standards for materials and its management K2-understand the inventory control techniques K3- apply the knowledge of inventory control in material management										
Course Objectives	The Course • To con	 The Course aims To know about the basics and importance of material management and quality control concepts 									

Unit	Content							
I	Importance of Materials Management: Importance of material management and its role inconstruction industry-scope,objectives and functions, Integrated approach to materialsmanagement, Role of materials manager.	5						
II	Codification and procurement: Classification and Codification of materials of construction.ABC analysis-Procedure andits use, Standardization in materials and their management,Procurement, identification of sources of procurement, vendor analysis. Vendor analysisconcept of (MRP) Material requirement planning, planning, purchase procedure, legalaspects.	5						
III	Inventory Management Inventory Control techniques. EOQ, Advantages and limitation of use of EOQ, Periodic ordering, order point control, safety stock, stock outs,application of AC analysis in inventory control, concept of (JIT)- Just in timemanagement, Indices used for assessment of effectiveness of inventorymanagement.	5						
IV	Stores Management Receipt and inspection, care and safety in handling, loss on storage,wastage, Bulk purchasing, site layout and site organization, scheduling of men, materials and equipment.	5						
V	Quality Control and use of MMS: Quality Control – Conventional methods of quality control of Construction materials.Statistical method of quality control, sampling techniques quality control in process.Quality management and its economics.Use of (MMS) – Materials Management Systems in materials planning, procurement, inventory, control, cost control etc.	5						

References	Reference Books				
	1. Purchasing and Inventory Control- by K. S. Menon, Wheeler				
	Publication.				
	2. Materials Management, P.Gopalkrishnan, Prentice Hall				
	3. Handbook of materials management, P.Gopalkrishnan,				
	Sundershan, Prentice Hall.				
	4. Inventory Management, L.C.Jhamb, Everest Publ.				
	Students able to				
	• Apply the knowledge of material management in				
	construction industry				
Course	• Can purchase the materials with legal procedures				
Out	• Can manage the time and cost of materials that are to be				
Comes	purchased				
	 Apply the various techniques for material store 				
	management				
	• Apply the methods of quality control in quality				
	management				

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	3	2
CO 2	3	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	2	1	3	3
CO 4	3	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	2	1	2	2

Course Title	CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY										
		Somost		H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- Recall the construction Equipments and management of materials K2-understand properties of ingredients of concrete to satisfy the construction field requirements K3-apply the knowledge of underwater construction in the field of civil engineering										
Course Objectives	 K3-apply the knowledge of underwater construction in the field of civil engineering The Course aims to Study about the concrete mix design by various methods to reach the target strength Study the various methods of construction and Equipments used for the construction 										

Unit	Content						
I	Underground &Under water Construction : Underground and Underwater Construction – Tunnel-Shaft sinking, Micro Tunneling, Tunnel driving in hard and soft strata, bedding of conduits. Problems encountered. Underwater drilling, blasting, Grouting methods in soft and hard soil including Jet grouting and Chemical grouting, Dewatering in shallow and deep excavations using different methods, Vacuum Dewatering and Well pointsystem.	9					
II	Construction using Concrete Technology: Concrete – Various methods of shuttering, ReadyMix Concrete, PumpedConcrete, Concrete mix design with various methods of concretingand also underwater concreting using tremie method, Concreting for under water Construction.	9					
III	Pile Construction: Pile Capacity - Load test on piles initial and routine, failure and causes, Methods of pile driving by Vibration and Construction of micro piles, Diaphragm Walls. Piling – Single pile and a group piles (Bored and Driven) duringdriving, Working loads and ultimate loads on driven and cast- in-situ piles, Piles in land and marine structures. Construction details of precast piles, pre stressed piles, steel piles and frictionpiles.	9					
IV	Coffer Dams&Caissons Cofferdam and its types, design and construction of single, double wall. Cofferdam. Sheet pile cofferdams, concrete wall movable cofferdam, land cofferdams, soldier construction method. Cofferdam wall by ICOS method. Types, box, pneumatic and open caissons, Well foundations, details, design and construction of caissons.	9					

V	Equipment & Construction Management: Equipment Management, Costing, Optimum utilization and Equipment selection, depreciation, interest on capital, Manpower, Spare parts etc, Documentation, Log-Books, History Books, Periodical MIS Report. Construction Equipments – Understanding basics and functions of Equipment Earthmoving Machinery, Concreting Equipment, Material Handling Equipment and Transportation of Equipments.	9
References	 1. 1.Construction Technology: Analysis,and Choice, 2ed,Bryan, Wiley India 2. Construction Planning, Equipment and methods – Peurifoy-Tata McGraw Hill Publication 3. Construction Equipment Planning and Applications – Dr. Mahesh Varma 4. Brochures Published by various agencies associated with construction. 5. Journals such as CE & CR. Construction world, International Construction. 6. Construction Technology by Roy Chudley and Roger Greeno, Prentice Hall, 2005. 	
Course Out Comes	 Students able to CO1: Construct any underground and underwater construction CO2: Design and construct the underwater structures CO3: Familiarize the students with basic understanding of pile construction CO4: Design and construct the coffer dam CO5: Equipment that are needed for various types of structures 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	3	2	2
CO 3	3	2	2	1	2
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2
CO 5	3	1	2	2	3

II. TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING
Course Title	INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS										
		Category Semest er	Credits	Hours		Theory		Practical			
Course Code	Category			L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-recall historical background of ITS K2-Understand advanced traffic management systems K3- Apply the knowledge of automated highway systems for ITS programs										
Course Objectives	The Course • To ex	 K3- Apply the knowledge of automated highway systems for ITS programs The Course aims To expose the recent advancements in Transport Systems 									

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction to Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) – Definition of ITS and Identification of ITS Objectives, Historical Background, Benefits of ITS - ITS Data collection techniques – Detectors, Automatic Vehicle Location (AVL), Automatic Vehicle Identification (AVI), Geographic Information Systems (GIS), video data collection.	9
II	Telecommunicationsin ITS – Importance of telecommunications in the ITS system, Information Management, Traffic Management Centres (TMC).	9
III	Vehicle – Road side communication – Vehicle Positioning System; ITS functional areas – Advanced Traffic Management Systems (ATMS), Advanced Traveler Information Systems (ATIS), Commercial Vehicle Operations (CVO), Advanced Vehicle Control Systems (AVCS), Advanced Public Transportation Systems (APTS), Advanced Rural Transportation Systems (ARTS);	9
IV	ITS User Needs and Services – Travel and Traffic management, Public Transportation Management, Electronic Payment, Commercial Vehicle Operations, Emergency Management, Advanced Vehicle safety systems, Information Management;	9
V	Automated Highway Systems - Vehicles in Platoons – Integration of Automated Highway Systems. ITS Programs in the World – Overview of ITS implementations in developed countries, ITS in developing countries	9

References	 Intelligent Transport Systems, Intelligent Transportation Primer, Washington, US,2001 Henry F.Korth, and Abraham Siberschatz, Data Base System Concepts, McGraw Hill,1992 E.Turban, "Decision Support and Export Systems Management Support Systems", Maxwell Macmillan,1998 SitausuS.Mittra, "Decision Support Systems – Tools and Techniques", John Wiley, New York, 1986 Cycle W.Halsapple and Andrew B.Winston, "Decision Support Systems – Theory and Application", Springer Verlog, New York,1987
Course Out Comes	On completion of the course the students would have knowledge on CO1: The various Principles and Aspects of Intelligent Transport System. CO2: anage the traffic with telecommunication systems CO3: Various rural traffic management systems CO4: User needs and services for public transportation CO5: implementation of ITS on developed countries

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	1	1	2	2
CO 3	3	2	2	2	2
CO 4	3	2	2	2	2
CO 5	3	1	1	1	3

Course Title	AIRPORT PLANNING ANDDESIGN										
	Category Semest er	G		Hours		Theory		Pra	ctical		
Course Code		Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total	
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-Recall the modes of transports in india K2-explain the different components of airfield K3-Apply the knowledge of airline economics for pricing										
Course Objectives	The Course • Provi	 K3-Apply the knowledge of airline economics for pricing The Course aims Provides a basic understanding on Airport Systems Planning and Operation 									

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	AIRPORTPLANNING Airport – Accessibility – Transport Connections – Road and Rail, Expansion – Feasibility Studies – Environmental and Social Issues – Forecasting Future Traffic – Airfield Capacity and Delay - Aircraft characteristics – Airport Site Selection	9
п	AIRPORTCOMPONENTS Airport Classification, Planning of Airfield Components – Runway, Taxiway, Apron, Hanger, PassengerTerminals	9
III	AIR ROUTE PLANNINGANDEVALUATION Demand driven dispatch – Airline Fleet Planning Models – Network Revenue Management – Airport Performance, Slot Issues, Hub Operation, Demand Management, Multi-airport Systems	9
IV	PASSENGER CHOICE, SCHEDULING ANDFLEETASSIGNMENT Load Factor Analysis, Airline Schedule Development, Introduction to PODS Passenger Choice Models, Decision Window Model, Fleet Assignment	9
V	AIRLINEECONOMICS Pricing – Privitization and Deregulation, Willingness to pay and Competitive Revenue Management	9

References	 Robert Honjeff and Francis X.Mckelvey, "Planning and Design of Airports", McGraw Hill, New York,1996 Richard De Neufille and AmedeoOdoni, "Airport Systems Planning and Design", McGraw Hill, New York,2003 Airport Planning and Systems –http://airportssystems.com/Course/index- html S.K.Khanna and M.G.Arora, "Airport Planning and Design", Nem Chand and Bros,1999. Norman.J.Ashford, Sakleh.AMumayiz and Paul.H.Wright, "Airport Engineering Planning Design and Development of 21st Century 							
	Airports, John Wiley and sons, New Jersey,2011.							
	Students would have							
Commo	CO1: Skills on airport planning and design with focus of runway and faxiway							
Course	CO2: understood the basics of air route Planning							
	CO3: Design of components of airport							
Comes	CO4: Develop the airline development for scheduling							
	CO5: Network revenue Management.							

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	3	3	3
CO 2	3	2	1	2	2
CO 3	3	2	2	2	3
CO 4	3	2	1	1	2
CO 5	3	3	1	2	2

Course Title	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING DESIGN ANDMANAGEMENT										
Course Code		Semest er	Credits	Hours			Theory		Practical		
	Category			L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-Recall the physical and physiological characteristics for traffic survey K2-understand the various studies that are involved in traffic volume and capacity K3-apply the knowledge of signals and signs for control of traffic										
Course Objectives	 K3-apply the knowledge of signals and signs for control of traffic The Course aims Provides a basic understanding on Traffic Engineering – Planning, Design, Operation and Management 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hour s
Ι	TRAFFIC CHARACTERISTICS Physical, Physiological, Psychological, Environmental Characteristics, Traffic Stream Characteristics, Vehicle Characteristics – Static and Dynamic, Urban Road and Road Characteristics Geometric Design – An Overview	9
II	SURVEYS AND STUDIES INTRAFFIC ENGINEERING Conventional and Modern Methods of Traffic Survey and Studies – Volume and Capacity – Headway concepts and applications – Speed and Delay – Origin and Destination, Parking, Accident – Level of Services (LoS)	9
III	DESIGN OFTRANSPORTINFRASTRUCTURE Sight Distance, Design of Cycle Tracks, Pedestrian Facilities, Parking Facilities – On Street, Off Street Multi level Street Lighting	9
IV	INTERSECTION DESIGN Design of Intersection – At grade intersection – Uncontrolled, Channelisation, Rotary, Traffic Signal Control, Signal Co- ordination, Grade Separated Intersection - Types and Design	9
V	TRAFFIC OPERATION ANDMANAGEMENT Traffic Sign, Road Markings, Traffic Control Aids, Street furniture, Road Arboriculture - Traffic Regulation, Cost Effective Management Measures – Traffic Systems Management and Travel Demand Management - Congestion Management, Traffic Calming and Pricing	9

References	 Wolfgang S.Homburger et.al., "Fundamentals of Traffic Engineering" 15th Edition, Institute of Transportation Studies, University of California, Berkely,2001 James L.Pline (Edr) "Traffic Engineering Hand Book", Institute of Transportation Engineers, Washington DC, USA,1999 	
	 Nicholas T.Garber, Lester A Hoel, "Traffic and Highway Engineering", Revised Second Edition, ITP, California, USA,1999 Thomas Curinan, "An Introduction to Traffic Engineering – A Manual for Data Collection and Analysis", Books Cole, UK,2001 Kadiyali, L.R., "Traffic Engineering and Transport Planning", Khanna Publishers, Delhi,2002 	
Course Out Comes	Students would be aware of CO1: The characteristics of traffic stream and vehicle CO2: Various survey methods for the calculation of capacity and volume of traffic CO3: Basic Principles and Design of traffic infrastructure CO4: Design of intersections CO5: Management of signals and signs for traffic operation	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	2
CO 2	3	3	1	2	3
CO 3	3	2	2	2	2
CO 4	3	2	3	2	2
CO 5	3	2	2	2	2

Course Title	RAILWAY ENGINEERING										
		C		Hours			Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er	er Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- Recall the conventional and modern methods of survey K2- Understand the functions and components of permanent way and rails K3-apply the knowledge of planning, design, construction and maintenance of railway tracks										
Course Objectives	tracks The Course aims • This course imparts the student's knowledge of planning, design, construction and maintenance of railway tracks. • The students acquire proficiency in the application of modern techniques such as GIS, GPS and remote sensing in Railway Engineering										

Unit	Content						
Ι	Role of Indian Railways in National Development – Railway Surveys for Track Alignment – Obligatory points - Conventional and Modern methods (Remote Sensing, GIS & GPS, EDM and other Equipments) - Train Resistances - Rolling Stock -						
	Locomotives, Coaches, Wagons – Train Brakes.						
Π	Permanent Way, its Components and Functions of each Component: Rails - Types of Rails, Rail Fastenings, Concept of Gauges, Coning of Wheels, Creeps and kinks Sleepers – Functions, Materials, Density Ballasts – Functions, Materials, Ballast less Tracks						
III	RAILWAY DESIGN: Geometric Design of Railway Tracks – Gradients and Grade Compensation, Super-Elevation, Widening of Gauges in Curves, Transition Curves, Horizontal and Vertical Curves (Derivations of Formulae and Problems)						
IV	RAILWAY OPERATION AND CONTROL Points and Crossings - Design of Turnouts, Working Principle Signaling, Interlocking and Track Circuiting	9					
V	RAILWAYTRACKCONSTRUCTION,MAINTENANCEConstruction & Maintenance – Conventional,Modern methods and Materials, Track Drainage TrackModernisation– Automated maintenance and upgrading,Technologies, Re-laying of Track, Lay outs of Railway Stations	9					

	and Yards, Rolling Stock, Tractive Power, Track Resistance,									
	Level Crossings									
References	1. Rangwala, Railway Engineering, Charotar Publishing House,									
	1995	1995								
	2. SaxenaSubhash C and SatyapalArora, A Course in Railway									
	Engineering, DhanpatRai and Sons, Delhi, 1998									
	3. J.S. Mundrey, "A course in Railway Track Engineering									
	Students able to									
	CO1: Carry out the survey using modern techniques for railways									
Course	CO2:Plan the components of permanent ways and railway tracks									
Out	CO3: Design and construct the railway tracks									
Comes	CO4: Operate and control the tracks and trains									
	CO5: Construct and maintain the track by conventional and									
	modern methods									

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	2	3
CO 2	3	2	3	3	2
CO 3	3	1	3	2	2
CO 4	3	2	1	2	2
CO 5	3	3	1	2	3

Course Title		URBAN AND REGIONAL PLANNING									
		Samast		H	Hours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: list out and define the concepts of urbanization policies K-2: understand the planning processes of urban and rural development plans K-3: Apply the planning laws for development of cities										
Course Objectives	The Course Provi Deals and n	e aims des a basic with diffe nanagemen	knowledg rent types o t for sustai	e on U of plan nable u	rban , its 1rba	izati imp ngro	on and lement wth.	itstrend. ation, reg	ional d	levelopm	nent

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Unit	Content					
Ι	BASIC CONCEPTS POLICIESANDPROGRAMMES Definitions and Concept- Urbanization, Towns, Cities, Metropolis, Megalopolis, Satellite and New towns, CBD, Peri urban areas, Suburban areas, Census Definition, Classification of urban settlements, TOD, National policies, National Urban Transport Policy 2006, National Policy for Urban street vendors 2009- Programme objectives and salient features of Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM), Urban infrastructure development scheme for small and medium towns (UIDSSMT), Rajiv AwasYojana(RAY)	9				
Ш	PLANNINGPROCESS Steps in Planning Process- Plans; levels; objectives, content, and data requirement-regional plan, master plan, detail development plan, city development plan, development control regulation, Zoning Regulation, Layout and Building Regulations.	9				
III	SOCIO ECONOMIC ANDSPATIAL PLANNING Economic and social concepts in urban and regional planning and their relevance, Economic principals of zoning, Components of sustainable development, Inclusive development, Compact cities, Quality of life-Form of cities, issues related to inner city fringe areas, and suburban areas, Application of Remote sensing and GIS in Urban and Regionalplanning.	9				

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IV	PROJECT FORMULATION AND EVALUATION Constraints for plan implementation – Industrial, Financial and Legal Constraints, Institutional Arrangements for Urban Development – Financing of Urban Developments - Legislation related to Urban Development. Urban infrastructure projects planning, appraisal, formulation, feasibility and preparation of detailed project report, site planning, layout, road network, and service ducts under the road, Environmental impact assessment, and Traffic assessment.	9
V	URBAN GOVERNANCEAND MANAGEMENT Planning laws; Town and Country planning act: Urban Development authorities Act, Constitutional (74 th Amendment) Act 1992- Local bodies, Functions, powers and Interfaces	9
References	 CMDA, Second Master Plan for Chennai, Chennai2008 Goel, S.L Urban Development and Management, Deep and Deep publications, New Delhi2002 George Chadwick, "A Systems view of planning", Pergamon press, Oxford1978 Singh V.B, "Revitalised Urban Administration" in India, Kalpaz publication, Delhi2001 Edwin S.Mills and Charles M.Becker, "Studies In Urban Development", A World Bank Publication, 1986 Thooyavan. K.R, "Human Settlements – A Planning Guide to Beginners. M.A Publications, Chennai2005. Tumlin Jeffrey, "Sustainable Transportation Planning Tools for Creating Vibrant Healthy and Resilient Communities", John Wiley And Sons, 2012. 	
Course Out Comes	On completion of the course, students should be CO1: To know about the basic concepts of National urban planning. CO2: To understand the steps involved in planning processes CO3: Able to know about the socio-Economic and regional planning CO4: Able to know about the legislation related to urban planning	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	2
CO 2	3	2	1	1	2
CO 3	2	2	3	2	1
CO 4	2	2	1	2	2
CO 5	2	2	3	2	2

Course Title	PORT AND HORBOUR ENGINEERING										
		Somost		Hours			Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er Credi	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Identify the Location, Traffic estimation, ship characterization. K-2: Understand the design of Harbour K-3: Classify the waterways										
Course Objectives	The Course • Stud coas • Stud	e aims dents beco stal structu dents acqui	me conve res re knowled	rsion v lge on	with plan	def	inition g and d	purpose esign of l	locati	on mate	erials of

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	Harbour Planning Types of water transportation, water transportation in India, requirements of ports and harbours, classification of harbours, selection of site and planning of harbours, location of harbour, traffic estimation, master plan, ship characteristics	9
II	harbour design, turning basin, harbour entrances, type of docks, its location and number, Site investigations – hydrographic survey, topographic survey, soil investigations, current observations, tidal observations;	9
III	Docks and Repair Facilities: Design and construction of breakwaters, berthing structures - jetties, fenders, piers, wharves, dolphins, trestle, moles, Harbour docks, use of wet docks, design of wet docks, repair docks, lift docks, dry docks, keel and bilge blocking, construction of dry docks, gates for dry docks, pumping plant, floating docks, slipways, locks, size of lock, lock gates, types of gates;	9
IV	Navigational Aids: Requirements of signals, fixed navigation structures, necessity of navigational aids, light houses, beacon lights, floating navigational aids, light ships, buoys, radar; Dredging and Coastal Protection: Classification, types of dredgers, choice of dredger, uses of dredged materials, coastal erosion and protection, sea wall, revetment, bulkhead, coastal zone and beach profile;	9
V	Port facilities: Port development, port planning, port building facilities, transit sheds, warehouses, cargo handling facilities, container handling terminal facilities, shipping terminals, inland port facilities. Inland waterways, Inland water transportation in India, classification of waterways, economics of inland waterways transportation, national waterways.	9

References	OZA.H.P and Oza.g.H" A course in docks and harbor
	Enginnering" anandchartor publishing house pvt.Gujarat 2010
	S.P.Bindra A course in Docks and Harbour Engineering
	DhanpatRai publications New delhi 1993
	On completion of the course, students should be
	CO1: To know about the Harbour planning
Course	CO2: To understand about the various survey involved in harbor
Out	planning
Comes	CO3: To know about the construction of break water
	CO4: To understand about the Navigational Aids.
	CO5: To know about the port development and port planning.

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	3	3	3
CO 2	3	2	3	3	3
CO 3	3	2	2	2	3
CO 4	3	2	2	2	3
CO 5	3	2	3	2	3

Course Title	PAVEMENT MATERIALS										
		Samaat	Credits	Hours			Theory		Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	er		L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC- CEEL	-	2	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recall the soil classifications and its characteristics K-2: Understand the preparation, properties and tests for Bitumen K-3: Solve the pavement mix design problems										
Course Objectives	The Course • Togiv nt ma	e aims vethestuder terials as p	ntstohandsc er the IRC:	onexperstandar	rieno ds.	ceon	thevari	oustestin	gproce	duresofp	aveme

Content	No.of Hours
Soil - Classification, characteristics, compaction, evaluation of soil strength; stabilized pavement materials; Aggregates: requirements, properties and tests on road aggregates for flexible and rigid pavements.	5
Bitumen: Origin, preparation, properties and tests, constitution of bituminous road binders; requirements; Criterion for selection of different binders.Bituminous Emulsions and Cutbacks: Preparation, characteristics, uses and tests,Bituminous Mixes:	5
Mechanical properties: Resilient modulus, dynamic modulus and fatigue characteristics of bituminous mixes. bituminousmixdesign methods and specifications.	5
Weathering and Durability of Bituminous Materials and Mixes. Performance based Bitumen Specifications;	5
Superpavement mix design method: design example problems. Cement Concrete for Pavement Construction: Requirements, and design of mix for CC pavement, IRC and IS specifications and tests, joint filler and sealer materials.	5
 Khanna SK and Justo CEG, "Highway Engineering", Nem Chand & Bros, Roorkee, 2010. Brase/Brase "Understandable Statistics 3rd edition", D C Health and Company, Lexington, Massachusetts, Toronko, 1987. Jason C.yu, Transportation Engineering: Introduction to Planning, Design and Operations, Elsevier, 1992. 	
On completion of the course, students should be CO1: To know about the soil strength evaluations	
	ContentSoil - Classification, characteristics, compaction, evaluation of soil strength; stabilized pavement materials; Aggregates: requirements, properties and tests on road aggregates for flexible and rigid pavements.Bitumen: Origin, preparation, properties and tests, constitution of bituminous road binders; requirements; Criterion for selection of different binders.Bituminous Emulsions and Cutbacks: Preparation, characteristics, uses and tests,Bituminous Mixes:Mechanical properties: Resilient modulus, dynamic modulus and fatigue characteristics of bituminous mixes. bituminousmixdesign methods and specifications.Weathering and Durability of Bituminous Materials and Mixes. Performance based Bitumen Specifications;Superpavement mix design method: design example problems. Cement Concrete for Pavement Construction: Requirements, and design of mix for CC pavement, IRC and IS specifications and tests, joint filler and sealer materials.1. Khanna SK and Justo CEG, "Highway Engineering", Nem Chand & Bros, Roorkee, 2010. 2. Brase/Brase "Understandable Statistics 3rd edition", D C Health and Company, Lexington, Massachusetts, Toronko, 1987. 3. Jason C.yu, Transportation Engineering: Introduction to Planning, Design and Operations, Elsevier, 1992. On completion of the course, students should be CO1: To know about the soil strength evaluations

Comes	CO2: To understand the selection of binding materials for	
	pavements	
	CO3: Capable to identify the mechanical properties of bitumen.	
	CO4: To know about the Performance of Bitumen Specifications	
	CO5: Able to design the pavement as per indian standard.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	2
CO 2	2	2	1	1	2
CO 3	2	2	1	1	2
CO 4	2	2	1	2	2
CO 5	3	3	3	2	3

Course Title	TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS PLANNING										
		Semest er	Credits	Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category			L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-Recall existing transportation systems in India K2-understand the systems of simulation modelling K3-apply the theories for land use transportation models										
Course Objectives	The Course To in Plan	K3-apply the theories for land use transportation models The Course aims To impart knowledge in the rudiments and advancements Transportation Planning and Travel Demand Forecasting									

Unit	Content						
I	TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMSTATUS Status of existing Transportation System – Systems Approach to Transport Planning - Interdependence of the Landuse and Traffic – Stages in Transportation Planning – Transport Systems and Planning Considerations.	9					
II	INVENTORIES ANDSIMULATION MODELING Concepts of Zoning – Transportation Surveys – Inventory of Transport and other activities – Travel Forecasting Process – Basics of Systems Simulation Modeling - Application in Travel Forecasting – Critical issues in Travel forecasting.	9					
III	FOUR STAGEMODELINGPROCESS Conventional and Four Stage Modeling Process – Trip Generation Models – Trip Distribution Models and Calibration – Methods of Trip Assignment Models –Multi Modal Trip Assignment – Mode Choice and Modal Split Models.	9					
IV	ADVANCEDTRAVEL FORECASTING Advanced Travel Demand Forecasting Methods - Activity Based Modeling – Comparison of Conventional and Activity Based Modeling – Integration of Systems Simulation Modeling and Transportation Network Planning for Sustainability.	9					

V	LAND USE TRANSPORTMODEL(LUT) Accessibility Measures and Basic Theories – Lowry Derivatives Model- Garin Model –Approach and Simulation Modeling in LUT Model - Multimodal Transportation Planning.	9
References	 John Khisty C, Kent Lall B, "Transportation Engineering – An Introduction, 3rd Edition, PrenticeHall of India, New Delhi,2002 Papacostas C.S., Prevedouros, "Transportation Engineering and Planning, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi,2002 John D.Edwards (Edr.), "Transportation Planning Hand Book", 2nd Edition, Institute of Transportation Engineers, Prentice Hall Inc., Washington DC, USA,1999 O"Flaherty C.A, "Transport Planning and Traffic Engineering", Elsevier Publications, New Delhi,1997. Chennai Metropolitan Development authority (CMDA) (2006), Chennai Metropolitan Area – Second Master Plan, Chennai. 	
Course Out Comes	Students would be aware of the CO1: Stages in transportation system planning CO2: Simulation models for inventory and transportation systems CO3: Stages of modelling processes CO4: Methods for forecasting travel demand CO5: Planning for multimodal transportation	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	3	2	2
CO 2	3	3	2	1	2
CO 3	3	2	1	1	2
CO 4	3	3	1	2	2
CO 5	3	2	2	2	3

III. ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Course Title	ECOLOGICAL ENGINEERING										
		Comost		Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: identify the eco technology which is relevance to the human civilization. K-2: Understand about the system approach and Ecological engineering processes. K-3: Apply the eco technology for various waste treatment										
Course Objectives	The Course • T • T • T p • T a	e aims 'o know ab 'o understa 'o apply the roblems 'o apply the ir, water ar	out the env nd about en e knowledg e acquired nd soil syste	vironm nvironi ge in ur knowle ems,	ent nen nder edge	tal po stanc and	ollution ling va skill o	n rious env n the eco	rironmo logical	ental issu control	ies and

Unit	Content						
Ι	Introduction to Ecology and Ecological Engineering - Aim – scope and applications of Ecology, Ecological Engineering and Eco-technology and their relevance to human civilization – Development and evolution of ecosystems – Principles and concepts were pertaining to communities in ecosystem – Energy flow and material cycling in ecosystems – Productivity in ecosystems.	9					
II	Systems Approach in Ecological Engineering - Classification of eco- technology – Principles and components of Systems and Modeling – Structural and functional interactions in environmental systems – Human modifications of environmental systems.	9					
III	Ecological Engineering Processes - Self-organizing processes – Multiple seeded microcosms – Interface coupling in ecological systems. Concepts of energy – Adapting ecological engineering systems to potentially catastrophic events – Agro ecosystems – Determination of sustainable loading of ecosystems.	9					
IV	Eco-technology for Waste Treatment - Principles and operation of soil infiltration systems – wetlands and ponds – source separation systems – aqua cultural systems – detritus based treatment for solid wastes – Applications of ecological engineering marine systems.	9					
V	Case studies of integrated ecological engineering systems.	9					

References	 Mitsch, J.W & Jorgensen, S.E., Ecological Engineering – An Introduction to Ecotechnology, John Wiley & Sons, New York,2009. Smith, R.L. and Thomas M. Smith (2003), Elements of Ecology (5thed.). San Francisco: Benjamin Cummings. White, I.D, Mottershed, D.N and Harrison, S.L., Environmental Systems – An Introductory Text, Chapman Hall, London,2004. Kangas, P.C. and Kangas, P., Ecological Engineering: Principles and Practice, Lewis Publishers, New York, 2003. 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be CO1 Able to solve environmental problems and issues under ecological engineering. CO2 Able to visualize the application of control principles on the ecological control of natural and manmade systems. CO3 Able to understand the Ecological engineering process CO4 Able to adopt the eco technology for various waste treatment process. CO5 Able to provide the solution for the various ecological engineering systems 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	1	2	2
CO 2	1	2	1	2	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	1
CO 4	2	2	1	2	2
CO 5	2	2	3	2	2

Course Title	TRANSPORT OF WATER AND WASTE WATER										
		Samaat		Hours			Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	er	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Recall the continuity, energy and momentum principles K-2 Understand the various pipe materials and their fixtures. K-3 Apply the software tools for network desgin										
Course Objectives	 K-3 Apply the software tools for network desgin The Course aims To educate the students in detailed design concepts related to water transmission mains, water distribution system To educate and give analytical skill for solving sewer networks and storm matter durin here exercises are design. 										

Unit	Content						
Ι	Fluid flow - Fluid flow: continuity, energy and momentum principles; frictional head losses in free and pressure flow, major and minor head losses and their estimation. Pumping of fluids and selection of pumps. Flow measurement.	9					
Ш	Water transmission and distribution - Planning factors. Water transmission main design. Pipe material and economics; water distribution pipe networks, and methods for their analysis and optimisation. Laying and maintenance of pipelines; in situ: lining, appurtenances and corrosion prevention	9					
III	Wastewater collection and conveyance -Design of sanitary sewer; partial flow in sewers, economics of sewer design; sewer appurtenances; material, construction, inspection and maintenance of sewers; design of sewer outfalls: mixing conditions; conveyance of corrosive wastewaters.	9					
IV	Storm water drainage - Run-off estimation, rainfall data analysis, storm water drain design. Rainwater harvesting	9					
v	Software applications -Use of computer automated tools in water transmission, water distribution and sewer design. LOOP, SEWER, BRANCH, and other tools.	9					
References	 Manual on water supply and Treatment. CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, GOI, New Delhi, 1999. Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Development. CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, GOI, New Delhi, 1993. Practical Hydraulics Hand Book, B.A. Hauser. Lewis Publishers, New York, 2011. Water and Wastewater Technology, M.J. Hammer. Regents/Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2011. 						

On completCO1 AbleCO2 To ACourseOutCO3 To AComesand sCO4 AbleCO5 Able	on of the course, students should be to understand the basics of fluid properties oply the ability gained from theory to the practical design zing of water distribution system oply the ability gained from theory to the practical design zing of sewer lines and wastewater treatment system. to estimate the storm water runoff. to apply the software tool for network analysis

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	1	2	2	2
CO 2	3	2	2	3	2
CO 3	3	2	2	3	2
CO 4	2	2	1	2	1
CO 5	3	2	2	3	2

Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND POLICIES										
				Hours			Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	I	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1 Identify the Precautionary Principle and Polluter Pays Principles for Environmental production. K-2 Understand the Air and Water acts K-3 Apply the Indian forest acts for various environmental issues 										
Course Objectives	 K-3 Apply the Indian forest acts for various environmental issues The Course aims To gain knowledge on current environmental issues; and methods and practices for solving them through the application of environmental policies and legislation. Ability to apply the environmental policies and legislative measures on the effective management of environmental problems. 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	introduction - Indian Constitution and Environmental Protection – National Environmental policies – Precautionary Principle and Polluter Pays Principle – Concept of absolute liability – multilateral environmental agreements and Protocols – Montreal Protocol, Kyoto agreement, Rio declaration – Environmental Protection Act, Water (P&CP) Act, Air (P&CP) Act – Institutional framework(SPCB/CPCB/MoEF)	9
Π	Water (P&CP)Act,1974 - Power & functions of regulatory agencies - responsibilities of Occupier Provision relating to prevention and control Scheme of Consent to establish, Consent to operate – Conditions of the consents – Outlet – Legal sampling procedures, State Water Laboratory – Appellate Authority – Penalties for violation of consent conditions etc. Provisions for closure/directions in apprehended pollution situation.	9
III	Air (P&CP)Act,1981- Power & functions of regulatory agencies - responsibilities of Occupier Provision relating to prevention and control Scheme of Consent to establish, Consent to operate – Conditions of the consents – Outlet – Legal sampling procedures, State Air Laboratory – Appellate Authority – Penalties for violation of consent conditions etc. Provisions for closure/directions in apprehended pollution situation.	9
IV	Environment (Protection)Act1986 - Genesis of the Act – delegation of powers – Role of Central Government - EIA Notification – Sitting of Industries – Coastal Zone Regulation - Responsibilities of local bodies mitigation scheme etc., for	9

	Municipal Solid Waste Management - Responsibilities of Pollution Control Boards under Hazardous Waste rules and that of occupier, authorization – Biomedical waste rules – responsibilities	
	of generators and role of Pollution Control Boards	
V	Relevant Provisions of Indian Forest Act, Public Liability Insurance Act, CrPC, IPC -Public Interest Litigation - Writ petitions - Supreme Court Judgments in Landmark cases.	9
References	 U.AD. Kesari, Administrative Law University Book Trade Delhi, 1998. Greger I. Megregor, "Environmental law and enforcement", Lewis Publishers, London. 2004 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be CO1: able to understand the national environmental policies CO2: able to know about the Air act 1981 CO3: able to know about the water act 1981 CO4: able to understand the Environmental production Act 1986. CO5: able to understand the Forest Acts. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	1	2	2	1
CO 2	1	1	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	2	2	1
CO 4	2	1	2	2	1
CO 5	1	1	2	1	1

Course Title	PHYSICO-CHEMICAL PROCESSES OF WATER AND WASTE WATER										
	TREATMENT										
				Η	ours		Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Recall the characteristics of water and waste water K-2 understand the municipal and Industrial water and waste water treatment plants K-3apply the advanced treatment techniques for water and waste water treatment systems										
Course Objectives	The Course • To e trea • To trea sele	e aims educate the tment syste students sl tment syste ction of sp	e students o ems for wa nould gain ems and the ecific proce	on the p ter and compe e comp ess.	orinc wa tenc oone	ciples stewa y in nts c	s and p ater the pro ompris	rocess de ocess emp sing such	esigns c bloyed : system	of various in desigr as, leadir	s n of ng to the

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	Introduction - Pollutants in water and wastewater – characteristics, Standards for performance - Significance of physico-chemical treatment – Selection criteria-types of reactor- reactor selection-batch continuous type-kinetics	9
II	Treatment Principles - Physical treatment - Screening – Mixing, Equalization – Sedimentation – Filtration – Evaporation – Incineration – gas transfer – mass transfer coefficient Adsorption – Isotherms – Membrane separation, Reverse Osmosis, nano filtration, ultra filtration and hyper filtration electrodialysis, distillation – stripping and crystallization – Recent Advances. Principles of Chemical treatment – Coagulation flocculation – Precipitation – flotation solidification and stabilization – Disinfection, Ion exchange, Electrolytic methods, Solvent extraction – advanced oxidation /reduction – Recent Trends	9
III	Design of Municipal Water Treatment Plants- Selection of Treatment – Design of municipal water treatment plant units – Aerators – chemical feeding – Flocculation – clarifier – tube settling – filters – Rapid sand filters, slow sand filter, pressure filter, dual media Disinfection - Displacement and gaseous type - Flow charts – Layouts – Hydraulic Profile, PID - construction and O&M aspects – case studies, Residue management – Up gradation of existing plants – Recent Trends.	9
IV	Design of Industrial Water Treatment Plants - Design of Industrial Water Treatment Units- Selection of process – Design of softeners – Demineralizers –Reverse osmosis plants –Flow charts	9

	- Layouts -Hydraulic Profile, PID - construction and O&M						
	aspects - case studies, Residue management - Upgradation of						
	existing plants – Recent Trends.						
	Design of Wastewater Treatment Plants - Design of municipal						
	wastewater treatment units-screens-detritors-grit chamber-settling						
	tanks sludge thickening-sludge dewatering systems-sludge drying						
	beds - Design of Industrial Wastewater Treatment Units-	0					
V	Equalization- Neutralization-Chemical Feeding Devices-mixers	9					
	floatation units-oil skimmer Flow charts – Layouts –Hydraulic						
	Profile, PID, construction and O&M aspects - case studies,						
	Retrofitting - Residue management - Upgradation of existing						
	plants – Recent Trends.						
References	1. Metcalf and Eddy, Wastewater Engineering, Treatment						
	and Reuse, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.						
	2. Qasim, S.R., Motley, E.M. and Zhu.G. Water works						
	Engineering – Planning, Design and Operation, Prentice						
	Hall, New Delhi, 2002.						
	3. Lee, C.C. and Shun dar Lin, Handbook of Environmental						
	Engineering Calculations, McGraw Hill, New York, 1999.						
	4. F.R. Spellman, Hand Book of Water and Wastewater						
	Treatment Plant operations, CRC Press, New York (2009).						
	5. David Hendricks, Fundamentals of Water Treatment						
	Process, CRC Press New York (2011).						
	On completion of the course, students should be						
	CO1: able to understand the significations of Physico-chemical						
Course	treatment systems.						
Out	CO2: able to know about the water and wastewater treatment						
Comes	principles						
Comes	CO3: able to design the municipal water treatment plant						
	CO4: able to design the industrial water treatment plant						
	CO5: able to design the municipal waste water treatment plants						

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	1	1	1	1
CO 2	1	2	2	1	1
CO 3	2	2	3	2	3
CO 4	2	2	2	2	3
CO 5	2	2	3	2	3

Course Title	RURAL WATER SUPPLY AND ON-SITE SANITATION SYSTEMS										
		Sem. Credit		Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category		Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Recall K-2 unders K-3 Apply	the sources tands the w the suitable	s of water a vater qualit e technique	and pip y stanc es for s	es a lards ewa	nd p s for ge di	ump se rural v isposal	election vater supp and reus	oly sys e.	tems.	
Course Objectives	The Course Unc with Unc	e aims lerstand th 1 their com lerstand the	e importan ponents e various o	ce rura	al w anita	ater	supply	y and prin	nciples	of wate	r supply

Unit	Content						
I	Development of Water Sources - Sources of water – Surface and ground water sources – Development of deep bore wells; Estimation of yield – Alternate sources of water supply – Rain water harvesting - pumps – Types and selection of pumps for deep bore wells – Construction, operation and maintenance.	9					
II	Water Treatment - Quality of water – Standards - conventional water treatment – Technologies for removal of specific contaminants; Iron, Arsenic, Fluoride, T.D.S; Disinfection – Alternate disinfection methods – solar disinfection.	9					
III	Sanitation - Basic requirement of sanitation; Decentralized / onsite wastewater management; small bore / settled effluent sewer system – Design and operation.	9					
IV	Sewage Treatment - Fundamentals of sewage treatment; Decentralized sewage treatment; Septic tank with depression pit – DEWATS, Intermittent sand filters – Anaerobic filters – Waste stabilization ponds – Design and operation.	9					
V	Sewage Disposal and Reuse - Methods of disposal, Land disposal, sewage farms – Artificial recharge of ground water; Recycle and Reuse of sewage – Grey water Harvesting – Salt water intrusion and remediation – Ground water pollution and remediation.	9					
References	 CPHEEO Manual on Water Supply and Treatment, Govt. of India (2003). CPHEEO Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment, Govt. of India (1999). Metcalf & Eddy, Wastewater Engg. Treatment and Reuse, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi (2003). Todd, D.K. Ground Water Hydrology, John Wiley & Sons, New York (2000). 						

	 F.R. Spellman, Hand Book of Water and Wastewater Treatment Plant operations CRC Press, New York (2009). 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be CO1: able to understand the sources of surface and sub-surface sources CO2: able to know about the specific contaminants removal CO3: able to develop the on-site sanitation managements CO4: able to Design the anaerobic treatment systems CO5: able to provide the remedial solution for ground water pollution 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	3
CO 2	1	1	1	1	2
CO 3	2	3	2	2	3
CO 4	2	1	1	1	3
CO 5	2	1	1	2	3

Course Title	AIR AND NOISE POLLUTION CONTROL										
				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	I	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Identify the various air pollutants, sources and its effects on environment. K-2 Understand the design and performance equations for air pollution control K-3 Apply annovance rating schemes for indoor and outdoor noise pollution										
Course Objectives	The Course • To indo • To emp	aims impart k oor/particul educate bloyed in ir	nowledge late/gaseou theoretical ndustrial po	on the sair perince of the second sec	he ollut iple	prino tant a s ar ntrol	ciples and its ad op engine	and de emerging erational ering.	sign o g trends contre	of contr ol techi	ol of niques

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Air pollution and its effects -Air Pollutants: sources, classification, effect on animal health, vegetation, materials, and atmosphere. Chemical and photochemical reactions in the atmosphere and their effects: smoke, smog, acid rain and ozone layer depletion. Greenhouse gases, global warming and its implications. Air pollution legislation and standards.	9
Π	Air pollution dispersion and modeling -Meteorology and air pollution: atmospheric stability and inversions, behavior of air pollutant plumes as effected by nature of source, meteorology, obstacles and terrain; maximum mixing depth. Effluent dispersion theories: models for point and line sources based on Gaussian plume dispersion and their limitations: models for heavy gas dispersion. Box model for area sources. Prediction of effective stack height: Holland's and Briggs equations. Issues of indoor air quality.	9
III	Air pollution prevention and control – Reduction in the generation of particulate matter by process modification, good housekeeping, and other means. Control of SPM: concepts and the design elements of gravitational settlers, centrifugal collectors, wet collectors, electrostatic precipitators, fabric filters, condensers.	9
IV	Air pollution prevention and control – II (16 contact hours) Sources of air pollution from fossil fuels and industrial processes. Prevention and reduction of emissions, cleaner production. Air pollution control by absorption, adsorption, condensation, incineration, bio-scrubbers, bio-filters, etc. Design and performance equations, case studies.	9

V	Noise pollution and its control - Generation and propagation of sound; sound power, sound intensity and sound pressure levels; plane, point and line sources; multiple sources; outdoor and indoor noise propagation; psycho-acoustics and noise criteria. Effects of noise on health. Annoyance rating schemes; noise standards and limit values. Noise pollution measuring instrumentation and monitoring procedure. Noise pollution prevention and control.	9
References	1. Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, G. M. Masters, Prontice, Hell of India, New Delhi, 2011	
	 Air Pollution Control Engineering, N. de Nevers. McGraw 	
	Hill, Singapore, 2011.	
	3. Environmental Noise Pollution, P. E. Cunniff, McGraw	
	Hill, New York, 1987.	
	4. Fundamentals of Air pollution, R. W. Boubel, D. L. Fox,	
	and A. C. Stern, Academic Press, NY, 2011.	
	On completion of the course, students should be	
	CO1: Apply sampling techniques	
	CO2: Apply modeling techniques	
Course	CO3: Suggest suitable air pollution prevention equipments and	
Out	techniques for various gaseous and particulate pollutants	
Comes	to Industries.	
	CO4 : Discuss the emission standards	
	CO5: know about the noise pollution measuring instruments	
	and its standards.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	2	1	1	1
CO 2	2	2	1	1	1
CO 3	2	2	1	1	2
CO 4	2	2	1	1	2
CO 5	2	2	1	1	2

Course Title	SOLID AND HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT										
					Hours			neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	2	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Identify the Solid and hazardous waste sources and its characteristics K-2 Explain the solid and hazardous waste management systems K-3 Apply the legislations on management of solid and hazardous wastes.										
Course Objectives	The Course • To tro • To • A m	e aims o impart 1 eatment, d lated engir o impart sk bility to de unicipal ar	knowledge isposal and leering prir ill for design sign the co ad hazardou	and s l recyc nciples, gn of so llection as wast	skill cling des olid n an e.	s in g opt sign o and d tre	the c tions fo criteria hazard atment	collection or solid , methods ous treati units for	, stora wastes s and e nent sy the ma	nge, tran includir quipmen ystems. anageme	nsport, ng the t's. nt of

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction -Solid wastes- definition, types, sources, characteristics, and impact on environmental health. Waste generation rates. Concepts of waste reduction, recycling and reuse.	5
II	Collection, segregation and transport of solid wastes - Handling and segregation of wastes at source. Collection and storage of municipal solid wastes; analysis of Collection systems. Transfer stations - labeling and handling of hazardous wastes. Public participation and the role of NGOs.	5
III	Solid waste management - Solid waste processing technologies. Mechanical and thermal volume reduction. Biological and chemical techniques for energy and other resource recovery: composting. Vermin composting, termigradation, fermentation. Incineration of solid wastes. Disposal in landfills: site selection, design, and operation of sanitary landfills; secure landfills and landfill bioreactors; leachate and landfill gas management; landfill closure and post-closure environmental monitoring; landfill remediation.	5
IV	Hazardous waste management - Hazardous wastes: definition, sources and characteristics: handling, collection, storage and transport. Hazardous waste treatment technologies. Physical, chemical and thermal treatment of hazardous waste: solidification, chemical fixation and encapsulation, incineration. Hazardous waste landfills: site selection, design and operation. Biomedical,	5

	plastic and e-waste; waste categorization generation collection	
	transport, treatment and disposal	
V	Legislation on solid waste handling Elements of integrated waste management: Legislations on management and handling of municipal solid wastes, biomedical wastes, and other hazardous wastes.	5
References	 Handbook of Solid Waste Management, F. Kreith, G. Tchobanoglous, 2009. CPHEEO, Manual on Municipal Solid waste management, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization, Government of India, New Delhi, 2000. Pollution Control, Climate Change and Industrial Disasters, Abbasi, T. and Abbasi, S.A. Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi (2010). Hazardous Waste Management, M. D. LaGrega, P. L Buckingham, J. C. Evans, 2nd edition. McGraw-Hill, 2011. 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be CO: Understand the characteristics of different types of solid and hazardous wastes and the factors affecting variation CO2: Define and explain important concepts in the field of solid waste management CO3: suggest suitable technical solutions for treatment of municipal and industrial waste CO4: Understand the role legislation and policy drivers play in stakeholders' response to the waste a CO5: Apply the basic scientific principles for solving practical waste management challenges 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	2	1	1	1
CO 2	1	2	1	1	1
CO 3	2	3	2	2	3
CO 4	1	2	1	1	2
CO 5	2	2	1	2	2

Course Title	WATER AND AIR QUALITY MODELS										
				Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Identify the water and air quality managements systemsK-2 Understand the concepts of water and air quality modelsK-3 Apply the theoretical concepts of air and water quality model to prepare the real models										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To acquaint with various water flow models and their kinetics. To educate about the water parameters modeling and various ground water quality modeling. Ability to visualize the modeling and behavior of air and water quality systems To visualize the physical limits on the air and water quality systems through modeling and software systems. 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Modeling/Concept- Water and air quality management – Role of mathematical models; systems approach – systems and models – kinds of mathematical models – model development and validation effluent and stream standards; ambient air quality standards.	9
II	Surface Water Quality Modeling - Historical development of water quality models; rivers and streams water quality modeling – river hydrology and flow – low flow analysis – dispersion and mixing – flow, depth and velocity – estuaries – estuarine transport, net estuarian flow, estuary dispersion coefficient; Lakes and impoundments – Water quality response to inputs; water quality modeling process – model sensitivity – assessing model performance; Models for dissolved oxygen, pathogens; Streeter – Phelps models.	9
III	Air Quality Modeling - Transport and dispersion of air pollutants – wind velocity, wind speed and turbulence; estimating concentrations from point sources – the Gaussian Equation – determination of dispersion parameters, atmospheric stability; dispersion instrumentation – Atmospheric traces; concentration variation with averaging time; Air pollution modeling and prediction – Plume rise modeling techniques, modeling for non-reactive pollutants, single source – short term impact, multiple sources and area sources, model	9

	performance and utilization, computer models.	
IV	Ground water Quality Modeling - Mass transport of solutes, degradation of organic compounds, application of concepts to predict groundwater contaminant movement, seawater intrusion – basic concepts and modeling	9
V	Computer Models - Exposure to computer models for surface water quality, groundwater quality and air quality.	9
References	 Steven C.Chapra, Surface WaterQualityModeling,TheMcGraw- HillCompanies,Inc.,NewYork,1997. Arthur C.Stern Air Pollution (3rdEd.)Volume I –Air Pollutants, their transformation and Transport, 2006. R.W.Boubel, D.L. Fox, D.B. Turner & A.C. Stern, Fundamentals of Air Pollution Academic Press, New York, 1994. Ralph A. Wurbs, Water Management Models – A Guide to Software, Prentice Hall. PTR, New Jersey,1995. Richard W. Boubel, Donald L. Fox, D. Bruce Turner & Arthur C. Stern, "Fundamentals of Air Pollution, Hardcover",2007. Deaton and Wine brake, "Dynamic Modeling of Environmental Systems", Wiley & sons, 2002. 	
Course Out Comes	 On completion of the course, students should be CO1: Ability to visualize the modeling CO2: Able to understand the behavior of air and water quality systems CO3: To visualize the physical limits on the air and water quality systems through modeling. CO4: Ability to validate the findings of modeling on the ground reality under air, water, soil systems. CO5: Ability to prepare the computer models for air and water quality. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	1	2	-	-	2
CO 2	1	2	-	1	2
CO 3	1	2	-	1	2
CO 4	1	2	1	2	2
CO 5	1	2	1	2	2

Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT										
			n. Credits	Hours		Theory		Practical			
Course Code	Category	Sem.		L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	I	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1 Identify the Components and methods For EIA K-2 Understand the Socio-Economic Impact Assessment K-3 Prepare the EIA Report for various sectors										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To expose the students to the need, methodology, documentation and usefulness of environmental impact assessment To develop the skill to prepare environmental management plan. Ability to prepare draft and detailed reports under EIA. 										

Unit	Content	No.o f Hou rs
Ι	Introduction - Historical development of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA). EIA in Project Cycle. Legal and Regulatory aspects in India. – Types and limitations of EIA – Cross sectoral issues and terms of reference in EIA – Public Participation in EIA. EIA process- screening – scoping - setting – analysis – mitigation	9
II	Components and Methods for EIA - Matrices – Networks – Checklists – Connections and combinations of processes - Cost benefit analysis – Analysis of alternatives – Software packages for EIA – Expert systems in EIA. Prediction tools for EIA – Mathematical modeling for impact prediction – Assessment of impacts – air – water – soil – noise – biological — Cumulative Impact Assessment – Documentation of EIA findings – planning – organization of information and visual display materials – Report preparation. EIA methods in other countries.	9
III	Socio-Economic Impact Assessment - Definition of social impact assessment. Social impact assessment model and the planning process .Rationale and measurementforSIAvariables.Relationshipbetweensocialimpactsandchangeincommu nityandinstitutional arrangements. Individual and family level impacts. Communities in transition - neighborhood and community impacts. Selecting, testing and understanding significant social impacts. Mitigation and enhancement in social assessment. Environmental costing of projects.	9
IV	Environmental Management Plan - preparation, implementation and review – Mitigation and Rehabilitation Plans Policy and guidelines for planning and	9

	monitoring programmes - Post project audit - Ethical and Quality aspects of	
	Environmental Impact Assessment.	
v	Sectoral EIA - EIA related to the following sectors - Infrastructure –construction and housing- Highways - Mining – Industrial - Thermal Power - River valley and Hydroelectric – coastal projects-Nuclear Power	9
Referen	1. Canter, L.W., Environmental Impact Assessment, McGraw Hill, New	
ces	 York.1996 Lawrence, D.P., Environmental Impact Assessment – Practical solutions to recurrent problems, Wiley- Interscience, New Jersey,2003. Petts,J.,HandbookofEnvironmentalImpactAssessment,Vol.,Iand II, Blackwell Science, London, 2009. KolluruRao, Bartell Steven, Pitblado R and Stricoff "Risk Assessment and Management Handbook", McGraw Hill Inc., New York, 1996. World Bank –Source book on EIA Cutter, S.L., "EnvironmentalRiskandHazards", Prentice- HallofIndiaPvt.Ltd.,NewDelhi,1999. John G. Rau and David C. Wooten (Ed), <i>Environmental Impact Analysis Handbook</i>, McGraw Hill Book Company. 	
Course Out Comes	On completion of the course, students should be CO1: Able to understand the types and limitations of EIA. CO2: Able to know about the Components and methods for EIA CO3: Able to understand the Socio-Economic impact assessments CO4: A: bility to prepare draft and detailed reports under EIA. CO5: Ability to compare and validate the impacts on real systems under air, water and soil.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	2	-	-	2
CO 2	2	2	-	-	2
CO 3	2	3	-	-	2
CO 4	2	2	1	1	2
CO 5	2	3	1	1	2
IV. HYDRAULICS

Course Title	IRRIGATION ENGINEERING										
				H	ours	5	Tł	leory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	n. Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1: Identify the importance of Irrigation and related components.K2: Understand the various methods of irrigation and various Irrigation structuresK3: classify the various structures based on necessity.										
Course Objectives	The Course 1. The and 2. Fu dist 3. Unc	e aims student is manageme rther they ribution ca derstand the	exposed to ent of irriga will be im nal system e water ma	o diffention parted nagem	rent req ent	phas uirec for It	ses in i l know rigatio	rrigation ledge on n .	practic	ees and I	Planning age and

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction- Definition, Necessity, Scope, Benefits and ill effects of irrigation, Types of irrigation schemes, Social and environmental considerations, Irrigation development in India.Water Requirement of Crops- Soil-water-plant relation- field capacity, wilting point, available water, consumptive use, Irrigation requirements – Net irrigation requirement, Field irrigation requirement, Gross Irrigation requirement, Soil moisture extraction pattern, Frequency of irrigation, Principal Indian crops, Gross command area, Culturable command area, Intensity of irrigation, Duty and delta relation, Introduction to various methods of application of irrigation water, Irrigation efficiency, assessment of irrigation water	9
II	Diversion Works: Different stages of a river and their flow characteristics, Weir and barrages, Various parts of a weir and their functions, Exit gradient, Principles of weir design on permeable formations -Bligh's creep theory and Khosla's theory Storage and Outlet works: Types of earthen dams, Seepage in earth dams, Gravity dams, Forces acting on a gravity dam, Rock- fill dams, Spillways, Types of spillways, Spillways gates and energy dissipation works.	9
III	Diversion Works: Different stages of a river and their flow characteristics, Weir and barrages, Various parts of a weir and	9

	their functions, Exit gradient, Principles of weir design on permeable formations -Bligh's creep theory and Khosla's theory Storage and Outlet works:Types of earthen dams, Seepage in earth dams, Gravity dams, Forces acting on a gravity dam, Rock- fill dams, Spillways, Types of spillways, Spillways gates and energy dissipation works.	
IV	Regulating and Cross Drainage Works Canal falls, Cross drainage works, Types of cross drainage works, Canal escapes, Head regulator and Cross regulator, Silt ejector, Flow meters - Parshall flume, Irrigation outlets and types of outlets.	9
V	Water logging-causes, Reclamation, Drainage principles and practice	9
References	 Dilip Kumar Majumdar, "Irrigation Water Management", Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 2008. Punmia B.C., et. al; Irrigation and water power Engineering, Laxmi Publications, 16th Edition, New Delhi, 2009 3. Garg S. K., "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic structures", Khanna Publishers, 23rd Revised Edition, New Delhi, 2009 REFERENCES: Duggal, K.N. and Soni, J.P., "Elements of Water Resources Engineering", New Age International Publishers, 2005 2. Linsley R.K. and Franzini J.B, "Water Resources Engineering", McGraw-Hill Inc, 2000 Chaturvedi M.C., "Water Resources Systems Planning and Management", Tata McGrawHill Inc., New Delhi, 1997. 69 Sharma R.K "Irrigation Engineering", S.Chand & Co. 2007. Michael A.M., Irrigation Theory and Practice, 2nd Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., Noida, Up, 2008 Asawa, G.L., "Irrigation Engineering", NewAge International Publishers, New Delhi, 2000. Basak, N.N, "Irrigation Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi, 1999 	
Course Out Comes	 Students will be able to CO 1: understand Have knowledge and skills on Irrigation and related components. CO 2:Understand the methods and management of irrigation. CO 3: Gain knowledge on types of Impounding structures CO 4:Understand methods of irrigation including canal irrigation. CO 5: understand knowledge on water management on optimization of water use 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	1	2	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	1	2
CO 3	3	3	3	2	2
CO 4	2	3	2	1	1
CO 5	1	1	-	3	2

Course Title	PIPE LINE ENGINEERING										
		Sem. C		Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category		Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 : recall K2 : under K3 : Apply	the variou stand the h the princip	s types of v ydraulic pr ples in stor	water s rinciple m wate	upp es ai er or	ly sy nd ne [.] othe	stems etwork er wate	paramete r related	ers distribı	ıtion	
Course Objectives	 K3 : Apply the principles in storm water or other water related distribution The Course aims To educate the students in detailed design concepts related to water transmission mains, water distribution system and buried pipes with emphasis on computer application 										

Unit	Content						
Ι	WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS Water requirement – sources of water – water demand – reservoir storage – nodal hydraulic gradient level values - water supply consideration, Types of water supply systems- piping system- distribution network- labeling- network components – Network models – design – optimization in practice						
Π	HYDRAULIC PARAMETERSPRINCIPLES ANDNETWORK NETWORKPARAMETERSEnergy and hydraulic gradient lines – head loss in links – equivalent pipes – series – parallel pipes –path head loss and loop head loss – analysis of water distribution network- static node, dynamic node– network performance – flow analysis - Layout – in situ lining - pipes material – appurtenances – minimization of water losses – leak detection.	9					
III	STORM WATER DISTRIBUTION AND BURIED PIPES Planning – runoff estimation – rainfall data analysis – storm water drain design Introduction to Buried pipes – external loads – gravity flow design, pressurized flow- rigid and flexible pipes – installation – trenchless technology	9					
IV	RELIABILITY ASSESSMENT AND DESIGN Uncertainty and reliability – affecting events- assessment – reliability parameters- configurations. Design methodology - strengthening and expansion	9					
V	FLUID TRANSIENTS Basic equations of unsteady flows through closed conduits.	9					

	Method of characteristics. Transients caused by centrifugal pumps and hydroelectric power plants.
References	 REFERENCES: Bhave P. R, Optimal design of water distribution networks, Narosa publishing House, New Delhi,2003 Bajwa. G. S, Practical handbook on Public Health Engineering, Deep publishers, Shimla 2003 Manual on water supply and treatment, CPHEEO, Ministry of Urban Development, GOI, NewDelhi, 1999 B.A. Hauser, practical hydraulics Hand Book, Lewis Publishers, New York, 1991 Moser A. P, Buried pipe Design, 3rd Edition, American Water Works Association Robert van Bentum and Lan K. Smout, Buried Pipe lines for surface Irrigation, The Water, Engineering and Development Centre, Intermediate Technology Publications,UK,1994 Wurbs R.A., and James W.P. Water Resources Engineering. Prentice Hall of India, EasternEconomic Edition. ISBN: 81-203-2151-0, New Delhi, 2007
Course Out Comes	 The students can be CO1: understand fundamental of water supply systems. CO2: analyze the hydraulic principles and networking parameters. CO3: plan for storm water distribution CO4: design the pipeline networks and check the reliability. CO5: develop water networking system based on characteristics

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	2	1	1
CO 2	2	3	2	2	1
CO 3	2	2	3	2	2
CO 4	1	2	1	3	2
CO 5	1	1	2	3	3

Course Title	OPEN CHANNEL FLOW										
				Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	I	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K1 :Recall the basics principles of various flow with their concepts K2 : understand the principles of different types of flow like steady and unsteady flow K3 : Apply the principles in hydraulic structures for flow of water 										
Course Objectives	The Course 1. App ence 2. Use hyd	e aims plication o ountered ir e of mode raulic engi	f principle both natur studies neering.	es of f ral and and co	luid con ompo	me struc uters	chanics cted wa in sc	to the ater system ater a	solutio ms. host c	n of pro	oblems ems in

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	BASIC PRINCIPLES Basic concepts of uniform flow - computations. Specific energy and specific force concepts –applications.	9
Π	STEADY VARIED FLOWS IN OPEN CHANNELS Dynamic equation for spatially varied flows. Flow profile computations. Introduction to HEC-RAS. Spatially varied flows and rapidly varied flows – applications.	9
III	UNSTEADY FLOWS IN OPEN CHANNELS Equations of motion. Uniformly progressive wave. Rapidly varied unsteady flow – positive and negative surges. Dam break problem.	9
IV	SEDIMENT TRANSPORT Sediment properties – inception of sediment motion – bed forms. Bed load suspended load – Total sediment transport. Design of stable channels and regime channels. Reservoir sedimentation and trap efficiency.	9
V	FLOWMEASUREMENTSANDHYDRAULICMODELINGSharp-Crestedweirs,broad-crestedweirs,criticaldepthflumes.Recentadvancementinopenchannelflow	9

	measurements. Physical modeling in hydraulics. Dimensional analysis. Modeling closed flows and free surface flows. Distorted models. Design of physical models.	
References	 Sturm T.W., "Open Channel Hydraulics" – 2nd edition. Tata-McGraw Hill New Delhi 2011. ISBN:978-1-25-900225-0 Wurbs R.A., and James W.P. "Water Resources Engineering". Prentice Hall of India, Eastern Economic Edition. ISBN: 81-203-2151-0, New Delhi, 2007. Subramanya K., "Flow in Open Channels (2nd ed.) Tata McGraw Hill, ISBN 00-746-2446-6, New Delhi 2003. Chaudhry M. H., "Open Channel Flow. Prentice Hall of India, Eastern Economic Edition, . ISBN: 81-203-0863-8,New Delhi. 1994. Chow Ven-te "Open Channel Hydraulics McGraw Hill, New York NY 1959. French, R. H., "Open Channel Hydraulics McGraw Hill, New York NY 1985. 	
	 Srivastava R. Flow through Open Channels Oxford University Press New Delhi 2008. 	
Course Out Comes	 The students can be CO1: understand fundamental principles of flow of water CO2:understand the principles of steady varied flow CO3: interpret the unsteady open channel flow. CO4:understand the sediment and their characteristics and consequences CO5: understand the latest measurement techniques in hydraulics 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1
CO 2	3	2	1	1	1
CO 3	3	2	2	2	1
CO 4	3	2	1	1	1
CO 5	3	2	2	1	

Course Title		RIVER ENGINEERING									
				Hours		Theory		Practical			
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 :Recall K2 : under K3 : Apply	the primates the primates the primates the principal strain of the principal strains of the prin	ry function principles ples in rive	of rive of rive r traini	ers a r hy ng v	nd I drau vork	ndian H lics ba s for co	River Reg sed on va	ion. rious t <u>y</u> flood.	ypes of f	low
Course Objectives	1. To 2. To	understand inculcate th	theoretical ne benefits	conce of fluv	pts (ial s	of wa syste	ater and m to th	d sedimer e society	nt move	ements i	n rivers

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	RIVER FUNCTIONS Primary function of a river – River uses and measures – Water and Sediment loads of river – Rivers in India, Himalaya and Peninsular.	9
Π	RIVER HYDRAULICS Physical Properties and Equations – Steady flow in rivers – uniform and non uniform – Turbulence and velocity profiles – resistance coefficients – Boundary conditions and back waters – Transitions – Rating Curve – Unsteady flow in rivers : Propagative of surface waves – Characteristics, flood waves– kinematic and diffusion analogy – velocity of propagation of flood waves – Flood wave –Maximum	9
III	RIVER MECHANICS River Equilibrium : Stability of Channel – regime relations – river bend equilibrium – hydraulic geometry of downstream - Bars and meandering - River dynamics – degradation and aggradations of river bed – Confluences and branches – River Data base.	9
IV	RIVER SURVEYS AND MODEL Mapping – Stage and Discharge Measurements – Sediments – Bed and suspended load Physical hydraulic Similitude – Rigid and mobile bed – Mathematical – Finite one dimensional – multi – dimensional – Water Quality and ecological model	9

V	RIVER MANAGEMENT River training works and river regulation works – Flood plain management – waves and tides inEstuaries - Interlinking of rivers – River Stabilization	9
References	1. Janson PL.Ph., Lvan BendegamJvanden Berg, Mdevries	
	A. Zanen (Editors), Principles of RiverEngineering – The	
	non tidal alluvial fivers – Pitman, 1979. 2 Pierre V. Julien "River Mechanics" Cambridge	
	University Press, 2002.	
	 K.L Rao , INDIA"s WATER WEALTH – Orient Longman Ltd., 1979. 	
	The students can be	
	CO1: understand basics functions of Rivers and Indian rivers	
Course	CO2 :understand the principles river hydraulics	
Out	CO3: understand the mechanics of River	
Comes	CO4: Apply understand the various surveys and solve the	
	problems	
	CO5 :understand the river water managing system	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	2	3	1
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2
CO 3	3	3	2	2	1
CO 4	2	2	1	1	2
CO 5	2	2	1	2	1

Course Title		URB	AN WATI	ER RE	SO	URC	ES M	ANAGE	MENT		
				H	our	5	Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	2	2	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 :Recall K2 : under managemen K3 : Apply	 K1 :Recall the basics principles hydrological cycle and their components K2 : understand the different types of management models for urban water management. K3 : Apply the knowledge to develop the Master Plan for Urban water Management 									
Course Objectives	The Course 1. To cy 2. Th be 3. Stu an	e aims o introduce cle ne student tter storm udents also d different	the concep is expose water mar exposed f types of o	ts of un d to the ageme for the peratio	rbar he nt. prej n ar	iizati use t parat id ma	on and the urt ion of aintena	its impao pan storn urban sto nce.	et on th n wate orm wa	e natura er model ter mast	l water ls for er plan

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	URBAN HYDROLOGIC CYCLE Water in the urban eco-system – Urban Water Resources – Major problems – Urban hydrological cycle – Storm water management objectives and limitations – Storm water policies – Feasibility consideration.	5
II	URBANWATERRESOURCESMANAGEMENTMODELSTypes of models – Physically based – conceptual or unithydrograph based – Urban surface runoff models – Managementmodels for flow rate and volume control rate – Quality models.	5
III	URBAN STORM WATER MANAGEMENT Storm water management practices (Structural and Non- structural Management measures) – Detention and retention concepts – Modelling concept – Types of storage – Magnitude of storage – Hydraulic analysis and design guidelines – Flow and storage capacity of urban components – Temple tanks.	5
IV	MASTER PLANS Planning and organizational aspects – Inter dependency of planning and implementation of goals and measures – Socio – economics financial aspects – Potential costs and benefit measures – Measures of urban drainage and flood control	5

	V	OF Get of ma Sys awa	PERATION AND neral approaches t operations and ne intenance in urban stem – Inventori areness and involv	MAINTENANC o operations and r ed for diagnostic n water system – 1 ies and conditio rement.	E naintenance – Cor analysis – Opera Maintenance Man ns assessment –	nplexity tion and agement Social	5				
Refe	erences 1. Geiger, W.F., Marsalek, F., and Zuidena, F.C., (Ed), manual ondrainage in urbanized areas –Vol.1 and Vol.II, UNESCO, 1987. 2. Hengeveld, H. and C. De Voch.t (Ed)., Role of Water in Urban Ecology, 1982. 3. Martin, P. Wanelista and Yousef, A. Yousef., Storm Water Management, John Wiley and sons, 1993. 4. Neil S. Grigg., Urban Water Infrastructure Planning, Management and Operations, John Wiley and Sons, 1986. 5. Overtens D.E. and Meadows M.E., Storm Water Modelling, Academic Press, New York, 1976. Image: Press										
Cou Out Com	rse 1es	1.	At the completi able to apply planning, opera components of ur	on of the course appropriate mar ating and mai ban and drainage	e the student sh hagement techniq ntaining the o system.	ould be ues for different					
Cou Out Com	rse nes	The C(C(C(C(C(e students can abb D1:Understand fun D2:Understand the D3:Interpret the un D4:Understand the consequences D5 : understand hydraulics	e to ndamental principle principles of stea isteady open chan ie sediment and the latest me	les of flow of wate dy varied flow nel flow. their characteris easurement techn	er stics and iques in					
	Cours outcor	se ne	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5				
	CO 1	[3	3	2	2	1				
	CO	2	3	3	2	1	2				
	CO 3 1			2	1	1	1				
	CO 4	1	3	2	1	1	1				
	CO 5	5	1	2	2	1	1				

Course Title			GROUN	ND WA	ATE	RH	YDR	DLOGY			
				Hours			Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K1 :Recall the basics principles of ground water flow K2 : understand the different surface and sub surface methods of ground water assessment. K3 : Apply the principles in to interpret the sea water intrusion and ground water Eluctuations 										
Course Objectives	The Course 1. To res asj 2. At aq geo	e aims o enable to sidence and pects. the end o uifer parar ological bo	the student l movemen of the cour neters and pundary cor	t to und t of ground ground ndition	derst ounce stu dwat s.	tand lwate ident ter re	the ba er, as w shoul esource	sic empir vell as a r d be able s for diff	ical kn number e to ev erent h	owledge of quan aluate tl ydro-	of the titative

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	Ground water Principles: Groundwater occurrence – distribution – aquifer – types – Surface investigation - Geophysical- electrical resistivity - Seismic refraction - Gravity and magnetic - Geologic - Air photo interpretation - Dowsing.	9
II	Subsurface Investigation methods: Subsurface investigation - test drilling - resistivity logging- potential logging – temperature and caliper logging.	9
III	Flow Principles: Steady unidirectional flow - well in a uniform flow - steady flow with uniform recharge -unsteady radial flow to a well - well flow near aquifer boundaries - Multiple well systems -partially penetrating wells - characteristic well losses.	9
IV	Ground water Fluctuations: Secular and seasonal variations - Fluctuations due to evapo- transpiration, Meteorological phenomena, tides, external loads	9

	and earthquakes - control by drains and wells. Recharge through				
	sewage pits, shafts and wells.				
	sea water intrusion:				
V	Occurrence of sea water intrusion - Ghypon-Heizberg relation				
	between fresh and saline waters - shape length and structure of				
	the fresh salt water interface - prevention and control of seawater	9			
	intrusion - role of sea water in ground water - coastal zoning.	-			
	Sand models - Electrical models - Viscous fluid models -				
	membrane models – numerical analysis methods				
References	Raghunath H.M., Ground Water Hydrology, New-Age				
	International, 2nd Edition, 1990.				
	The students can able to				
	CO1 : understand fundamental principles of ground water				
Course	CO2 : understand the sub surface methods of ground water.				
Out	CO3: understand the various flow principles				
Comes	CO4 : understand reason for ground water Fluctuations				
	CO5 : understand problems, reason and control techniques of sea				
	water intrusion.				

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5		
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2		
CO 2	3	3	2	2 2			
CO 3	3	3	2	1	1		
CO 4	3	3	2	1	1		
CO 5	2	3	1	1	1		

V. HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCE ENGINEERING

Course Title		WATER RESOURCES SYSTEMS ANALYSIS									
				H	ours	5	Th	eory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	I	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 :Recall K2 : under K3 : Apply	 K1 :Recall the basics sytems analysis concept K2 : understand the principles of different types of programming K3 : Apply the principles in model development for water resources 									
Course Objectives	The Course 1. To mar 2. To ope	e aims introduce haging the make the rate a wate	the studer water resou students a r resource s	nt to t irces sy apply a system	he /stei an a	conc m. appro	cept of	Mather	natical approa	approad	ches for ptimally

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	SYSTEM APPROACH Philosophy of modelling – Goals and Objectives – Basics of system analysis concept – scopes and steps in systems engineering.	9
II	PHYSICAL AND SOCIO - ECONOMIC DATA Collection, evaluation and processing – project appraisal – public involvement, master Comprehensive and integrated planning of water resources project.	9
III	LINEAR PROGRAMMING Operation research - introduction - Problem Formulation- graphical solution- Simplex method – Sensitivity analysis - simple applications	9
IV	DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING Optimality criteria Stage coach problem – Bellman"s optimality criteria Problem formulation and Solution - simple applications	9
V	SIMULATION Basic principles – Methodology and Philosophy – Model development – input and outputs – Deterministic simulation - simple applications	9

References	TEXTBOOK: 1. Vedula, S., and Majumdar, P.P. "Water									
	Resources Systems" – Modeling Techniques and Analysis Tata									
	McGraw Hill, 5th reprint, New Delhi, 2010.									
	REFERENCES:									
	1. Hall Warren, A. and John A. Dracup., "Water Resources									
	System Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company									
	Ltd., New Delhi, 1998									
	2. Chadurvedi M.C., "Water resource Systems Planning and									
	Management", Tata McGraw Hill inc., New Delhi, 1997									
	3. Taha H.A., "Operation Research", McMillan Publication Co.,									
	New York, 1995.									
	4. Maass A., Husfchimidt M.M., ,Dorfman R., ThomasH A.,									
	Marglin S.A and Fair G. M., "Design of Water Resources									
	System", Hardward University Press, Cambridge, Mass., 1995.									
	5. Goodman Aluvin S., "Principles of Water Resources									
	Planning", Prentice Hall of India, 1984									
	The students can able be to									
	CO1 : understand fundamental principles of system principles									
Course	CO2 : understand the principles integrated water resource project									
Out	CO3 : understand the linear programming									
Comes	CO4 : understand the dynamic programming for water resources									
	CO5 :apply the knowledge to develop model for water resource									
	system									

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1
CO 2	3	1	2	2	1
CO 3	3	1	2	1	1
CO 4	3	2	2	1	2
CO 5	3	2	2	1	3

Course Title	SURFACE WATER HYDROLOGY										
				Hours		Tł	neory	Pra	ctical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XE X	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 :Recall K2 : under K3 : Apply	the basics stand the the princip	principles principles ples for re	of hyd of hyd al life	ro n rolo situ:	netro gy co ation	logy ompon s and s	ents solve the	problei	ns.	
Course Objectives	The Course This subject component distribution	e aims ct aims at s of hydro n of water a	making th blogic cycl wailability	ne stud e, whi in any	ents ch regi	s to are 1 ion.	unders	tand the sible for	releva spatial	nce of y and ter	various mporal

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	HYDROMETEOROLOGY Hydrologic cycle – Global water budget – Practical applications – Hydrometeorology – Constituents of atmosphere – Vertical structure of the atmosphere – general circulation – Transitory system – Air mass – Air front – cyclones – Formation of precipitation – Types and forms of precipitation – Climate and Weather – Meteorological Observations.	9
II	PRECIPITATION Measurement of rainfall – Rain gauges – Radar Measurement of rainfall - Rainfall Hyetograph – Intensity Duration and Frequency analysis – Consistency – Missing data – Rain gauge network – Average depth of rainfall analysis – Spatial analysis using GIS – Annual rainfall of India and Tamilnadu	8
III	ABSTRACTIONS Water losses - Initial losses – Interception and depression storage – Evaporation – Evaporimeters – Estimation of Evaporation - Evapotranspiration – Field Measurement – Empirical Equations - Infiltration – Infiltrometers – Infiltration Equations - Infiltration Indices.	8
IV	STREAMFLOW MEASUREMENT Stage and Velocity Measurement – Gauges – Current meter and Doppler flow velocity meter - Discharge	8

	measurement – Area Velocity method - Area Slope method – Discharge Measuring Structures - Dilution Technique – Stage Discharge relationship – Selection of a Stream Gauging Site.	
V	RUNOFF AND WATER CONSERVATION Concept of catchment – Linear, Areal and Relief Aspects – Detailed study of Runoff process – Factors affecting Runoff – Hydrograph – Unit Hydrograph – Synthetic Hydrograph – Runoff estimation - Strange and SCS methods – Water Conservation – Rain water and Runoff Harvesting in Rural and Urban Areas Reservoir Sedimentation.	12
References	 REFERENCES: 1. Chow V.T., Maidment D.R., Mays L.W., "Applied Hydrology", McGraw Hill Publications, NewYork, 1995. 2. Subramanya K., "Hydrology, Tata McGraw Hill Co., New Delhi, 1994. 3. Patra.K.C, "Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering", Narosa Publications, 2008, 2ndEdition, New Delhi. 4. Jeya Rami Reddy.P, "Hydrology, Laximi Publications, New Delhi, 2004 	
Course Out Comes	The students can able to CO1: understand fundamental principles of hydrology. CO2: understand the principles of hydrology components CO3: understand the various measurement techniques CO4: understand the stream flow measurement CO5: understand the runoff water conservation techniques	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	2	2	1
CO 2	3	2	2	1	1
CO 3	3	2	2	1	1
CO 4	3	2	2	1	1
CO 5	3	2	2	1	

Course Title	REMOTE SENSING AND GIS IN WATER RESOURCES										
					Hours		Theory		Pra	Practical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	2	2	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 :Recall K2 : unders K3 : Apply	the importa stand the pr the principl	nce of Rem rinciples of es in water	ote sen Remot resourc	sing e se es s	g and nsing ector	GIS g and G	IS			
Course Objectives	The Course To teach the water resour- remote sense	aims e principles rces. At the ing and GIS	and applic e end of th b in solving	ations of the spa	of re se, t tial	emote he st probl	e sensir tudent lems in	ng, GPS a will appro water res	nd GIS eciate t ources.	in the contract in the import	ontext of rtance of

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	REMOTE SENSING Physics of remote sensing, electromagnetic radiation (EMR), Interaction of EMR with atmosphere, earth surface, soil, water and vegetation; Remote sensing platforms – Monitoring atmosphere, land and water resources - LANDSAT, SPOT, ERS, IKONOS and others, Indian Space Programme.	5
Π	DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING Satellite Data analysis - Visual interpretation – Digital image processing – Image preprocessing – Image enhancement – Image classification – Data Merging	5
III	GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM Definition – Basic components of GIS – Map projections and co- ordinate system – Spatial data structure: raster, vector – Spatial Relationship – Topology – Geodatabase models: hierarchical, network, relational, object oriented models – Integrated GIS database -common sources of error – Data quality: Macro, Micro and Usage level components - Meta data - Spatial data transfer standards.	5
IV	SPATIAL ANALYSIS Thematic mapping – Measurement in GIS: length, perimeter and areas – Query analysis – Reclassification – Buffering – Neighbourhood functions - Map overlay: vector and raster overlay – Interpolation – Network analysis –Digital elevation modelling. Analytical Hierarchy Process, – Object oriented GIS – AM/FM/GIS – Web Based GIS	5

V	WATER RESOURCES APPLICATIONS Spatial data sources – 4M GIS approach water resources system – Thematic maps - Rainfall-runoff modelling – Groundwater modeling – Water quality modeling - Flood inundation mapping and Modelling – Drought monitoring – Cropping pattern change analysis –Performance evaluation of irrigation commands. Site selection for artificial recharge - Reservoir sedimentation.	5
References	 Lillesand, T.M. and Kiefer, R.W., "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation" 3rd Edition. JohnWiley and Sons, New York. 1993. Burrough P.A. and McDonnell R.A., "Principles of Geographical Information Systems", OxfordUniversity Press. New York. 1998. Ian Heywood Sarah, Cornelius and Steve Carver "An Introduction to Geographical InformationSystems". Pearson Education. New Delhi, 2002. "Centre for Water Resources", Change in Cropping Pattern in Drought Prone Chittar Sub-basin, Project Report, Anna University, Chennai, 2002. "Centre for Water Resources", Post-Project Evaluation of Irrigation Commands 	
Course Out Comes	 The students can be CO1:Understand fundamental principles of Remote sensing and Introduce the technology and principles of Satellite Imaging CO2: understand the principles of digital image processing and Theoretical explanations on Image processing and information extraction from Satellite Data Products CO3:understand the basic principles of GIS and Functional elucidation of GIS integrating Satellite Data Products into the GIS platform for Decision making CO4: understand the spatial analysis. CO5:Apply the Potential of remote sensing and GIS is solving problems in water resources through case studies. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 3 PSO 4		
CO 1	3	2	2	2	1	
CO 2	3	1	2	1	2	
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1	
CO 4	3	3	2	1	1	
CO 5	1	1	1	2	3	

Course Title	WATERSHED CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT										
				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1 :Recall K2 : unders K3 : Apply	the basics p stand the pr the principl	orinciples of rinciples of es in hydra	f variou differe ulic stru	s flo nt ty uctur	ow w ypes res fo	ith thei of flow or flow	r concepts like stead of water	s ly and u	insteady	flow
Course Objectives	The Course 1. To provi 2. To prov manager	aims ide the tech vide a com nent for rea	nical, econo prehensive lizing the h	omical a discon igher b	and urse enef	socio on fits of	logical the en f waters	understar gineering shed mana	nding of praction agemen	f a waters ces of w t.	shed. vatershed

Unit	Content								
Ι	WATERSHED CONCEPTS Watershed - Need for an Integrated Approach - Influencing Factors: Geology – Soil – Morphological Characteristics – Toposheet - Delineation – Codification – Prioritization of Watershed – Indian Scenario	9							
Π	SOIL CONSERVATION MEASURES Types of Erosion – Water and Wind Erosion: Causes, Factors, Effects and Control – Soil Conservation Measures: Agronomical and Mechanical - Estimation of Soil Loss - Sedimentation	9							
III	WATER HARVESTING AND CONSERVATION Water Harvesting Techniques – Micro-Catchments - Design of Small Water Harvesting Structures –Farm Ponds – Percolation Tanks – Yield from a Catchment	9							
IV	WATERSHED MANAGEMENT Project Proposal Formulation - Watershed Development Plan – Entry Point Activities – Estimation – Watershed Economics - Agroforestry – Grassland Management – Wasteland Management – Watershed Approach in Government Programmes –Developing Collaborative know how – People"s Participation – Evaluation of Watershed Management	9							
V	GIS FOR WATERSHED MANAGEMENT Applications of Remote Sensing and Geographical Information System - Role of Decision Support System – Conceptual Models and Case Studies	9							

References	 Ghanashyam Das, Hydrology and Soil Conservation engineering, Prentice Hall of India PrivateLimited, New Delhi, 2000. Glenn O. Schwab, Soil and Water Conservation Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, 1981. Gurmail Singh, A Manual on Soil and Water Conservation, ICAR Publication, New Delhi, 1982. Suresh, R. Soil and Water Conservation Engineering, Standard Publication, New Delhi, 1982. Vir Singh, Raj, Watershed Planning and Management, Yash Publishing House, Bikaner, 2000. Brooks, K. N., P. F. Ffolliott, H. M. Gregersen and L. F. DeBano. 1997. Hydrology and the Management of Watersheds. Second Edition. Iowa State University Press. Ames, Iowa. 502 pp. Heathcote, I. W. Integrated Watershed Management: Principles and Practice. 1988. John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York. Lal, Ruttan. 2000. Integrated Watershed Management in the Global Ecosystem. CRC Press, NewYork. Heathcote, I. W. Integrated Management: Principles and Practice. 1988. John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York. Dhruva Narayana, G. Sastry, V. S. Patnaik, "Watershed Management", CSWCTRI, Dehradun, ICAR Publications, 1997. 	
Course Out Comes	 The students can be CO1: understand fundamental principles of water shed and morphological characteristics CO2: understand the principles soil conservation CO3: Apply decision to methods of rain water harvesting techniques CO4: develop the managing skill for water shed CO5: Apply the Potential of remote sensing and GIS is solving problems in water resources through case studies. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	1
CO 2	3	2	2	2	1
CO 3	3	3	3	1	1
CO 4	3	2	3	3	3
CO 5	1	1	3	3	3

Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL HYDRAULICS										
				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	I	I	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K1 :Recall the basics principles of hydraulics K2 : understand the principles of different types of ground water flow and their applications K3 : Apply knowledge to classify the different hydraulic parameters 										
Course Objectives	The Course 1. To nat 2. To boo	aims apply the ural bodies study the h dies of wate	knowledge of water. ydrodynam er.	of flui ic aspe	d m ects o	echa of wa	nics to nter qua	analyze a lity mana	and pre	dict mix	ing in al

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	INTRODUCTIONTOENVIRONMENTALTRANSPORT PROCESSESConcentration and units of measure – Conservation laws – Systems and Control Volume approach – Differential element approach – Sources, Sinks and box-models – Mixing. Advection-Diffusion equation. Analytical and numerical 	9
п	GROUNDWATER FLOW AND QUALITY MODELING Dupuit"s approximation – Basic contaminant transport equation – Application of boundary layer approximations – Saltwater intrusion into aquifers – Non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) in groundwater – numerical modeling.	9
III	TRANSPORT PROCESSES IN RIVERS Mixing in Rivers – Continuous point discharges – Two rivers mixing – Dispersion in rivers.	9
IV	TRANSPORT PROCESSES IN LAKES AND RESERVOIRS Reservoir classification – External energy sources – Surface layer – mixing in the hypolimnion – inflows and outflows.	9
V	TRANSPORT PROCESSES IN THE ESTUARIES Classification – Forces – wind, tides, rivers – Trapping and pumping – Estuarine Circulation.	9

References	REFERENCES:								
	1. Fischer, H.B., List, E.G., Koh, R.C.Y., Imberger, J and								
	Brooks, N.H. "Mixing in Inland and Coastal Waters"								
	Academic Press, New York, 1979.								
	2. 2. Clark, M.M., "Transport Modeling for Environmental Engineers and Scientists" John Wiley								
	andSons, New York, 1996.								
	3. Martin J.L. and McCutcheon S.C. "Hydrodynamics								
	and Transport for Water Quality Modeling" CRC								
	Press, Inc. ISBN:0-8/371-612-4, 1999.								
	4. Chapta, S.C. Surface water Quanty Modering McGraw Hill Book Co. Singapore, 1997.								
	5. M.Thomann, R.V. and Mueller, J.A. "Principles of								
	Surface Water Quality Modeling and Control" Harper								
	and Row, New York, 1987.								
	D Reidel Publishing Co Holland 1973								
	7. Rubin H. and Atkinson J. "Environmental Fluid								
	Mechanics" Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York. 2001								
	The students can able to								
	CO1 :understand fundamental of environmental transport								
G	processes								
Course	CO2: understand the ground water flow to develop the valuable								
Out	modeling								
Comes	CO4 understand the minoinles in lake and recomposite transport								
	processes								
	CO5 : understand the classification of transport process								
	cos : understand the classification of transport process.								

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5	
CO 1	3	1	1	1	-	
CO 2	3	1	2	2 1		
CO 3	3	2	2	2	-	
CO 4	2	1	2	3	3	
CO 5	-	1	1	1 1		

VI. STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

Course Title	FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS										
			H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-Recall the basic concepts used in structural analysis K2- understand the displacement functions and energy concepts in finite element analysis K3 Analyze trusses, beams and frames by finite element method										
Course Objectives	 To learn structures. To learn a To deve analyses To analyzes 	the theory and apply fi lop the know we the variou	and chara nite elemen owledge an us structura	cteristi nt solut nd skill l eleme	cs c ions s no nts l	of fin to st eedec oy fir	iite ele tructura l to ef nite eler	ments th l, problen fectively ment meth	at repro n evaluat nod	esent eng e finite	gineering element

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction Basic concepts of elasticity, introduction to stiffness method– Element approach for the analyses of beams, trusses and frames, direct stiffness method for the analysis of trusses. Direct stiffness method for the analysis of beam.	9
Π	Introduction to Finite Element Analysis General description of finite element method, Basic steps involved in FEM, difference between FEM and finite difference method. Discreatisation of structures – Finite elements used for one dimensional, two dimensional and three dimensional problems. Nodes, element aspect ratio, boundary conditions – numbering of nodes, mesh refinement, properties of stiffness matrix. Banded matrix lagrangian and serendipity family of elements.	9
III	Shape functions Coordinate systems natural and normalized, convergence criterion, compatibility requirements, geometric invariance shape functions – polynomial displacement functions for one, wo and three dimensional elements, Lagrangian interpolation functions.	9
IV	Finite element formulation using energy concepts Energy concepts, theorem of minimum potential energy, principle of virtual work, R-R method. Variation method and minimization of energy approach for element formulation.	

V	Finite Element analysis of structural elements using the direct method. Finite Element Method for the analysis of simply supported beams and trusses.	9
References	 Text/Reference Books Rajasekaran. S, "Finite Element Analysis in Engineering Design"- Wheeler Publishing, 1988. Chandrupatla TR and Belagonda "Finite Element Analysis" Universities Press, 2009. Krishnamoorthy C S, "Finite Element Analysis"- Tata McGraw Hill, 2005. Bathe K J. "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis"- Prentice Hall, 1982. Cook R D, Malkan D S & Plesta M.E, "Concepts and Application of Finite Element Analysis" - 3rd Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2007. 	
Course Out Comes	 Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to: CO1 Analyze trusses, beams and frames using the stiffness method. CO2 Able to know the one dimensional, two dimensional and three dimensional problems CO3 Describe the basic concepts of finite element analysis, CO4 Able to understand the energy concepts in finite element analysis CO5 Analyze trusses, beams and frames by finite element method 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	1	1	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	3
CO 3	2	1	2	-	2
CO 4	2	1	1	-	1
CO 5	3	1	1	-	2

Course Title	FIRE RESISTANCE OF STRUCTURES										
				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1-Identify the types of building and its requirements K2- understand the different methods of fire resistance in different types of structures K3 Calculation of fire resistance of steel columns and provision of opening the fire walls as per the standards										
Course Objectives	 To devel structures. To solve To devel 	lop the kno the problem op the know	owledge ab as of fire res vledge abou	out the sistance at the fi	fire in t re oj	e pro he di penin	otection fferent igs prov	process type of st vision as p	in different ructures or the l	erent eng s Indian sta	gineering

Unit	Content				
Ι	Classification of Buildings and Types of Production Processes Types of construction and classification of buildings, Main building elements, Requirements of buildings, Combustibility and fire resistance I.				
Π	Calculation of Required Fire Resistance Limit of BuildingStructuresInitial condition for calculating fire resistance of structures, Duration of fire, Temperature of fire, Main points on the method of investigating temperature regimes of fires, Results of experimental investigations on fires, Simulation of temperature regimes of fires, Determination of fire in residential and public buildings, Determination of fire duration of fire in industrial buildings and warehouses: Standardization of fire resistance of structures.	9			
III	Methods of Testing Structures for Fire Resistance Problems of testing for fire resistance, Set-up for testing fire resistance, Temperature regime of the tests, Test pieces of structures, Conditions of loading and supporting of structures	9			
IV	Fire Resistance of Reinforced Concreter Structures Main aspects of the calculations for fire resistance, Thermo technical part of the calculation Boundary conditions, Calculation of temperature in plane structures (one- dimensional temperature field), Calculation of temperature in bar type structures (Two- dimensional temperature field), Calculation of depth at which a given temperature is reached, Effect of moisture in concrete on the heating of structures,	9			

	Thermo physical properties of concrete at high temperatures ,Statics part of calculations, Change in the strength of reinforcement steel with increase of temperature. Change in the						
	strength of concrete in compression with increase in temperature,						
	9Coefficients of thermal expansion of reinforcement bars and						
	subjected to bending stresses						
	Fire Resistance of Steel Columns						
	Methods of protecting steel columns from heat, Limiting state of						
	steel columns on heating, Heat insulating capacity of protection						
	and fire resistance limit's of columns, Calculation of fire resistance of steel columns. The effect of the form of the cross-						
	section of steel columns and filling of space between the column						
V	shafts and the protection, on the fire resistance of steel	9					
	bars with different types of fire protection						
	Protection of Openings of Fire Walls						
	1. Fire doors-Door specifications in the building standards and						
	2. Noncombustible doors, Low combustible doors, Doors made of						
	glass-fiber reinforced plastic Glass fittings for openings-						
References	Specifications of building standards						
	Text Book						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons, Ltd – 2001.						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Put. Ltd						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd 2. Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety,						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd 2. Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd 2. Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. 3.John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd 2. Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. 3.John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009.						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd 2. Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. 3.John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009. Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able						
	Text Book 1.Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books 1. U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd 2. Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. 3.John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009. Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:						
	 Text Book Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009. Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to: CO 1: Interpret the intentions of code requirements for fire safety. 						
Course	 Text Book Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009. Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to: CO 1: Interpret the intentions of code requirements for fire safety. CO2:Understand the concepts of fire severity and fire resistance, and 						
Course Out Comes	 Text Book Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009. Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to: CO 1: Interpret the intentions of code requirements for fire safety. CO2:Understand the concepts of fire severity and fire resistance, and CO3: Design steel, concrete or timber structures to resist fire exposure 						
Course Out Comes	 Text Book Andrew H. Buchanan, "Structural Design for Fire Safety" John Wiley & Sons. Ltd – 2001. Reference Books U.S Bendev Etal, "Fire Resistance of Buildings"- Amerind Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd Andrew H. Buchman "Structural design for fire safety, comprehensive overview of the fire resistance of building structures"-, John Wiley and sons., 2001. John A. Purkiss "Fire Safety Engineering Design of structures"-, Butterworth Heinemann, 2009. Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to: CO 1: Interpret the intentions of code requirements for fire safety. CO2:Understand the concepts of fire severity and fire resistance, and CO3: Design steel, concrete or timber structures to resist fire exposure CO4: calculate the fire resistance of different reinforced concrete structures 						

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5						
CO 1	1	2	3	4	5						
CO 2	2	-	-	-	1						
CO 3	2	-	-	1	1						
CO 4	2	2	2	1	2						
CO 5	1	1	-	-	1						
Course Title	SAFETY OF STRUCTURES										
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				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1: Recalling the basic concepts and fundamentals on structural safety and reliability analysis and design . K-2:Understand the concept of reliability analysis and designon structures safety. K-3:Apply the simulation techniques for reliability analysis for the design of structural safety. K-4: Analyze the structural safety by using Reliability analysis 										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To study the basic concepts and fundamental on structural safety. To measure of probability by using total probability theorem and Baye's theorem Able to analyse the structure by various simulation techniques. Able to Design the structure safety by reliability based design. 										

Unit	Content							
Ι	Concepts of Structural safety, Basic Statistics and Probability theory Principles of safety in design, Basic statistics- Graphical representation and data reduction techniques- Histogram, frequency polygon, Measures of central tendency- grouped and ungrouped data, measures of dispersion, measures of asymmetry. Curve Fitting and Correlation, Random events-Sample space and events, Venn diagram and event space,	9						
II	Measures of probability -interpretation, probability axioms, addition rule, multiplication rule, conditional probability, probability tree diagram, statistical independence, total probability theorem and Baye's theorem., probability density function, Mathematical expectation. Probability Distributions, Discrete distributions- Binomial and poison distributions, Continuous distributions- Normal, Log normal distributions.	9						
III	Probability Distributions for Resistance and Loads Statistics of Properties of concrete, steel, Statistics of strength of bricks and mortar, Selection of probabilistic model, probabilistic analysis of loads-dead loads, live loads, wind loads.	9						

	Poliability Analysis and simulation Tachniques	
IV	Measures of reliability-factor of safety, safety margin, reliability index, performance function and limiting state. Reliability Methods-First Order Second Moment Method (FOSM), Point Estimate Method (PEM), and Advanced First Order Second Moment Method (Hasofer- Lind's method).Simulation Techniques: Monte Carlo simulation- Statistical experiments, sample size and accuracy, Generation of random numbers- random numbers with standard uniform distribution, continuous random variables	9
	Reliability Based Design	
V	Determination of partial safety factors, safety checking formats – LRFD format, CEB format, processes in reliability based design, IS Code provisions	9
References	Text/Reference Book	
	 Ranganathan, R. "Structural Reliability Analysis and design"- Jaico publishing house, Mumbai, India – 1999. Ang, A. H. S., and Tang, W. H "Probability concepts in engineering planning and design". Volume –I, John Wiley and sons, Inc, New York. 1984. Ang, A. H. S., and Tang, W. H. "Probability concepts in engineering planning and design"- Volume –II, John Wiley and sons, Inc, New York. 1984. Thoft-christensen, P., and Baker, M., J., "Structural reliability theory and its applications"- Springer-Verlag, Berlin, NewYork. 1982. 	
	At the end of the course the student will	
Course	CO1: analyse structures using force method	
Out	CO2: analyse structures using displacement method	
Comes	CO3: analyse curved beams in plan	
	CO4: analyse structures using plastic theory	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	3	2	2
CO 3	3	2	3	3	3
CO 4	3	2	3	3	2
CO 5	3	2	3	3	2

Course Title	ANALYSIS & DESIGN OF SUB-STRUCTURES										
				Hours			Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	n. Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recalling the basic concepts and fundamentals on soil mechanics and its basic terms. K-2:Understand the concept of analysis and design on shallow and deep safety. K-3:Apply the concrete design techniques in the design of shallow and deep foundation K-4: Analyze and design the foundation on expansive soil.										
Course Objectives	The Course To la To d To e Able	aims earn the prin esign the su valuate the to Design	nciples of su b structures soil shear p the sub-stru	ubsoil e s aramete cture fo	explo ers. or ex	oratio	on. sive soi	ls			

Unit	Content							
Ι	Concepts of Structural safety, Basic Statistics and Probability theory Principles of safety in design, Basic statistics- Graphical representation and data reduction techniques- Histogram, frequency polygon, Measures of central tendency- grouped and ungrouped data, measures of dispersion, measures of asymmetry. Curve Fitting and Correlation, Random events-Sample space and events, Venn diagram and event space,	9						
II	Measures of probability -interpretation, probability axioms, addition rule, multiplication rule, conditional probability, probability tree diagram, statistical independence, total probability theorem and Baye's theorem., probability density function, Mathematical expectation. Probability Distributions, Discrete distributions- Binomial and poison distributions, Continuous distributions- Normal, Log normal distributions.	9						
III	Probability Distributions for Resistance and Loads Statistics of Properties of concrete, steel, Statistics of strength of bricks and mortar, Selection of probabilistic model, probabilistic analysis of loads-dead loads, live loads, wind loads.	9						
IV	Reliability Analysis and simulation Techniques Measures of reliability-factor of safety, safety margin, reliability index, performance function and limiting state. Reliability Methods-First Order Second Moment Method (FOSM), Point Estimate Method (PEM), and Advanced First Order Second Moment Method (Hasofer- Lind's method).Simulation Techniques: Monte Carlo simulation- Statistical experiments, sample size and accuracy, Generation of random numbers-	9						

	random numbers with standard uniform distribution, continuous random variables	
V	Reliability Based Design Determination of partial safety factors, safety checking formats – LRFD format, CEB format, processes in reliability based design, IS Code provisions	9
References	 Text/Reference Book 5. Ranganathan, R. "Structural Reliability Analysis and design"- Jaico publishing house, Mumbai, India – 1999. 6. Ang, A. H. S., and Tang, W. H "Probability concepts in engineering planning and design". Volume –I, John Wiley and sons, Inc, New York. 1984. 7. Ang, A. H. S., and Tang, W. H. "Probability concepts in engineering planning and design"- Volume –II, John Wiley and sons, Inc, New York. 1984. 8. Thoft-christensen, P., and Baker, M., J., "Structural reliability theory and its applications"- Springer-Verlag, Berlin, NewYork. 1982. 	
Course Out Comes	At the end of the course the student will CO1: Achieve Knowledge of design and development of problem solving skills. CO2: Understand the principles of subsoil exploration CO3: Design and develop analytical skills. CO4: Identify and evaluate the soil shear strength parameters. CO5: Understand the concepts of Settlement analysis.	

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Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	3	3	3
CO 2	2	2	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	2	2	2	2	3
CO 5	2	3	2	3	3

Course Title	INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES										
			Credits	Hours			Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.		L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1: Recalling the classifications of industries and industrial structures and its requirements. K-2:Understand the functional requirements such lighting, ventilation, fire safety and guidelines for factories. K-3:Apply the concept concrete and steel design techniques in the design of industrial structures K-4: Analyze and design theindustrial roofs and prefabrication of various elements 										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To study the general requirements of various industrial structures. To study the functional requirements of the industrial structures To analyse and design the steel gantry girders. To analyse and design the concrete and steel storage structures To understand the basic concepts of prefabrication in the industrial structures 										

Unit	Content						
Ι	PLANNING Classification of industries and industrial structures – General requirements of various industries – Planning and layout of buildings and components.	9					
Π	FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS Lighting – Ventilation – Acoustics – Fire safety – Guidelines from factories act.	9					
III	DESIGNOFSTEELSTRUCTURES Industrial roofs – Crane girders – Mills buildings – Bunkers and Silos – Chimney.	9					
IV	DESIGN OF R.C. STRUCTURES Corbels, Brackets and Nibs – Silos and bunkers –Chimney – Principles of folded plates and shell roofs	9					
V	PREFABRICATION Principles of prefabrication – Prestressed precast roof trusses – Construction of roof and floor slabs – Wall panels.	9					

References	TEXTBOOKS:	
	9. Ramamrutham.S., "Design of Reinforced Concrete	
	Structures", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 2007.	
	10. Varghese.P.C., "Limit State Design of Reinforced	
	Concrete", Prentice Hall of India	
	Eastern Economy Editions, 2nd Edition, 2003.	
	11. Bhavikatti.S.S., "Design of Steel Structures", J.K.	
	International Publishing House	
	Pvt.Ltd., 2009.	
	REFERENCES:	
	12. Henn W. "Buildings for Industry", Vol.I and II, London	
	Hill Books, 1995	
	13. SP32-1986, Handbook on Functional Requirements of	
	Industrial buildings, Bureau of Indian Standards, 1990	
	14. Structural Engineering Research Centre, Course Notes on	
	Modern Developments in the Design and Construction of	
	Industrial Structures, Madras, 1982	
	15. Koncz.J., "Manual of Precast Construction", Vol.I and II,	
	Bauverlay GMBH, 1971.	
	At the end of the course the student will	
Course	CO1: Design of Steel gantry girders and portal frames	
Course	CO2: Design Connections for different loading condition	
Out	CO3: Design of storage structures	
Comes	CO4: Light weight metal structures	
	CO5: Understand the concepts of prefabrication	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	3	2	2
CO 2	3	2	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Course Title	DESIGN OF STORAGE STRUCUTRES										
				Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recallir K-2: Underst K-3: Applyin	ng the Funda and the design ng the design	mentalsof co gn concept o principles u	oncrete of f bunke sed to d	lesig rs & esigi	n. silos, n the	, water t element	anks s.			
Course Objectives	 The s To k 	students will now about th	able to Desi ne functions of	gn bunl of water	ters a	and si age s	los, wat tructure	ær tanks .n s	l .		

Unit	Content							
Ι	Design of Bunkers and silos Introduction, Janssen's theory, Airy's theory. Design of rectangular -Circular bunkers and silos.	9						
II	Water tanks – General Introduction, Design requirements according to IS 3370-joints in water tanks.	9						
III	Design of water tanks resting on ground Design of circular tanks with flexible base Rigid joints at base.	9						
IV	Design of Underground Water Tanks Introduction, earth pressure on tank walls, uplift pressure on the floor of the tank, design of rectangular tanks with $L/B > 2$ Design of rectangular tanks with $L/B > 2$	9						
v	Design of overhead water tanks -1Design of flat base slab for elevated circular tanks- Circular tank with domed bottom and roof. Design of overhead water tanks -2Design of Intze tank-Design of conical shaped tank.	9						
References	Text/Reerence Book							
	 H.J. Shah "Advanced Reinforced Concrete Structures" Vol. – II, Charator Publishers, 6th edition 2012. Bhavikatti S.S. "Advanced RCC Design" New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi – 2006. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain &Arun Kumar Jain "Comprehensive RCC Designs"– Lakshmi Publication. N. Krishna Raju "Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design" – CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi. – 2008 P.C. Varghese "Advanced Reinforced Concrete 							
	Design" PHI Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2007.							

	6. M.L. Gambhir" Design of Reinforced Concrete	
	Structures" PHI Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 2008.	
	Ashok K. Jain "Reinforced Concrete, Limit State Design"	
	Nemchand& Bros Roorkee 2009	
	Nemenandæ Bros, Roorkee – 2007	
	Unon avagaged a completion of this course, students will be able to:	
	Opon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:	
	CO1: Design of Bunkers and silos	
Course Out	CO2:Know the design requirements for the design of water tanks	
Comes	CO3: Design the water tank resting on ground.	
	CO4: Design the underground water tank.	
	CO5: Design of overhead water tanks.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	2	3
CO 5	3	3	3	2	3

Course Title		STRU	JCTURAL	ANAL	YSI	S B	Y MA	FRIX ME	стног)	
						5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1: Recalling the basic concepts and fundamentals on behavour of the analysis structural analysis. K-2:Understand the concept of stiffness and flexibility matrices on the analysis of determinate and indeterminate structures. K-3:Apply the principle and laws used for analyzing the of determinate and indeterminate structures K-4: Analyze the member by using flexibility method by the choice of redundant. 										
Course Objectives	The Course • To so • To A • Able to lac	aims tudy the be analyse fran to analyse ck of fit	haviour of t ned structure the structu	he stru res usir re subj	cture ig fle ecte	e and exibil d to i	its deg lity and internal	rees of fre stiffness thermal	eedom method stress a	l. nd expar	nsion due

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Generalised measurements - Degrees of freedom - Constrained Measurements - Behaviour of structuresPrinciple of superposition. Stiffness and flexibility matrices Constrained measurements - Stiffness and flexibility coefficients from virtual work.	9
II	Strain energy - Stiffness and flexibility matrices from strain energy - Symmetry and other properties of stiffness and flexibility matrices - Betti's law and its applications - Strain energy in systems and in elements.	9
III	Determinate and indeterminate structures - Transformation of element matrices to system matrices - Transformation of system vectors to element vectors - Normal coordinates and orthogonal transformations	9
IV	Flexibility method applied to statically determinate and indeterminate structures - Choice of redundants - Transformation of redundants - Internal forces due to thermal expansion and lack of fit.	9
V	Development of the method - Internal forces due to thermal expansion and lack of fit - Application to symmetrical structures - Comparison between stiffness and flexibility	9

	methods	
References	 Moshe, F., Rubenstein, Matrix Computer Analysis of Structures, Prentice Hall, New York, 1986. Rajasekaran S, Computational Structural Mechanics, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001 Manickaselvam V.K., Elements of Matrix and Stability Analysis of Structures, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1998. 	
Course Out Comes	 Able to Analyse framed structures using flexibility and stiffness method. Able to Analysethe structure having member discontinuities, curved members, non-prismatic members, elastic supports, semi-rigid connections etc. To know the concepts of indeterminate analysis by flexibility matric method. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	2	3	2	2
CO 2	2	2	3	2	2
CO 3	2	2	3	2	2
CO 4	2	2	3	2	2
CO 5	2	2	3	2	3

Course Title	STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS - I										
				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1: Recalling the basic concepts and fundamentals on behavour of the the analysis structural analysis. K-2:Understand the concept of stiffness and flexibility matrices on the analysis of determinate and indeterminate structures. K-3:Apply the principle and laws used for analyzing the of determinate and indeterminate structures K-4: Analyze the member by using flexibility method by the choice of redundant. 										
Course Objectives	The Course • To s • To A • Able to la	aims tudy the be Analyse fran to analyse ck of fit	haviour of t ned structur the structu	he stru res usin re subj	cture g fle ecte	e and exibil d to i	its deg ity and nternal	rees of fre stiffness thermal	eedom method stress a	l. nd expan	sion due

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Generalised measurements - Degrees of freedom - Constrained Measurements - Behaviour of structuresPrinciple of superposition. Stiffness and flexibility matrices Constrained measurements - Stiffness and flexibility coefficients from virtual work.	9
П	Strain energy - Stiffness and flexibility matrices from strain energy - Symmetry and other properties of stiffness and flexibility matrices - Betti's law and its applications - Strain energy in systems and in elements.	9
III	Determinate and indeterminate structures - Transformation of element matrices to system matrices - Transformation of system vectors to element vectors - Normal coordinates and orthogonal transformations	9
IV	Flexibility method applied to statically determinate and indeterminate structures - Choice of redundants - Transformation of redundants - Internal forces due to thermal expansion and lack of fit.	9
V	Development of the method - Internal forces due to thermal expansion and lack of fit - Application to symmetrical structures - Comparison between stiffness and flexibility methods	9

References	 Moshe, F., Rubenstein, Matrix Computer Analysis of Structures, Prentice Hall, New York, 1986. Rajasekaran S, Computational Structural Mechanics, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001 Manickaselvam V.K., Elements of Matrix and Stability Analysis of Structures, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1998. 	
Course Out Comes	 At the end of the course the student will Able to Analyse framed structures using flexibility and stiffness method. Able to Analyse the structure having member discontinuities, curved members, non-prismatic members, elastic supports, semi-rigid connections etc. know the concepts of indeterminate analysis by flexibility matric method. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Course Title			STRU	UCTU	RAL	AN	ALYSI	S - II			
						5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1: Recalling the basic concepts and fundamentals of behavior of the analytical structural analysis. K-2: Understand the concept of force and displacement method of analysis on structures. K-3: Apply the principle and laws used for analyzing the of determinate and indeterminate structures K-4: Analyze the member by using flexibility method by the choice of redundant. 										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To study the behaviour of the structure and its degrees of freedom To Analyse framed structures and truess using force method. Able to analyse the structure subjected to internal thermal stress and expansion due to lack of fit Able to analyse the single story structure by Kani's method Able to analyse the cantilever beam curved in plan. 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	Generalised measurements - Degrees of freedom - Constrained Measurements - Behaviour of structuresPrinciple of superposition. Stiffness and flexibility matrices Constrained measurements - Stiffness and flexibility coefficients from virtual work.	9
II	Strain energy - Stiffness and flexibility matrices from strain energy - Symmetry and other properties of stiffness and flexibility matrices - Betti's law and its applications - Strain energy in systems and in elements.	9
III	Determinate and indeterminate structures - Transformation of element matrices to system matrices - Transformation of system vectors to element vectors - Normal coordinates and orthogonal transformations	9
IV	Flexibility method applied to statically determinate and indeterminate structures - Choice of redundants - Transformation of redundants - Internal forces due to thermal expansion and lack of fit.	9

V	Development of the method - Internal forces due to thermal expansion and lack of fit - Application to symmetrical structures - Comparison between stiffness and flexibility methods	9
References	 22. Moshe, F., Rubenstein, Matrix Computer Analysis of Structures, Prentice Hall, New York, 1986. 23. Rajasekaran S, Computational Structural Mechanics, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001 24. Manickaselvam V.K., Elements of Matrix and Stability Analysis of Structures, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1998. 	
Course Out Comes	At the end of the course the student will CO1: analyse structures using force method CO2: analyse structures using displacement method CO3: analyse curved beams in plan CO4: analyse structures using plastic theory	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Course Title		BRIDGE ENGINEERING									
				Hours		5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 K-1: Recalling the fundamentals on site selection and IRC code loading. K-2: Understand the various theories used for the design of bridge elements. K-3: Apply the concept concrete and steel design techniques. K-4: Analyze and design the various bridge elements. 										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims To develop an understanding of and appreciation for basic concepts in proportioning and design of bridges in terms of aesthetics, geographical location and functionality. To help the student develop an intuitive feeling about the sizing of bridge elements, ie. Develop a clear understanding of conceptual design. To understand the load flow mechanism and identify loads on bridges. To carry out a design of bridge starting from conceptual design, selecting suitable bridge, geometry to sizing of its elements 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Introduction – Selection of site for bridge – Linear waterway – Free board – Economical span – Scour depth – Components of a bridge – Types of bridges – IRC Loading Classifications – Specifications for a road bridge – Specifications for railway bridge.	9
Π	DESIGN OF RCC BRIDGES. Design of T beam slab bridges for IRC loading – Design of deck slab, longitudinal and cross girders Design of balanced cantilever bridge – Design of slab, main girder, cantilever and articulation	9
III	DESIGN OF STEEL BRIDGES Design of through type steel bridge for railway loading – design of stringers, cross girder and main girder Design of deck type steel bridge for railway loading – Design of main girder. Design of plate girder Railway Bridge for railway loading	9
IV	DESIGN OF PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGES Preliminary sections – Flexural and Tensional parameters –	9

	Courban's theory – Design of girder section (I section only) –	
	Check for stresses at various sections – Check for diagonal	
	tension – Forces in anchorage zone.	
	SUBSTRUCTURE AND BEARINGS	
	Design principles and construction methods of pier abutment and	
V	Caissons Types of bearings – Design of elastomeric bearing –	9
	Segmental construction of bridge - TestingAndstrengthening of	
	bridge Inspection and Maintenance of bridges	
Defenences	TEXT BOOKS.	
References	1 Vistor D I "Essential of buildes Engineering" Outside	
	1. Victor D.J Essential of bridge Engineering, Oxford	
	& IBH publishing co. 1980.	
	2. Krishnaraju N. "Bridge Engineering", CBS	
	Publications, New Delhi.	
	3. Bindra.S.P., "Principle and practice of Bridge	
	Engineering", DhanpatRai& sons 1979.	
	4. Ramchandra S. "Design of Steel Structures" Vol I &	
	II, Standard book house, New Delhi, 1978.	
	REFERENCES:	
	1. Ponnusamy "Bridge Engineering", Tata Mcgraw hill	
	Publishing co, 1995	
	2. Raina "Concrete bridges practice Analysis design and	
	Economics", Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishing co 1995.	
	3. Jagadesh, T.R & Jeyaram M.A., "Design of bridge	
	structures", Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd. 2001	
	4. Rowe, R.E. "Concrete Bridge Design", John Wiley&	
	Sons, New York, USA, 1962.	
	5. Phatak, D.R. "Bridge Engineering". SatvaPrakhasam.	
	New Delhi, 1990	
	IS Codes	
	1 IRC: 78 "Standard specifications & Code of practice for	
	Road Bridges"	
	Section VII-Foundation and Substructures	
	2 IBC: 6 2000 "Standard specifications & Code of practice	
	for Doad Dridges"	
	Section II Loads and Strasses	
	2 IBC: 21 2000 "Standard anasifications & Code of practice	
	5. IRC. 21-2000, Standard specifications& Code of practice	
	Section III Computer (Disin and Deinforced)	
	Section III-Cement Concrete (Plain and Reinforced).	
	4. IKC: 85 Part II-198/, "Standard specifications & Code of	
	practice for Koad Bridges".	
	Section: 9 Bearing, Part II – Elastomeric Bearings.	
	5. IRC: 45-19/2, "Recommendations for Estimating the	
	resistance of soil below the maximum scour level in the	
	Design of Well foundations of Bridges.	
	6. IRC: 78-2000 "Standard specifications & code of practice	
	for Road bridges".	

Course Out Comes	At the end of the course the student willCO1: Able to develop the clear understanding on conceptualdesign of bridge elementsCO2: Able to identify the IRC class loading on the bridgesCO3: Able to design the steel and concrete bridge structureCO4: Able to design the pre-stressed concrete bridge structureCO5: Able to design the foundation and bearings for bridgestructure	
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Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3
CO 2	3	2	2	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Course Title		DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES-I									
				Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K1- recall the basic peoperties of material and its inter relationships K2-understand the design concepts of various super structurelements K3-understand the design concepts of various sub structurl elements K4- design the beam,column,staircase,and footing of structures										
Course Objectives	 To it desig To u To it To it To u To u To k 	ntroduce the gn inderstand t introduce the inderstand t inow the so	e Role of st he limit stat e moment c he concepts il properties	te conce apacity and de and and	l en epts of s sign d fo	ginee and t ection of c ooting	er in str the anal on and t olumn g desigr	uctural de lysis as pe he design n	esign ar er IS of slab	nd the me as per IS	ethods of S codes

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	INTRODUCTION Role of structural engineer in structural design- Objectives of Structural Design –Plain and Reinforced Concrete - Structural Systems -elements of structures— Purpose of Codes -Basic Code for Design-Loading Standard- methods of design- Introduction for WorkingStress Method, Ultimate Load Method (ULM), Limit States Method (LSM), Code Recommendations for Limit States Design - Permissible stresses-Factor of Safety	9
Π	DESIGN OF BEAMS Limit State Concepts- Assumptions- Characteristic Strength and Load, Partial Safety Factors- Limit state analysis and design of section for shear and torsion, bond, anchorage and development length, I.S. code provisions. Limit state analysis and design of singly reinforced, doubly reinforced, T and L beam -limit state Designof RC members for combined Bending, Shear and Torsion.	9
III	DESIGN OF SLABS AND STAIRCASE Introduction,critical bending moment in slabs,moment capacity of a section and design procedure.Limit state Analysis and Design of one way, Two-way and continuous slabs as per IS codal provisions-introduction about staircase- Types of Staircases – Design of dog-legged Staircase.	9
IV	IV DESIGN OF COLUMNS Introduction, buckling of columns, Types of columns – Axially	9

	Loaded columns – Design of short Rectangula Square and circular columns –Design of Slender columns- Design for Uniaxial and Biaxial bending using Column Curves-design of spiral reinforced concrete column.	
V	DESIGN OF FOOTINGS Introduction, Types of Footings, Concepts of Proportioning of footings and foundations based on soil properties -Soil Pressures for footings- General Design Considerations and Code Requirements, Design of wall footing –Design of Isolated footings with axial and eccentric loading-– Design of Combined Rectangular footing for two columns only.	9
References	Text Books Punmia.B.C and Jain, A.K., Comprehensive RCC Designs, Lakshmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, Ninth Edition, 2002 Ashok K. Jain, 'Reinforced Concrete Limit State Design', 4th Edition Nem Chand & Bros, Roorkee, 1993 Varghese, P.C., "Limit State Design of Reinforced Concrete", Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002. Gambhir. M.L., "Fundamentals of Reinforced Concrete Design", Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2006. Subramanian, N., "Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013. Krishnaraju.N " Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures ", CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. Ramachandra, "Limit state Design of Concrete Structures" Standard Book House, New Delhi Reference Books Shah V.L and Karve SR, Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design, Structures Publications, Pune, 2002. Unnikrishna Pillai and Devdas Menon, Reinforced Concrete Design, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2002. Nilson H., A.H., George Winter,G., 'Design of Concrete Structures', McGraw Hill Book Bandyopadhyay. J.N., "Design of Concrete Structures"., Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. Als456:2000, Code of practice for Plain and Reinforced Concrete, Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 2000 SP16, IS456:1978 "Design Aids for Reinforced Concrete to Bureau of Indian Standards, New Delhi, 1999Co., New York, 1972 	

Course Out Comes	 After learning the course the students should be able to CO1: know the concepts of Working stress method, Ultimate load method and Limit state method. Design philosophy CO2: Understanding principles of limit state design and design of singly and doubly reinforced beams and slab. CO3 :Design slab and staircase. CO4 :Design of flexural members CO5: Analyze and design for shear, torsion bond and Redistribution of moments in continuous reinforced concrete beam ,Design column and footing 	
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Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	3	-	2
CO 2	2	2	3	-	2
CO 3	2	1	3	-	2
CO 4	2	1	3	-	2
CO 5	3	2	3	-	3

Course Title	DESIGN OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES-II										
				H	Hours		Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	k1-to recall the basic design concepts of rc elements and special rc elements K2- to understand the design concepts of advanced rc elements K3-to understand the inelastic behaviour of concrete and ductile detailing for concrete K4-design calculation of beams columns specilal members and composite sections										
Course Objectives	 To in To u To in To u to u 	ntroduce the nderstand t ntroduce the nderstand t ling of diffe	e limit state he analysis e yield line he concepts erent structo	concep and dea theory of ine ural ele	ots in sign and lasti men	n stru for s its de ic bel ts	ctural c pecial 1 esign haviour	lesign and c element	l the me ts as pe	ethods of r IS	design

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	DESIGN PHILOSOPHY Building Frames- Approximate methods – substitute frame analysis Limit state design -beams, slabs and columns according to IS Codes. Calculation of deflectionand crack width according tIS Code. Design of beamcolumn joints.Design of reinforced concrete braced and un-braced walls. Design offlat slabs.	9
Π	DESIGN OF SPECIAL RC ELEMENTS Design of slender columns - Design of RC walls. Strut and tie method of analysis for corbels and Deep beams, Design of corbels, Deep-beams and grid floors. Design of beams curved in plan. Design of Silos and Bunkers.	9
III	FLAT SLABS AND YIELD LINE BASED DESIGN Yield line theory and Hillerborg's strip method of design of slabs. Equilibrium and Virtual Work method- Analysis and Design of Square, Rectangular and Circular Slabs with different boundary conditions subjected to UDL and Concentrated loads, Hillerborg's method of design of slabs. Analysis and Design of Grid floors by approximate analysis.Design of flat slabs and flat plates according to IS method – Check for shear - Design of spandrelbeams	9
IV	INELASTIC BEHAVIOUR OF CONCRETE BEAMS AND COLUMNS Redistribution of moments in RC beams- introduction-conditions- advantages- moment curvature relation- ACI guidelines , Design for serviceability Limit states – Design calculations of deflectiosn and crack width as per IS456-2000.	9

	DUCTILE DETAILING AND COMPOSITE CONSTRUCTION	
	Concept of Ductility – Detailing for ductility – Design of beams, columns for	
V	ductility - Design of cast-in-situ joints in frames. Introduction to Composite	
·	Construction – behavior and design principles. Steel– Concrete Composite	9
	Beams, Beams with in – situ slab and pre cast rib.	
References	TEXT BOOKS : Purushothaman ,P, Reinforced concrete structural elements :	
	Behavior, analysis and	
	design, Tata Mc Graw, 1986.	
	2. Varghese P.C, Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design Prentice- Hall of	
	India	
	PrivateLimited, New Delhi, 2002	
	3. Unnikrishna pillai and Devdas Menon, ' Reinforced Concrete Design', Tata	
	Mc Graw	
	Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2002	
	REFERENCES:	
	1. Shah VL and Karve SR, Advanced Reinforced concrete Design",	
	Structures	
	Publications Pune, 2002.	
	2. Sinha S N, Reinforced Concrete Design, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing	
	Company Ltd.,	
	New Delhi, 1996	
	3. Johnson R.P., Composite Structures VolI	
	4. Punmia B.C., R.C Structures Vol.II, Lakshmi Publication, New Delhi.	
	5. Shah H.J., Reinforced concrete Vol. I, Charotar Publishing House, 2005.	
	6. Gambhir.M. L., "Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures", Prentice Hall	
	of India, 2012.	
	After learning the course the students should be able to	
	COI: know the concepts of approximate methods of analysis and Limit state	
~	design method and its Design	
Course	CO2: Understanding the analysis the corbel and other special elements and	
Out	design	
Comes	CO3 : to know the yield line theory and design the flat slab	
	CO4 : to calculate the inelastic benaviour of concrete beams and columns	
	CO5: to understand the concept of ductile detailing and composite construction	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	-	2
CO 2	2	2	3	-	2
CO 3	2	1	3	-	2
CO 4	3	2	3	-	2
CO 5	2	2	3	1	2

Course Title	PRE-STRESSED CONCRETE STRUCTURES										
				Hours			Theory		Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	k1-to recall the basic design concepts of rc elements and prestress concept K2- to understand the prestress effect and design concepts beam , columns and continuous beams K3-to understand concept of circular pre stressing K4-design calculation of beams ,end block, anchorage, compression member, concrete pipes and composite sections										
Course Objectives	To learn the principles, materials, methods and systems of prestressing and to know the different types of losses and deflection of prestressed members and to learn the design of prestressed concrete beams for flexural, shear and tension and to calculate ultimate flexural strength of beam and to learn the design of anchorage zones, composite beams, analysis and design of continuous beam On completion of the course, the students will be able to design a prestressed concrete beam accounting for losses and to design the anchorage zone for post tensioned members and to design composite members and to design continuous beams										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	INTRODUCTION TO PRE-STRESSING General Principles – Classification and type – Materials – Prestressing systems – Loss of prestress – Analysis of section for flexure.	9
Π	DESIGN OF BEAMS Design of beams: Design of section for flexure – general approach for service load design – Ultimate design for limit state of collapse – Provision of IS code. Design for shear: General theory – Elastic theory – Ultimate limit state – Provision of IS code – Deflection – Beam deflection – Short term and long term deflections – Provision in IS code.	9
III	ANCHORAGE TENSION & COMPRESSION MEMBERS Design of Anchorage: Stress distribution in end block –	9

	Design of end block – IS code provision. Design of compression and tension members: Tension member elastic design – Tension member cracking and ultimate strength – Compression members – Design.	
IV	CONTINUOUS BEAM & CIRCULAR PRE-STRESSING Design of continuous beams: Advantages of continuity – Effect of prestressing – Analysis of continuous beams – Linear transformation and concordance of cables – Design of continuous beam. Circular prestressing : Method and applications circumferential prestressing – Design of prestress concrete pipes and tanks.	9
V	COMPOSITE SECTIONS Composite sections – Types of composite construction flexural analysis – Design of composite section – Shrinkage stresses in composite section.	9
References	 TEXT BOOKS: Pre-Stressed Concrete, N.Krishna Raju, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. Fundamental of Pre-stressed concrete –N.C.Sinha and S.K.Roy, S.Chand Company Ltd, New Delhi. REFERENCES: Design of pre-stressed concrete structures – T.Y.Lin, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi. Modern Pre-stress Concrete – Libby, R.James, Van Nostrand, New York Pre-stress Concrete Structures – P.Dayarathnam, Oxford & IBH Publishers BIS 1343. 	
Course Out Comes	 After learning the course the students should be able to CO1: Students will understand the general mechanical behavior of <i>prestressed concrete</i>. CO2: Students will be able to analyze and <i>design prestressed</i> <i>concrete</i> flexural members CO3 :to know design the anchorage and compression member CO4 :to design the continuous beam and pre stress concrete pipes CO5: To design prestressed composite beams 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	3	-	2	2
CO 2	3	3	-	3	2
CO 3	3	2	-	3	2
CO 4	2	2	-	3	2
CO 5	2	1	-	2	2

Course Title	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING MATERIALS										
			Hours			5	Tł	neory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	2	2	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	k1-to recall the different types of building materials and its applications K2- to understand the nature, characteristics, performance, and behavior of <i>civil</i> <i>engineering materials</i> used in buildings and infrastructure and to evaluate their physical and mechanical properties. K3-application of different materials utilized for construction process										
Course Objectives	The Course • To lo mate • To k • To in	aims earn the ma erials used f mow about mpart know	nufacturing or load beau materials th ledge about	proces ring pur at is us t basis o	s, ty rpos ed f of re	pes, e or pr cent	applica otectioi paradig	tions and n and func gms, and r	testing ctional j new ma	procedur purpose. terials	res for

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	STONES Classification - Selection - Application of stone in buildings - Requirement and testing of stones - Deterioration and preservation of stone work - Artificial stones.	5
п	BRICKS AND BUILDING BLOCKS Manufacture of bricks - classification - Qualities - Test on Bricks - Fire bricks - building blocks types and uses - joist and filter blocks - Curved shell units - Lightweight concrete blocks.	5
III	MORTAR, CEMENT AND CONCRETE Classification of mortar - Preparation - Selection of mortar - Tests for mortars - Manufacture of cement - Types of cement - Characteristics - Aggregates - Basic Characteristics - Types of aggregates - Admixtures - Properties of fresh concrete - Properties of hardened concrete - Slump Test - Vebe test - Flow test - Compacting factor test - Types of Concrete.	5
IV	MATERIALS FOR BUIDINGS SERVICES Timber - Market forms - Industrial timber - Plywood Veneer - Thermocole - Panels of laminates - Steel - Composition - uses - Market forms - Mechanical treatment - Paints - Vanishes - Distempers.	5

V	SPECIAL MATERIALS Glass - Ceramics - Sealants for joints - Sheets for pitched roof coverings - Fibre glass reinforced plastic - Clay products - Refractories - Composite materials - Types - Applications of laminar composites - Fibre textiles - mats and pads for earth reinforcement - Recycling of Industrial waste as building material - Polymers in Civil Engineering.	5
References	TEXT BOOKS:	
	 Bindra and Arora, "Building Materials and construction". Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi 1994 Punmia B.C. "Building Materials and Construction", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, 1997 REFERENCE BOOKS: Rangwala S.C. "Engineering Materials", Charotar Publishing House, Anand, India, 1997 Surendra Singh, "Building Materials", Vikas Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1996. Brain Culshaw, "Smart structure and Materials", Artech House, Borton, London, 1996 Deodhar S. V. "Construction Equipment and Job Planning", Khanna Publishers, New Delhi 2001National Building Code of India, 1983 IS 1003 (Part I): Timber, Panelled and Glazed shutters – Specifications, 1991 IS 4021: Timber Doors, Windows and Ventilator Frames – Specifications, 199 	
Course Out Comes	 After learning the course the students should be able to CO1: To identify various building <i>materials</i> and select suitable type of building <i>material</i> for given situation. CO2: Students are able to understand the property , use , advantage and disadvantage of diffent material used in construction. CO3 : To be aware of various traditional building <i>materials</i> and also the emerging <i>materials</i> in the field of <i>Civil Engineering construction</i> CO4:to identify the different timber materials in different types of structures CO5:to identify the some special materials and its applications involved in construction 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	-	-	1	2
CO 2	2	-	-	2	1
CO 3	2	-	-	3	2
CO 4	2	-	-	2	1
CO 5	2	-	-	3	2

Course Title	MASONRY STRUCTURES										
				H	ours	5	Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	k1-to recall the different types of masonary ,behaviour,properties of masonary units K2- to understand the elstic properties and its strength behaviour of compression shear and flexure. K3-design of load bearing masonary buildings										
Course Objectives	Student will 1. Unde 2. Anal 3. Dem 4. Sum build	be able to erstand mas lyze the beh onstrate tes marize con lings	sonry mater avior of str sting, analys struction pra	ials and uctural is and actices,	l its mas desig spe	mech sonry gn m cifica	nanical ethodol ations a	properties logies .nd inspec	s. ction of	masonry	

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
I	Introduction, Masonry units, materials and types: History of masonry, historical buildings, Masonry arches, domes and vaults: Components, classification and construction procedure.	7
II	Characteristics of masonry constituents: Types of masonry units such as stone, bricks, concrete blocks, clay blocks and stabilized mud blocks. Properties of masonry units like strength, modulus of elasticity and water absorption. Masonry mortars – Classification and properties of mortars, selection of mortars.	8
III	Strength of Masonry in Compression: Behaviour of Masonry under compression, strength and elastic properties, factors influencing of compressive strength masonry, Effects of slenderness and eccentricity, water absorption, curing, ageing and workmanship on compressive strength Prediction of strength of masonry in Indian context.	9
IV	Shear and Flexure Behavior of Masonry : Bond between masonry unit and mortar, test methodsfor determining flexural and shear bond strengths, test procedures for evaluating flexural and shearstrength, factors affecting bond strength, effect of bond strength on compressive strength, flexureand shear strength of masonry. Concept of Earthquake resistant masonry buildings.	11
V	Design of load bearing masonry buildings: concept of basic compressive stress, Permissible compressive stress, reduction factors. Increase in permissible stresses for eccentric vertical andlateral loads, permissible tensile and shear stresses, Effective height of walls and columns, opening in walls,	10

	effective length, effective thickness, slenderness ratio, eccentricity, load dispersion, arching action, lintels; Wall carrying axial load, eccentric load with different eccentricity ratios, wall with openings, freestanding wall; Design of load bearing masonry for buildings up to 3 to 8storeys using BIS codal provisions.	
References	 Text/Reference book Hendry A.W., "Structural masonry"- Palgrave Macmillan Macmillan Education Ltd., 2nd edition, ISBN 10: 0333733096 ISBN 13:9780333733097 Robert G Drysdale; Ahmad A Hamid, Masonry structures: Behavior and Design. Boulder, CO : Masonry Society, 2008. 3rd ed, ISBN 1929081332 9781929081332 Jagadish K S, Structural Masonry, I K International Publishing House Pvt Ltd, 2015, ISBN – 10: 9384588660, ISBN 13: 978-9384588663. Sven Sahlin, "Structural Masonry"- Prentice Hall Publisher: Prentice Hall, 1971, ISBN-10: 0138539375, ISBN-13: 978-0138539375 	
Course Out Comes	 After learning the course the students should be able to CO1: To identify various masonary units,materials and its construction process. CO2: Understand the types of masonary and its properties CO3 :Know the principle and understand the behaviour of compression for masonary structures CO4: Understand the behaviour of,shear,flexure for masonary CO5:Evaluate the basic loads of masonary and design load bearing masonary buildings 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	-	-	-	2
CO 2	3	-	-	1	2
CO 3	3	-	-	2	2
CO 4	2	-	1	2	2
CO 5	2	-	2	1	2

Course Title	BASICS OF DYNAMICS AND ASESISMIC DESIGN										
Course				H	ours		Th	neory	Pra	ctical	
Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0 XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	 k1-to recall the concept of vibrations and SDOF,MDOF K2- to understand the causes of earthquake and its elements K3-to understand the design concept of earthquake. K4-design earthquake and its methods as per the codal provision 										
Course Objective s	 The Course aims The main earthquake in seismic vibrations and struct aseismic of study the of On complexity systems and to analyze identify, for the system of the system o	objective es, the proc e areas. The necessary ures. Furth design met dynamic rea- etion of the net to identifie e continuor pormulate ar	of this co cess, measur is objective to understan hodologyan sponse of SI e course, the ify, formula us systems nd solve free	urse is rements is acl nd and dent is dto int DOF an e stude te and subjec e and fo	to and analy also rodu nd M nts v solve ted orceo	intro l the yse the ce the lDOH will the dyr to di l vibr	duce to factors rough a he dyna ght the he cond conditions be able namic r ifferent cations	o the stu that affec imparting amic force codal pricepts of o to apply esponse o types of response o	dent th t the de rudime es cause rovisior dynamie the con of SDOI f dynar of struc	e pheno esign of s ents of t ed by ear as as we c system cepts of F and MI nic load tural syst	mena of tructures heory of thquakes ll as the s and to dynamic DOF and s and to ems

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	THEORY OF VIBRATIONS Concept of inertia and damping – Types of Damping – Difference between static forces and dynamic excitation – Degrees of freedom – SDOF idealisation – Equations of motion of SDOF system for mass as well as base excitation – Free vibration of SDOF system – Response to harmonic excitation – Impulse and response to unit impulse – Duhamel integral.	9
Π	MULTIPLE DEGREE OF FREEDOM SYSTEM Two degree of freedom system – Normal modes of vibration – Natural frequencies – Mode shapes - Introduction to MDOF systems – Decoupling of equations of motion – Concept of mode superposition (No derivations).	9
III	ELEMENTS OF SEISMOLOGY Causes of Earthquake – Geological faults – Tectonic plate theory – Elastic rebound – Epicentre – Hypocentre – Primary, shear and Raleigh waves – Seismogram – Magnitude and intensity of earthquakes – Magnitude and Intensity scales – Spectral Acceleration - Information on some disastrous earthquakes.	9
IV	RESPONSE OF STRUCTURES TO EARTHQUAKE Response and design spectra – Design earthquake – concept of peak acceleration – Site specific response spectrum – Effect of soil properties and damping – Liquefaction of soils – Importance of ductility – Methods of introducing ductility into RC structures.	9
V	DESIGN METHODOLOGY IS 1893, IS 13920 and IS 4326 – Codal provisions – Design as per the codes – Base isolation techniques – Vibration control measures – Important points in mitigating effects of earthquake on structures.	9

References	TEXT BOOK:									
	1. Chopra, A.K., "Dynamics of Structures – Theory and									
	Applications to Earthquake Engineering", Second									
	Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.									
	REFERENCES:									
	1. Biggs, J.M., "Introduction to Structural Dynamics",									
	McGraw–Hill Book Co., N.Y., 1964									
	2. Dowrick, D.J., "Earthquake Resistant Design", John									
	Wiley & Sons, London, 1977									
	3. Paz, M., "Structural Dynamics – Theory & Computation",									
	CSB Publishers & Distributors, Shahdara, Delhi, 1985									
	On completion of the course, the students will be able to									
	CO1:apply the concepts of dynamic systems									
	CO2: identify, formulate and solve dynamic response of SDOF									
	and MDOF									
	CO3: understand the elements of seismology, magnitude and									
Course	intensity of earth quake									
Out	CO4:analysiz the concept of response and design									
Comes	spectrum, ductility in to rc structures									
	CO5:to analyze continuous systems subjected to different types									
	of dynamic loads and to identify, formulate and solve free									
	and forced vibrations response of structural systems as per									
	the codes									

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	2	-	-	3
CO 2	2	2	-	-	3
CO 3	2	-	-	-	2
CO 4	2	2	-	-	3
CO 5	2	1	-	-	2

Course Title	RELIABILITY ANALYSIS OF STRUCTURES										
				H	ours	5	Th	leory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	2	2	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recalling the fundamentals on reliability and probability concepts.K-2:Understand the concept of probability.K-3:Apply the concept probability mass function, dnsity function.										
Course Objectives	The Course = • To le • To ir • To e	aims earn principle nplement the valuate diff	es ofreliabilit Probability Ferent metho	y. Concep ods of r	ots fo eliat	or the oility	Reliabil analysi	ity Analys is.	is		

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	Preliminary Data Analysis: Graphical representation- Histogram, frequency polygon, Measures of central tendency- grouped and ungrouped data, measures of dispersion, measures of asymmetry. Curve fitting and Correlation: Fitting a straight line,	
	curve of the form $y = ab^x$, and parabola, Coefficient of correlation.	
Π	Probability Concepts : Random events-Sample space and events, Venn diagram and event space, Measuresof probability- interpretation, probability axioms,addition rule, multiplication rule, conditionalprobability, probability tree diagram, statisticalindependence, total probability theorem and Baye'stheorem	
III	Random variables : Probability mass function, probability density function, Mathematical expectation, Chebyshev's theorem. Probability distributions: Discrete distributions-Binomial and poison distributions, Continuous distributions-Normal, Lognormal distributions.	
IV	Reliability Analysis: Measures of reliability-factor of safety, safety margin, reliability index, performance function and limiting state. Reliability Methods-First Order Second Moment Method (FOSM), Point Estimate Method (PEM), and Advanced First Order Second Moment Method (Hasofer-Lind's method)	

V	System reliability : Influence of correlation coefficient, redundant and non-redundant systems series, parallel and combined systems, Uncertainty in reliability assessments- Confidence limits, Bayesian revision of reliability. Simulation Techniques: Monte Carlo simulation- Statistical experiments, sample size and accuracy, Generation of random numbers-random numbers with standard uniform distribution, continuous random variables,						
	discrete random variables						
References	1. Ranganathan, R. (1999). "Structural Reliability Analysis						
	and design"- Jaico publishing house, Mumbai, India.						
	2. Ang, A. H. S., and Tang, W. H. (1984). "Probability						
	concepts in engineering planning and design"- Volume –I,						
	John Wiley and sons, Inc, New York.						
	3. Ang, A. H. S., and Tang, W. H. (1984). "Probability concepts in engineering planning and design"-Volume –II,						
	John Wiley and sons, Inc, New York.						
	4. Milton, E. Harr (1987). "Reliability based design in civil						
	engineering"- McGraw Hill book Co.						
	5. Nathabdndu, T., Kottegoda, and Renzo Rosso (1998).						
	Statistics, "Probability and reliability for Civil and						
	Environmental Engineers"- McGraw Hill international						
	edition, Singapore.						
	6. AchintyaHaldar and SankaranMahadevan (2000).						
	"Probability, Reliability and Statistical methods in						
	Engineering design"- John Wiley and Sons. Inc.						
	7. Thott-christensen, P., and Baker, M., J., (1982),						
	"Structural reliability theoryand its applications"-						
	Springer-Verlag, Berlin, New York.						
	8. Inott-christensen, P., and Murotsu, Y. (1986).						
	Application of structural systems reliability theory -						
	Springer-Verlag, Berlin, New York						
	At the end of the course the student will						
	• Achieve Knowledge of design and development of						
Course Out	problem solving skills.						
	• Understand the principles of reliability.						
Comes	• Design and develop analytical skills.						
	Summarize the Probability distributions						
	• Understands the concept of System reliability.						

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5						
CO 1	3	2	2	2	3						
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2						
CO 3	2	3	3	2	2						
CO 4	2	2	2	2	3						
CO 5	2	3	2	3	3						
Course Title	SMART MATERIALS AND SMART STRUCTURE										
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				Hours			Tł	neory	Pra	ctical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	2	2	I	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recall the material property testing K-2: Understand the various measuring devices K-3: Apply the knowledge of sensors and actuators for civil engineering materials										
Course Objectives	The Course	aims the fund those rel the ski manufac	amentals o ated to the lls, knowl turing of sn	f smart develop edge nart stru	t ma omen and uctu	ateria nt of mo res a	ls, dev smart s tivatior nd proc	ices and structures in in the lucts	electron and pro desig	nics, in p ducts; n, analy	particular ysis and

Unit	Content	No. of Hours
Ι	INTRODUCTION Introduction to Smart Materials and Structures – Instrumented structures functions and Response – Sensing systems – Self diagnosis – Signal processing consideration – ActuationSystems and effectors.	9
Π	MEASURING TECHNIQUES Strain Measuring Techniques using Electrical strain gauges, Types – Resistance – Capacitance– Inductance – Wheatstone bridges – Pressure transducers – Load cells – TemperatureCompensation – Strain Rosettes	9
III	SENSORS Sensing Technology – Types of Sensors – Physical Measurement using Piezo Electric StrainMeasurement – Inductively Read Transducers – The LVOT – Fiber optic Techniques.Chemical and Bio-Chemical sensing in structural Assessment – Absorptive chemical sensors –Spectroscopes – Fibre Optic Chemical Sensing Systems and Distributed measurement.	10
IV	ACTUATORS Actuator Techniques – Actuator and actuator materials – Piezoelectric and ElectrostrictiveMaterial – Magnetostructure Material – Shape Memory Alloys – Electro rheological Fluids–Electromagnetic actuation – Role of actuators and Actuator Materials	9
V	SIGNAL PROCESSING AND CONTROL SYSTEMS Data Acquisition and Processing – Signal Processing and Control for Smart Structures –	8

	Sensors as Geometrical Processors Signal Processing	
	Sensors as Geometrical Trocessors – Signal Trocessing – $C_{1} \neq 1$	
	Control System – Linear and Non-Linear.	
References	1. Brain Culshaw – Smart Structure and Materials Artech House –	
	Borton. London-1996	
	1. L. S. Srinath – Experimental Stress Analysis – Tata	
	McGraw-Hill, 1998.	
	2. I. W. Dally & W. F. Riley – Experimental Stress Analysis	
	- Tata McGraw-Hill 1998	
	Tata Mediaw IIII, 1990.	
	Students will have the capacity to	
	CO1: Perform the analysis and design of foundation under	
	earthquake loading by considering the influence of various	
	design parameters that includes the liquefaction of soils due to	
	earthquake	
C		
Course	CO2: Describe the provision of IS Codes for Designing of	
Out	Foundations with earthquake resistant	
Comes	CO3: Explain the shallow and deep foundations with earthquake	
	resistant	
	CO4: Calculate the lateral earth pressures due to earthquake	
	CO5: Evaluate the structural adequacy for foundation with	
	cost. Evaluate the structural adequacy for foundation with	
	earniquake resistant	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	2	2	3
CO 2	2	2	2	2	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	2
CO 4	2	2	1	2	2
CO 5	3	2	3	2	2

II. GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING

Course Title	GROUNDIMPROVEMENTTECHNIQUES										
				Hours			Th	leory	Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	2	2	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Remen stabilization K-2: Unders K-3: Apply	K-1: Remember the concepts of Ground water lowering, soil compaction and soil stabilizationK-2: Understand the stone column and soil nailingK-3: Apply the principles of earth reinforcing and Grouting									
Course Objectives	The Course Studen evalua charac variou	aims atswillbeexp ate them. The teristics of as ground in	oosedtovario ne different difficult soi nprovement	ousprot techniq ls as w metho	olem ues ell a ds.	sasso will s des	be taug ign tecl	withsoilde ht to the hniques re	positsa m to im equired	ndmethoo prove the to imple	dsto e ment

Unit	Content	No.of Hour s
Ι	DEWATERING Introduction–Scope and necessity of ground improvement in Geotechnical engineering basic concepts. Drainage–Ground Water lowering by well points, deep wells, vacuum and electro- osmotic methods. Stabilization by thermal and freezing techniques-Applications.	5
П	COMPACTIONAND SAND DRAINS In-situ compaction of granular and cohesive soils, Shallow and Deep compaction methods–Sand piles–Concept, design, factors influencing compaction. Blasting and dynamic consolidation– Preloading with sand drains, fabric drains, wick drains etc.– Theories of sand drain–design and relative merits of various methods–Case studies.	5
III	STONE COLUMN, LIMEPILESAND SOIL NAILING Stone column, lime piles –Functions–Methods of installation–design, estimation of load carrying capacity and settlement. Root piles and soil nailing–methods of installation–Design and Applications-Soil lique faction mitigation methods- case studies.	5
IV	EARTH REINFORCEMENT Earth reinforcement – Principles and basic mechanism of reinforced earth, simple design: Synthetic and natural fiber based Geo textiles and their applications. Filtration, drainage, separation, erosion control–case studies.	5
V	GROUTING Grouting–Typesofgrout–Suspensionandsolutiongrouts–Basicrequirementsofgrout. Grouting equipment–injection methods– jet grouting– grout monitoring–Electro– Chemical stabilization–Stabilization with cement, lime- Stabilization of expansive clays–case studies.	5

Reference	1. Pappala, A.J., Huang, J., Han, J., and Hoyos, L.R., "Ground Improvement and Geosynthetics	
S	; Geo technical special publication No.207, Geo Institute, ASCE, 2010	
	2. Cox,B.R.,andGrifithsS.C.,"PracticalRecommendationforEvaluationandmitigationofSo	
	il	
	3. Liquefaction" in Arkansas, (Project Report), 2010.	
	4. Day, R.W., "FoundationEngineeringHandbook, McGraw –Hill Companies, Inc. 2006.	
	5. Rowe, R.K., "Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Engineering Handbook, Kluwer Acade	
	mic Publishers,2001.	
	6. Das, B.M., "Principles of FoundationEngineering, Fourth Edition,	
	PWSPublishing,1999.	
	7. Moseley, M.P., "GroundTreatment, Blackie Academic and Professionals, 1998.	
	8. Koerner, R.M., "Designing with Geosynthetics, Third Edition, PrenticeHall 1997.	
	9. Hehn,R.W.,"Practical Guide toGroutingofUndergroundStructures, ASCE, 1996.	
	10. Jewell,R.A., "Soil ReinforcementwithGeotextiles,CIRIA, London, 1996.	
	11. Koerner, R.M. and Welsh, J.P., "Construction and Geotechnical Engineering using Synthetic	
	C .	
	12. Fabrics, John Wiley, 1990.	
	13. Jones, J.E.P., "EarthReinforcement andSoil Structure", Butterworths, 1985.	
	CO1: An understanding about types of ground improvement techniques and soil	
	distribution in India	
Course	CO2: Understanding about various methods of dewatering of soil and Compaction of	
Out	soil	
Comos	CO3 : Knowledge about types of chemical stabilization and their construction method	
Comes	COA U 1 (1') 1 (C 1 A 1 D 1 D 1 D 1 C 1 N 1')	
	CO4: Understanding about Ground Anchors, Rock Bolts and Soil Nailing	
	CO5: Knowledge about various types of grouts and their applications	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	3	3
CO 2	3	3	3 2 2		2
CO 3	3	2	1	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	2
CO 5	3	3	2	2	2

Course Title	EARTHQUAKE RESISTANTDESIGNOF FOUNDATIONS										
				H	ours	5	Tł	Theory		Practical	
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recall K-2: Unders codes K-3: Apply and structur	the basics of stand the de the soil beh es	of earthquak sign parame aviour in ea	te and i eters of arthqua	ts ef ear ke f	fects thqua or de	ıke resi signing	stant foun gearthqua	dations ke resis	as per Ir	ıdian ıdations
Course Objectives	The Course Focus founda to vario	aims is mainly tion due to ous design p	on identif earthquake parameters t	ying th and so hat inc	ne d il - : ludi	liffer found ng lic	ent kin lation i quefacti	nds of lo nteractior	oading n analys l due to	induced is with re earthqua	on the eference ke.

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	BASIC DESIGN PARAMETERS Dynamic properties of soils and its evaluation, strength and deformation characteristics of soils under earthquake loading, liquefaction hazard evaluations and remedial measures, geotechnical failure of foundations during earthquake, provision of IS 1893 and IS 13920	9
П	SHALLOW FOUNDATION Design requirements – bearing capacity theory under earthquake loading – bearing capacity analysis for liquefied soil – bearing capacity analysis for cohesive and cohesionless soils - seismic settlement of foundation.	9
III	DEEP FOUNDATION Earthquake loading – inertial and kinematic loading - performance of piles during earthquake loading – theories of pile failure in liquefiable soils – failure based on bending mechanism/buckling instability – methods of analysis – force based or limit equilibrium method – p-y method – pile settlement - guidelines for designing of piles under kinematic loading due to liquefaction – seismic design of well/cassion foundations.	10
IV	SEISMIC DESIGN OF RETAINING WALL Introduction – Seismic passive lateral earth pressure, behaviour of retaining wall during earthquakes, modification of Coulomb's Theory, Modified Culmann's Theory, displacement analysis, Indian standard code of practice.	9

	STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF FOUNDATION Introduction – loads acting on foundations during earthquake – fundamental failure mechanisms of foundations – essential criteria for design of foundations in liquefiable soils – structural design of foundations subjected to earthquake loading.										
References		 by Bnattacnarya S. (eds), Published by NICEE [National Centre for Earthquake Engineering (India)]. ISBN: 81-904190-1-3, 2007. 2. Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering by Day R. W., handbook, McGraw – Hill, New York,2002. 3. Design of Pile Foundations in Liquefiable Soils by Gopal Madabhushi, Jonathan Knappett andStuart Haigh, Imperial College Press, London WC2H 9HE, 2010. 4. Basic geotechnical earthquake engineering by Kamalesh Kumar, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2008. 5. Soil Mechanics in Engineering Practice by Terzaghi and Peck, R. B, John Wiley & Sons, NewYork, 1967. 6. Pile foundation analysis and design by Poulos H.G. and Davis E.H., John Wiley and Sons,1980. 7. Soil dynamics by Prakash, S., McGraw Hill, New York, 1981. 8. Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering by Steven L. Kramer, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1996. 9. Foundation design and construction by Tomilinson M.J., Longman Scientific & Technical, England, 1986. 									
Course Out Comes	Stu	 idents will have Perform the loading by c includes the Describe the earthquake r Explain the s Calculate the resistant 	the capacity to analysis and d considering the inf liquefaction of soi provision of IS C esistant shallow and deep f e lateral earth pres e structural adec	esign of foundat luence of various ls due to earthquat Codes for Designin Coundations with e sures due to earthc quacy for foundat	tion under earthc design parameters ke. ng of Foundations arthquake resistan quake ation with earthq	uake s that with t uake					
Course outcome		PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5					
CO 1		3	3	1	2	2					
CO 2		1	2	1	2	2					
CO 3		2	2	1	2	1					
CO 4		2	2	1	2	2					
CO 5		2	2	3	2	2					

Course Title	FOUNDATION ENGINEERING										
			Hours			Theory		Practical			
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recall the soil sampling by boring, types of foundations and retaining walls K-2: Describe the shallow foundations and Deep foundations and types K-3: Apply the learned knowledge in designing of various foundations										
Course Objectives	The Course • 7 a • F i f f	aims Fo study the and the suita Familiarize nvolved in Foundations Foundation for used for: a) letermining	e various m able types o the studer a geotechr and the fa for a given bearing ca earth press	ethods f found nts wit nical si ctors g solutio apacity ure and	of s lation h a te ir over n an esti l stal	oil in n. basi nvesti ning d fan matio pility	c unde igation the ch niliariz on, b) of stru	ation, load erstanding Introduc loice of the e the stud load carry ctures.	l bearin g of th the the p ne most ents wi ying ca	g capacit e essent principal t suitable th the pr pacity of	ty of soil ial steps types of e type of ocedures f pile, c)

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	SITE INVESTIGATION & SELECTION OF FOUNDATION Scope and Objectives – Methods of exploration - boring – water boring and rotary drilling – Depth of boring – Spacing of bore hole – Sampling – Disturbed and undisturbed sampling – sampling techniques – Split spoon sampler, Thin tube sampler, Stationary piston sampler – Bore log report – Penetration tests (SPT and SCPT) – Types of foundations -selection of foundation based on soil condition.	9
Π	SHALLOW FOUNDATION Introduction – Location and depth of foundation – codal provisions – bearing capacity of shallow foundation on homogeneous deposits – Terzaghi's formula and BIS formula – factors affecting bearing capacity – problems – Bearing capacity from insitu tests (SPT,SCPT and PLT) – Allowable bearing pressure, Settlement – Components of settlement – determination of settlement of foundations on granular and clay deposits- equal settlement - differential settlement – allowable settlements – Codal provision – Methods of minimizing settlement.	9
III	FOOTINGS AND RAFTS Types of foundation – Contact pressure distribution below footings & raft – Isolated and combined footings – types – proportioning – mat foundation- types – uses –proportioning – floating foundation	9

IV	PILES Types of piles and their function - Factors influencing the selection of pile - Load Carrying capacity of single pile in granular and cohesive soil - Static formula - dynamic formulae (Engineering news and Hiley's) - capacity from insitu tests (SPT & SCPT) - Negative skin friction - uplift capacity - Group capacity by different methods (Feld's rule, converse Labarra formula and block failure criterion) - Settlement of pile groups - Interpretation of pile load test - Forces on pile caps - under reamed piles - capacity under compression and uplift.	9
V	RETAINING WALLS Plastic equilibrium in soils – active and passive states – Rankine's cohesionless and cohesive soil – Coloumbo's wedge theory – condition for critical failure plane – Earth pressure on retaining walls of simple configurations – Graphical methods (Rebhann and Culmann) – pressure on the wall due to line load Stability of retaining walls.	9
References	 TEXT BOOKS: Punmia, B.C, "Soil Mechanics and foundations" Laximi publication pvt.Ltd., New Delhi1, 2005. Gopal Ranjan and Rao, A.S.R. "Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics", Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi (India), 2003. REFRENCE BOOKS: Varghese P.C., "Foundation Engineering", PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2005. Das, B.M. "Principles of Foundation Engineering (Fifth Edition), Thomson Books/COLE, 2003 Murty, V.N.S. "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", UBS Publishers Distribution Lts., New Delhi, 1999. Swamisaran, "Analysis and Design of Structures – Limit state Design:, Oxford IBH Publishing Co-Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1998. 	
Course Out Comes	 After completion of the course the students should be CO1: Able to understand the various sampling techniques CO2: Know about the various insitu tests used to find the bearing capacity of the soil. CO3: Ability to select the suitable footings for the soil conditions. CO4: know about the piles and pile groups under various loading conditions CO5: able to design the various retaining walls as per Indian standard. 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	1	1	1	2
CO 2	2	1	1	1	2
CO 3	3	2	2	2	3
CO 4	2	2	3	2	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3

Course Title	GEOENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING										
				Hours		Theory		Pra	ctical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Identify the soil contaminants and its classifications K-2: Understand the various remedial methods for contaminant removal. K-3: Apply the suitable method for contaminant removal										
Course Objectives	The Course The stu associa contam	 K-3: Apply the suitable method for contaminant removal The Course aims The student acquires the knowledge on the Geotechnical engineering problems associated with soil contamination, safe disposal of waste and remediate the contaminated soils by different techniques thereby protecting environment. 									

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	SOIL – WASTE INTERACTION Role of Geo environmental Engineering – sources, generation and classification of wastes – causes and consequences of soil pollution – case studies in soil failure - factors influencing soil- pollutant interaction – modification of index, chemical and engineering properties – physical and physio-chemical mechanisms – Environmental laws and regulations.	8
II	CONTAMINANTTRANSPORTANDSITECHARACTERISATIONTransport of contaminant in subsurface – advection, diffusion,	9

	dispersion – chemical process – biological process, sorption, desorption, precipitation, dissolution, oxidation, complexation, ion exchange, volatization, biodegradation – characterization of contaminated sites – soil and rock data – hydrological and chemical data – analysis and evaluation – risk assessment – case studies	
III	WASTE CONTAINMENT AND REMEDIATION OF CONTAMINATED SITES Insitu containment – vertical and horizontal barrier – surface cover – ground water pumping system on subsurface drain – soil remediation – soil vapour extraction, soil waste stabilization, solidification of soils, electrokinetic remediation, soil heating, vitrification, bio remediation, phyto remediation – ground water remediation – pump and treat , Insitu flushing, permeable reacting barrier, Insitu air sparging - case studies.	9
IV	LANDFILLS AND SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS Source and characteristics of waste - site selection for landfills – components of landfills – liner system – soil, geomembrane, geosynthetic clay, geocomposite liner system – leachate collection – final cover design – monitoring landfill.	9
v	STABILISATION OF WASTE Evaluation of waste materials – flyash, municipal sludge, plastics, scrap tire, blast furnace slag, construction waste, wood waste and their physical, chemical and biological characteristics – potential reuse – utilization of waste and soil stabilization – case studies.	10
References	 REFERENCES: 1. Daniel B.E, Geotechnical Practice for waste disposal, Chapman & Hall, London, 1993. 2. Hari D. Sharma and Krishna R.Reddy, Geo- Environmental Engineering – John Wiley and Sons, INC, USA, 2004. 3. Westlake, K., Landfill Waste pollution and Control, Albion Publishing Ltd., England, 1995. 4. Wentz, C.A., Hazardous Waste Management, McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1989. 5. Proceedings of the International symposium of Environmental Geotechnology (Vol.I and II), Environmental Publishing Company, 1986 and 1989. 6. Ott, W.R., Environmental Indices, Theory and Practice, Ann Arbor, 1978. 7. Fried, J.J., Ground Water Pollution, Elsevier, 1975. 8. ASTM Special Tech. Publication 874, Hydraulic Barrier in Soil and Rock, 1985. 9. Lagrega, M.d., Buckingham, P.L., and Evans, J.C., Hazardous Waste Management, McGraw Hill, Inc. Singapore, 1994. 	

Course Out Comes	 CO1: To understand the soil failure due the contaminants CO2 To assess the contamination in the soil and to select suitable remediation methods based on contamination. CO3: To prepare the suitable disposal system for particular waste. CO4: To utilize the treated soil for land filling CO5: To utilize the waste materials for soil stabilization 	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	2	1	1	2
CO 2	1	2	1	2	2
CO 3	2	2	1	2	1
CO 4	2	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	2	3	2	2

Course Title	ROCK MECHANICS AND APPLICATIONS										
				Hours			Theory		Practical		
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recall the types of Rocks and its properties K-2: Understand the In-situ stresses and bearing capacity of rocks K-3: Apply the Rock reinforcement method for Rock jointing										
Course Objectives	The Course Student criteria techniq	 K-3: Apply the Rock reinforcement method for Rock jointing. The Course aims Students are expected to classify, understand stares-strain characteristics, failure criteria, and influence of insitu stress in the stability of various structures and various technique to improve the insitu strength of rocks. 									

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	CLASSIFICATION OF ROCKS Types of Rocks - Index properties and classification of rock masses, competent and incompetent rock - value of RMR and ratings in field estimations.	9
II	STRENGTH CRITERIA OF ROCKS Behaviour of rock under hydrostatic compression and deviatric loading - Modes of rock failure - planes of weakness and joint characteristics - joint testing, Mohr - Coulomb failure criterion and tension cut-off. Hoek and Brown Strength criteria for rocks with discontinuity sets.	9
III	INSITU STRESSES IN ROCKS Insitu stresses and their measurements, Hydraulic fracturing, flat jack, over coring and under coring methods - stress around underground excavations – Design aspects of openings in rocks - case studies.	10
IV	SLOPE STABILITY AND BEARING CAPACITY OF ROCKS Rock slopes - role of discontinuities in slop failure, slope analysis and factor of safety - remedial measures for critical slopes – Bearing capacity of foundations on rocks – case studies	9
V	ROCK REINFORCEMENT Reinforcement of fractured and joined rocks - shotcreting, bolting, anchoring, installation methods - case studies.	8

References	REFERENCES:	
	1. Goodman, R.E., Introduction to rock mechanics, John Willey	
	and Sons, 1989.	
	2. Hudson, A. and Harrison, P., Engineering Rock mechanics –	
	An introduction to the principles, Pergamon publications,	
	3. Hoek, E and Bray, J., Rock slope Engineering, Institute of	
	Mining and Metallurgy, U.K. 1981.	
	4. Hoek, E and Brown, E.I., Underground Excavations	
	in Rock, Institute of Mining and	
	Metallurgy, U.K. 1981.	
	5. Obvert, L. and Duvall, W., Rock Mechanics and the Design	
	of structures in Rock, John Wiley,	
	1907. 6 Bazant 7 D. Machanica of Gaomatarials Books, Concrete	
	and Soil John Wiley and Sons Chichester 1985	
	7. Wittke, W., Rock Mechanics, Theory and Applications	
	with case Histories, Springerverlag,	
	Berlin, 1990.	
	8. Waltham, T, Foundations of Engineering Geology,	
	Second Edition, Spon Press, Taylor & Francis Group,	
	London and New York, 2002.	
	9. T. Ramamurthy, Editor, Engineering in Rocks for	
	Slopes Foundations and Tunnels, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,	
	2007	
	CO1 To understand shout the transfer of a should be used it.	
	CO1 To understand about the types of rocks and its properties	
Course	CO2 10 know about the strength behavior of rocks	
Out	CO3 Able to understand the In-situ stresses in Rocks	
Comes	CO4 To Know about the slope stability and bearing capacity of	
	rocks	
	CO5 To understand the concepts of Rock reinforcements.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	2	1	1	1	2
CO 2	2	1	1	1	2
CO 3	2	1	1	1	2
CO 4	2	2	1	2	2
CO 5	2	1	1	1	2

Course Title	SOIL STRUCTURE INTERACTION										
Course Code	Category	Sem.	Credits	Hours			Theory		Practical		
				L	Т	Р	CF A	ESE	CF A	ESE	Total
18BCEU0XEX	PEC-CE	-	3	3	-	-	40	60	-	-	100
Cognitive Level	K-1: Recall the soil and foundation engineering definitions and derivations K-2: understand the different Infinite and finite beams on elastic foundations K-3: predict the deflection for laterally loaded piles										
Course Objectives	 The Course aims Focus is on idealization of soil response to closely represent continuum behavior and interaction analysis between the soil-structure with reference to relative stiffness of beams slabs and piles under different loading conditions. 										

Unit	Content	No.of Hours
Ι	SOIL RESPONSE MODELS OF INTERACTION ANALYSIS Introduction to soil – Foundation interaction problems, Soil behavior, Foundation behavior, Interface behavior, soil- foundation interaction analysis, soil response models, Elastic continuum, Winkler, Two parameter elastic models, Elastic – plastic behavior, Time dependent behavior.	9
Π	INFINITE AND FINITE BEAMS ON ELASTIC FOUNDATIONS Infinite beam, General solution of the elastic line – concentrated and distributed loads on beams – Idealization of semi-infinite and finite beams. Classification of finite beams, different end conditions and loads – solutions by general method, finite difference and application packages.	9
III	PLATE ON ELASTIC MEDIUM Infinite plate, elastic continuum, Winkler, Two parameters, Thin and thick plates, Analysis of finite plates, rectangular and circular plates, simple solution, ACI method, Numerical analysis of finite plates, Analysis of highway and airfield pavements – Application packages.	9
IV	ANALYSIS OF PILE AND PILE GROUPS Elastic analysis of single pile – Methods of analysis for settlement of pile – Solutions for settlement and load distribution in pile – Pile tip load – settlement of pile groups – Analysis – Interaction between piles – end bearing and floating piles – Effect of pile cap – Piled raft – Application packages.	9
V	LATERALLY LOADED PILE Load - deflection prediction for laterally loaded piles, subgrade reaction and elastic analysis. Interaction analysis, pile raft	9

	system, solutions through influence charts and Application packages.	
References	 REFERENCE Salgado, R., "The Engineering of Foundations", Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi, 2011. Murthy, V.N.S., "Advanced Foundation Engineering", CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2007. Saran, S, "Analysis and Design of Substructures", Taylor & Francis Publishers, 2006 McCarthy, D.F. "Essentials of Soil Mechanics and Foundations", Basic Geotechnics, Sixth Edition, Prenticce Hall, 2002. Hemsley, J.A, "Elastic Analysis of Raft Foundations", Thomas Telford, 1998. ACI 336, "Suggested Analysis and Design Procedures for Combined Footings and Mats", American Concrete Institute, Dehit, 1988. Scott, R.F. "Foundation Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1981. Poulos, H.G., and Davis, E.H., "Pile Foundation Analysis and Design", John Wiley, 1980. Selvadurai, A.P.S., "Elastic Analysis of Soil Foundation Interaction", Elsevier 1979. Kurien, N.P., "Design of Foundation Systems: Principles and Practices Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 1999. 	
Course Out Comes	At the end of this course students will have the capacity CO1To Solve the Foundation interaction problems. CO2 To Provide the solutions of the elastic lines for infinite and finite beams with different Ends and loading conditions CO3To analyses the highway and airfield pavements. CO4 To analyses the pile and pile groups. CO5 to predict the deflection for latterly loaded piles.	

Course outcome	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4	PSO 5
CO 1	3	3	3	2	3
CO 2	3	3	3	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3
CO 5	3	3	3	3	3